

MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014



December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System Correctional Employees Retirement Fund St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Correctional Employees Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions, active members, terminated members, retirees, and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting and financial reporting purposes developed a recommended range of 6.99% to 7.92% for the assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Board of Directors December 12, 2014 Page 2

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Correctional Employees Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

Based on the current statutory contributions, the unfunded liability determined on an actuarial value of asset basis will not be eliminated if all actuarial assumptions are met.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAKA

Bonita J. Wurst, Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:sc

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Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

	Actuarial Va	luation as of
Contributions	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 352.92 (% of Payroll)	21.95%	20.70%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	26.43%	26.11%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(4.48)%	(5.41)%

The contribution deficiency decreased from (5.41)% of payroll to (4.48)% of payroll. The primary reasons for the decreased contribution deficiency are the recognition of investment gains from prior years in the actuarial value of assets and the increase in member and employer contributions. The 2014 required contribution reflects additional liability due to the assumption change that the post-retirement benefit increase rate will increase from 2.0% to 2.5% in 2034. A significant contribution deficiency remains.

Statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 24 years. Based on the current member and employer contribution rates, market value of assets, and other methods and assumptions described in this report, the unfunded liability will be eliminated in 47 years. Current contributions are not sufficient to cover interest on the unfunded liability, which will result in the unfunded liability growing in the short-term. On a market value of assets basis, contributions are deficient by 1.86% of payroll.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 18.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately 13.8% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.0%. This assumed rate is a prescribed assumption mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 was provided to MSRS in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	Actuarial Val	uation as of
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Contributions (% of Payroll)		
Statutory - Chapter 352	21.95%	20.70%
Required - Chapter 356	26.43%	26.11%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(4.48)%	(5.41)%
Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)		
Assets		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 790,304	\$ 701,091
- Current assets (MVA)	877,056	747,157
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current benefit obligations	\$ 1,067,323	\$ 977,652
- Funding ratio (AVA)	74.05%	71.71%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	82.17%	76.42%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 1,122,474	\$ 1,026,098
- Funding ratio (AVA)	70.41%	68.33%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	78.14%	72.82%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 1,227,802	\$ 1,083,641
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	1,376,360	1,256,425
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)	89.21%	86.25%
Participant Data		
Active members		
- Number	4,504	4,384
- Projected annual earnings (000s)	227,008	212,972
- Average projected annual earnings	50,401	48,579
- Average age	41.5	41.5
- Average service	8.7	8.8
Service retirements	2,075	1,920
Survivors	174	196
Disability retirements	268	258
Deferred retirements	1,232	1,196
Terminated other non-vested	384	413
Total	8,637	8,367

Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- Effective July 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio threshold, determined on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The methodology for valuing future post-retirement benefit increases was clarified in statutes, and the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year indefinitely to 2.0% per year through 2033 and 2.5% per year thereafter.
- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the
 post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an
 explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
- Member contribution rates increased from 8.60% to 9.10% of pay and employer contribution rates increased from 12.10% to 12.85% of pay effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes. The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$31.9 million and increase the required contribution by 0.7% of pay, as follows:

			Reflecting Plan and
	Before	Reflecting	Assumption
	Changes	Plan Changes	Changes
Normal Cost Rate, % of pay	15.4%	15.4%	16.1%
Amortization of UAAL*, % of pay	9.1%	9.1%	10.0%
Expenses (% of pay)	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Total Required Contribution, % of pay	24.8%	24.8%	26.4%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	72.5%	72.5%	70.4%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	89.8%	92.9%	89.2%
UAAL* (in millions)	\$300.3	\$300.3	\$332.2

^{*} Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients receive a future annual compounding 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio, determined on a market value of assets basis, reaches 90% (based on a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%.

To determine an assumption regarding a future change in the post-retirement benefit increase, we performed a projection of liabilities and assets based on the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns and liability discount rates of 8.00% through June 30, 2017; 8.50% thereafter:
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be 2.0% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and
- Current statutory contribution levels (i.e., not including potential contribution increases under the contribution stabilizer statutes).

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that this plan is expected to attain the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase in the year 2033, and that the plan would begin paying 2.5% benefit increases on January 1, 2034. This assumption is reflected in our calculations. This is only an assumption; actual timing will depend on actual experience.

Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- Plan assets presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- Development of costs shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- Actuarial basis describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- Additional Schedules includes a summary of funding progress over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

Plan Assets Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

	Market	t Value
Assets	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 24,460	\$ 20,772
Fixed income	204,488	171,241
Equity	647,977	554,719
Other*	94,843	72,738
Total cash, investments, and other assets	\$ 971,768	\$ 819,470
Amounts Receivable	1,607	1,346
Total Assets	\$ 973,375	\$ 820,816
Amounts Payable*	(96,319)	(73,659)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 877,056	\$ 747,157

^{*} Includes \$94,843 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$72,738 as of June 30, 2013.

Plan Assets

Reconciliation of Plan Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the prior two fiscal years.

Change in Assets		Market	t Valu	e
Year Ending	June	2014	Jun	e 30, 2013
1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year	\$	747,157	\$	659,523
2. Contributions				
a. Member		18,855		17,561
b. Employer		26,468		24,632
c. Other sources		0		0
d. Total contributions	\$	45,323	\$	42,193
3. Investment income				
a. Investment income/(loss)		138,740		94,414
b. Investment expenses		(1,217)		(1,022)
c. Net investment income/(loss)		137,523	,	93,392
4. Other		0		0
5. Total income: $(2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)$	\$	182,846	\$	135,585
6. Benefits Paid				
a. Annuity benefits		(50,842)		(46,226)
b. Refunds		(1,447)		(1,032)
c. Total benefits paid		(52,289)		(47,258)
7. Expenses				
a. Other		(1)		(1)
b. Administrative		(657)		(692)
c. Total expenses		(658)		(693)
8. Total disbursements: $(6.c.) + (7.c.)$		(52,947)		(47,951)
9. Fund balance at market value at end of year: $(1.) + (5.) + (8.)$	\$	877,056	\$	747,157
10. State Board of Investment calculated investment return		18.6%		14.2%

Plan Assets
Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)

			Ju	ne 30	, 2014	Ju	ne 30	, 2013
1. Market value of assets availab	le for	benefits		\$	877,056		\$	747,157
2. Determination of average balance								
a. Total assets available at beginni	ing of y	/ear			747,157			659,523
b. Total assets available at end of	year				877,056			747,157
c. Net investment income for fisca	ıl year				137,523			93,392
d. Average balance $[a. + b c.]$	/2				743,345			656,644
3. Expected return [8.0% x 2.d.]					59,468			52,532
4. Actual return					137,523			93,392
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) [4	3.]				78,055			40,860
6. Unrecognized asset returns								
	(Original	Unreco	gnize	ed Amount	Unreco	gnize	ed Amount
	A	Amount	%	Г	Oollar	%	Γ	Oollar
a. Year ended June 30, 2014	\$	78,055	80%	\$	62,445			N/A
b. Year ended June 30, 2013		40,860	60%		24,516	80%	\$	32,688
c. Year ended June 30, 2012		(38,907)	40%		(15,563)	60%		(23,344)
d. Year ended June 30, 2011		76,770	20%		15,354	40%		30,708
e. Year ended June 30, 2010		30,070			N/A	20%		6,014
f. Unrecognized return adjustm	ent			\$	86,752		\$	46,066
7. Actuarial value at end of year (1 6.j	f.)		\$	790,304		\$	701,091
8. Approximate return on actuarial va	alue of	assets durin	g fiscal		13.8%			6.4%
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to	mark	et value of a	ssets		0.90			0.94

Distribution of Active Members

				Years of	Service as	of June 3	0, 2014			
Age	<3*	3 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	Total
< 25	121	8								129
Avg. Earnings	30,629	38,660								31,127
25 20	202		0.0							= 20
25 - 29	392	67	80							539
Avg. Earnings	35,111	40,591	42,634							36,909
30 - 34	240	104	377	50						771
Avg. Earnings	35,747	42,580	45,295	49,877						42,254
35 - 39	131	50	266	147	15					609
Avg. Earnings	36,478	44,520	46,526	53,200	59,222					46,123
11,8, 2,,,,,,,,,	20,.70	,e = 0	.0,020	22,200	65,222					10,220
40 - 44	100	29	198	154	120	10	1			612
Avg. Earnings	39,180	43,373	48,134	52,591	60,290	60,270	73,496			50,190
45 - 49	94	40	131	127	131	92	12			627
Avg. Earnings	40,862	43,537	49,640	52,523	60,652	62,968	69,756			53,160
			4=0							
50 - 54	86	27	178	118	105	92	71	20		697
Avg. Earnings	42,403	51,091	53,005	54,929	60,511	61,458	66,082	70,277		56,023
55 - 59	35	27	119	63	61	33	13	13	2	366
Avg. Earnings	48,787	52,841	54,081	57,039	59,555	59,826	63,936	65,921	54,844	56,197
60 - 64	17	8	41	27	21	9	2	3		128
Avg. Earnings	43,399	43,608	55,690	60,180	55,701	63,498	70,477	64,606		55,240
Avg. Earnings	73,377	43,000	33,070	00,100	33,701	03,470	70,477	04,000		33,240
65 - 69	5	1	7	7	2			1		23
Avg. Earnings	35,573	130,805	58,442	62,861	104,340			61,191		62,072
70+		1	1	1						3
Avg. Earnings		14,775	59,346	67,530						47,217
										· ·
Total	1,221	362	1,398	694	455	236	99	37	2	4,504
Avg. Earnings	36,737	44,152	48,296	53,733	60,293	61,846	66,410	68,041	54,844	48,153

^{*} This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

Distribution of Service Retirements

_	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014								
Age	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total	
< 50		4						4	
Avg. Benefit		5,400						5,400	
11vg. Benefit		3,100						2,100	
50 - 54	24	53	3	1				81	
Avg. Benefit	23,071	17,268	5,371	5,418				18,400	
55 - 59	77	305	48		1			431	
Avg. Benefit	24,005	24,873	25,902		39,068			24,866	
	•			4.0					
60 - 64	36	162	327	49				574	
Avg. Benefit	18,276	18,869	22,613	22,725				21,294	
65 - 69	7	93	96	299	12			507	
Avg. Benefit	9,959	9,284	15,364	18,100	22,461			15,955	
Avg. Denem	9,939	9,204	13,304	16,100	22,401			13,933	
70 - 74	2	18	48	59	104	1		232	
Avg. Benefit	3,595	10,160	11,238	15,313	25,192	29,228		18,457	
C	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	
75 - 79	1	2	10	33	44	44		134	
Avg. Benefit	8,737	27,536	10,847	17,282	24,098	29,262		23,063	
80 - 84				5	12	15	34	66	
Avg. Benefit				9,014	21,811	32,255	24,664	24,685	
0.700					4		10	.=	
85 - 89					1	8	18	27	
Avg. Benefit					27,565	12,948	31,037	25,549	
90+							19	19	
Avg. Benefit							26,949	26,949	
11.g. Benefit							20,212	-0,2 :2	
Total	147	637	532	446	174	68	71	2,075	
Avg. Benefit	21,399	19,908	20,257	18,048	24,587	28,002	26,891	20,600	

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

Distribution of Survivors

			Years Sin	ce Death	as of June	30, 2014		
Age	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total
<45	4	7	1	1				13
		9,043	287	7,320				10,326
45 40								
45 - 49	2	3	3	1				9
Avg. Benefit	22,969	8,875	8,154	16,512				12,615
50 - 54		1	2					3
Avg. Benefit		5,573	8,990					7,851
55 - 59	2	8	8	6	3			27
Avg. Benefit		18,912		8,824				15,153
Avg. Denem	21,230	10,912	10,031	0,024	11,363			13,133
60 - 64	3	7	7	9	2	1		29
Avg. Benefit	25,434	16,649	9,430	14,732	2,858	9,426		14,020
C								
65 - 69	3	7	10	10	7			37
Avg. Benefit	17,634	17,873	15,769	11,887	15,696			15,255
70 74		7	4	2	2	1	1	15
70 - 74		7	4	2	2	1	1	17
Avg. Benefit		17,889	14,112	8,113	14,211	9,743	6,654	14,277
75 - 79	1	1	5	3	7			17
Avg. Benefit			25,724					19,214
C	,	,	,	,	,			,
80 - 84		6	1	1	1	1	1	11
Avg. Benefit		20,344	37,150	24,808	8,477	13,513	6,717	19,339
85 - 89	1	2	2	2	1			8
Avg. Benefit	18,085	12,426	11,339	14,283	28,557			15,342
00 :		1			1		1	2
90+		1 797			1 741		1	3 5 864
Avg. Benefit		11,787			1,741		4,064	5,864
Total	16	50	43	35	24	3	3	174
Avg. Benefit		15,722	14,874	13,343	13,640	10,894	5,812	14,793

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

Distribution of Disability Retirements

			Years 1	Disabled a	s of June	30, 2014		
Age	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total
< 45	1	17	6	7				31
Avg. Benefit	14,507	16,094	14,649	18,113				16,219
45 - 49	6	8	8	10	1			33
Avg. Benefit	14,911	17,297	17,059	18,540	30,198			17,573
50 - 54	4	13	15	9	5			46
Avg. Benefit	13,843	22,942	17,769	19,483	29,768			20,529
55 - 59	2	21	16	17	6	2		64
Avg. Benefit	13,572	17,588	18,584	23,478	27,662	25,058		20,454
60 - 64	3	9	13	20	9	1		55
Avg. Benefit	17,784	17,511	17,214	20,261	23,978	29,059		19,724
65 - 69		6	3	9	7	1		26
Avg. Benefit		17,750	19,201	15,274	17,929	22,599		17,295
70 - 74			3	4	2			9
Avg. Benefit			19,210	28,456	27,682			25,202
75+				1		2	1	4
Avg. Benefit				20,088		20,564	25,255	21,618
Total	16	74	64	77	30	6	1	268
Avg. Benefit		18,158		20,302	24,723		25,255	19,343

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

Reconciliation of Members

	_	Terminated Recipients					
		Deferred	Other Non-	Service	Disability		
	Actives	Retirement	Vested	Retirement	Retirement	Survivor	Total
Members on 7/1/2013	4,384	1,196	413	1,920	258	196	8,367
New members	510	0	0	0	0	0	510
Return to active	32	(20)	(12)	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	(99)	0	99	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(115)	(27)	0	142	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(105)	105	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	(77)	(18)	(144)	0	0	0	(239)
Deaths	(9)	(2)	0	(21)	(3)	(2)	(37)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	19	19
Disabled	(12)	0	0	0	12	0	0
Unexpected status changes	(5)	(2)	28	34	1	(39)	17
Net change	120	36	(29)	155	10	(22)	270
Members on 6/30/2014	4,504	1,232	384	2,075	268	174	8,637

	Deferred	Other Non-	
Terminated Member Statistics	Retirement	Vested	Total
Number	1,232	384	1,616
Average age	45.3	37.2	43.4
Average service	5.7	0.9	4.6
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal			
Retirement Date and 30% CSA load	\$ 11,548	N/A	\$11,548
Average refund value, with 30% CSA load	\$ 28,300	\$ 4,405	\$22,622

Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (Dollars in Thousands)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 21.95% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

				June	30, 2014
A. Actuarial Value of Assets				\$	790,304
B. Expected Future Assets					
Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contribution	ıs			\$	183,612
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions					253,886
3. Total expected future assets: $(1.) + (2.)$					437,498
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets				\$	1,227,802
D. Current Benefit Obligations*					
1. Benefit recipients	Non-	Vested	 Vested		Fotal
a. Service retirements	\$	0	\$ 459,868	\$	459,868
b. Disability retirements		0	56,434		56,434
c. Survivors		0	26,747		26,747
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation		0	104,863		104,863
3. Former members without vested rights**		902	0		902
4. Active members		14,167	404,342		418,509
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$	15,069	\$ 1,052,254	\$	1,067,323
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations				\$	309,037
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations***				\$	1,376,360
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: $(D.5.)$ - $(A.)$				\$	277,019
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: $(F.)$ - $(C.)$				\$	148,558
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)					74.05%
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)					89.21%

Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

^{**} Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date.

^{***} Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).

Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits		Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 607,525	\$ 172,374	\$ 435,151
b. Disability benefits	57,479	32,756	24,723
c. Survivor's benefits	8,212	2,816	5,396
d. Deferred retirements	51,829	36,908	14,921
e. Refunds*	2,501	9,032	(6,531)
f. Total	\$ 727,546	\$ 253,886	\$ 473,660
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	104,863	0	104,863
3. Former members without vested rights	902	0	902
4. Benefit recipients	543,049	0	543,049
5. Total	\$1,376,360	\$ 253,886	\$ 1,122,474
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 1,122,474
2. Current assets (AVA)			790,304
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 332,170
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate** 1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization			
date of June 30, 2038			\$ 3,314,292
2. Supplemental contribution rate: $(B.3.)/(C.1.)$			10.02% ***

^{*} Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

^{**} The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

^{***} The amortization factor as of July 1, 2014 is 14.59989.

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)

	Year Ending June 30, 2014			1		
		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Curr	ent Assets		nded Actuarial rued Liability
A. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year	\$	1,026,098	\$	701,091	\$	325,007
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding						
1. Normal cost, including expenses	\$	33,880	\$	0	\$	33,880
2. Benefit payments		(52,289)		(52,289)		0
3. Contributions		0		45,323		(45,323)
4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.3.		85,317		55,809		29,508
5. Total $(B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.)$		66,908		48,843		18,065
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A . +	B.5	5.)			\$	343,072
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of exp from expected	erie	ence deviations	S			
Age and Service retirements					\$	13
2. Disability retirements						(750)
3. Death-in-Service benefits						(105)
4. Withdrawals						(1,472)
5. Salary increases						1,933
6. Investment income						(40,370)
7. Mortality of annuitants						1,505
8. Other items						(3,532)
9. Total					•	(42,778)
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan am changes in actuarial assumptions $(C. + D.9.)$	end	ments and			\$	300,294
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in pl	lan _I	provisions				0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in ac assumptions	ctua	rial				31,876
-						0
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in ac	ctua	rıal methods				0
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year $(E. + F. + G.$	+ <i>F</i> .	H.)*			\$	332,170

* The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$245,418.

Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (Dollars in Thousands)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	Percent of	D	ollar
	Payroll	Aı	nount
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 352			
1. Employee contributions	9.10%	\$	20,658
2. Employer contributions	12.85%		29,171
3. Total	21.95%	\$	49,829
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356			
1. Normal cost			
a. Retirement benefits	11.17%	\$	25,356
b. Disability benefits	2.23%		5,062
c. Survivors	0.18%		409
d. Deferred retirement benefits	1.97%		4,472
e. Refunds*	0.55%		1,249
f. Total	16.10%	\$	36,548
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded			
Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2038	10.02%	\$	22,746
3. Allowance for expenses	0.31%		704
4. Total	26.43% **	\$	59,998
C. Contribution sufficiency/(deficiency) (A.3 B.4.)	(4.48%)	\$	(10,169)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$227,008.

^{*} Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

^{**} The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 23.81% of payroll.

Actuarial Methods

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial accrued liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology is applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

- 1. The present value of projected benefits is calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
- 2. An equivalent single interest rate that produces approximately the same present value of projected benefits is determined.
- 3. The equivalent single interest rate is used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation is 8.41% (8.39% last year).

Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio threshold, and the expected reversion to a 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

Actuarial Methods (Concluded)

Funding Objective

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

Decrement Timing

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

Asset Valuation Method

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year;
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2038 assuming payroll increases of 3.75% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates:		
	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017	8.00% per annum	
	July 1, 2017 and later	8.50% per annum	
Benefit increases after	2.00% per annum through 2033 a	nd 2.5% per annum thereafter.	
retirement			
Salary increases		increased according to the rate table, to current	
	•	future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized	
	for members with less than one ye	ar of service.	
Payroll growth	3.75% per year.		
Inflation	3.00% per year.		
Mortality rates			
Healthy Pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generation improvement scale AA, white col	al mortality table projected with mortality lar adjustment.	
Healthy Post-retirement		al mortality table projected with mortality ollar adjustment, set forward one year for males	
	(SOA) contains mortality rates for contains mortality rates for age mortality table for active member	y table as published by the Society of Actuaries or ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table is 50 to 120. We have applied the annuitant is beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age for annuitants younger than age 50.	
Disabled	RP-2000 disabled mortality table.		
Retirement	related rates shown in the rate assumed retirement age are assum		
Withdrawal	Select and Ultimate rates based o	n actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third	
	year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are:		
	<u>Year</u> <u>Selection</u>	t Withdrawal Rates	
	1	20%	
	2	15%	
	2 3	8%	

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences are assumed to be duty-related.
Allowance for combined service annuity	Liabilities for former members are increased by 30.00% to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.
Refund of contributions	Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit.
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55.
Percentage married	85% of active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status.
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses.
Form of payment	Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows:
	Males: 10% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 10% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 40% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option 10% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 10% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 30% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option
	Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option.
	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to elect a straight life annuity, except that current terminated deferred members who terminated prior to July 1, 1997 are assumed to receive the Level Social Security option to age 62.
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members

To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by MSRS. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

Data for active members:

There were 11 members reported with zero or invalid salary. We used prior year salary (11 members).

There were no members reported with missing service.

There were no members reported with missing or invalid gender or birth dates.

Data for terminated members:

There were 54 members reported without a benefit. If available, we calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary, Credited Service and Termination Date provided. If Average Salary was not reported (26 members), we assumed a value of \$30,000. If Credited Service was not reported (3 members), we assumed a value of 7.5 years. There were no members reported without a Termination Date.

There were 66 members who terminated after June 30, 1997 and who were reported with a benefit in the Accelerated to Age 62 option. Based on direction from MSRS, we adjusted benefits for these members to reflect the assumed life annuity election.

There were no members reported with missing or invalid gender or birth dates.

Data for members receiving benefits:

There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates. There were 5 members reported with an invalid gender. We assumed male gender for the valuation.

There were retired members reported with a survivor option and an invalid or missing survivor gender (379 members) and/or survivor date of birth (322 members). We used the valuation assumptions if the survivor gender or date of birth was missing or invalid.

There were 2 members reported without a benefit. Due to the small number of members with missing benefits, we made no adjustment to the reported data for members receiving benefits.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	Data for members receiving benefits: There were 19 retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death. We assumed no benefit was payable to the survivor, and the member benefit already reflected the increase to the life annuity value (i.e. "bounce back"), if applicable.
	There were 44 retirees reported with a bounce back annuity but were not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80, 0.85 and 0.90 was assumed for the 100%, 75% and 50% joint and survivor annuity, respectively.
	There was 1 retired member with an accelerated benefit election and an invalid end date. We assumed the benefit ends on the member's 62 nd birthday.
	There were no survivors reported on the data file with an expired benefit.
	At MSRS' direction, we changed the status of 40 members who were reported with a disabled status at the beginning of the year and a retired status at the end of the year back to disabled status.
Changes in actuarial assumptions	Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
	The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year to 2.0% per year through 2033 and 2.5% per year thereafter. See page 4 for additional detail about this assumption.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Rate	(%)	1

	Hea	·		•		ility
	Post-Retireme					Mortality
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	2.26%	0.75%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	2.26	0.75
30	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.03	2.26	0.75
35	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.05	2.26	0.75
40	0.10	0.06	0.09	0.06	2.26	0.75
45	0.15	0.09	0.13	0.10	2.26	0.75
50	0.60	0.15	0.20	0.16	2.90	1.15
55	0.54	0.32	0.27	0.24	3.54	1.65
60	0.73	0.51	0.43	0.38	4.20	2.18
65	1.30	0.82	0.67	0.59	5.02	2.80
70	2.14	1.37	0.98	0.88	6.26	3.76

^{*} Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

^{**} These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Withdrawal Rates

	After Third Year		Disability R	Retirement
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	13.20%	8.80%	0.05%	0.05%
25	8.10	7.80	0.08	0.08
30	5.00	7.45	0.11	0.11
35	3.45	7.10	0.15	0.15
40	2.55	5.70	0.24	0.24
45	1.95	3.50	0.39	0.39
50	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.67
55	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.17
60	0.00	0.00	1.88	1.88
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

		Salary Scale					
Age	Percent Retiring	Year	Increase				
50	5%	1	6.00%				
51	3	2	5.85				
52	3	3	5.70				
53	3	4	5.55				
54	5	5	5.40				
55	55	6	5.25				
56	12	7	5.10				
57	12	8	4.95				
58	10	9	4.80				
59	10	10	4.65				
60	10	11	4.55				
61	10	12	4.45				
62	30	13	4.35				
63	30	14	4.25				
64	30	15	4.15				
65	50	16	4.05				
66	50	. 17	3.95				
67	50	18	3.85				
68	50	19+	3.75				
69	50						
70+	100						

Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30								
Eligibility	¥ •	State employees in covered correctional service. Certain state employees with 75 percent working time spent in direct contact with inmates or patients are also							
Contributions	Shown as a percent of salar	Shown as a percent of salary:							
Effective date	<u>Member</u>	Employer							
July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014	8.60%	12.10%							
July 1, 2014*	9.10%	12.85%							
	Member contributions are Revenue Code 414(h).	e "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal							
	*Increase is effective the first	*Increase is effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.							
Allowable service	Service during which men	nber contributions were made. May also include certain ary service and periods while temporary Worker's							
Salary	C .	nces and fees. Excludes lump sum payments of salary while receiving Worker's Compensation							
Average salary	Average of the five highes all Allowable Service if les	t successive years of Salary. Average Salary is based on s than five years.							
Vesting	Hired before July 1, 2010: Hired after June 30, 2010:	100% vested after 3 years of Allowable Service. 50% vested after 5 years of Allowable Service; 60% vested after 6 years of Allowable Service; 70% vested after 7 years of Allowable Service; 80% vested after 8 years of Allowable Service; 90% vested after 9 years of Allowable Service; 100% vested after 10 years of Allowable Service.							
Retirement		·							
Normal retirement bene		tionate Retirement Annuity is available at age 65 and one							

Normal retirement benefit Age/Service requirement	Age 55 and vested. Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.
Amount	2.40% (2.20% if first hired after June 30, 2010) of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service, pro-rata for completed months.
Early retirement Age/Service requirement	Age 50 and vested.
Amount	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date reduced by 2/10% (5/12% if first hired after June 30, 2010 or if hired before July 1, 2010 and retire after June 30, 2015) per month for each month that the member is under age 55.

Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

Retirement (Continued)

Form of payment Life annuity.

Actuarially equivalent options are:

50%, 75%, or 100% Joint and Survivor, or 15-year certain. If a Joint and Survivor benefit is elected and the beneficiary predeceases the annuitant, the annuitant's benefit increases to the Life Annuity amount. This "bounce back" is subsidized by the plan.

subsidized by the plan.

Benefit increases Since 2011, benefit recipients have received annual 2.0% benefit increases. If the

accrued liability funding ratio reaches 90% (actuarial accrued liability ratio on a Market Value of Assets basis) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the

January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

Disability

Duty Disability

Age/Service requirement Physically or mentally unable to perform normal job duties as a direct result of a

disability relating to an incident while performing the duties of the job which present inherent dangers to the employee. Members who become disabled after June 30, 2009 will have disability benefits converted to retirement benefits at age

55 instead of age 65.

Amount 50.00% of Average Salary plus 2.40% (2.20% if first hired after June 30, 2010) of

Average Salary for each year in excess of 20 years and 10 months of Allowable

Service (pro rata for completed months).

Payment begins at disability and ends at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009) or the five-year anniversary of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is later. Payments stop earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed

current salary of position held at time of disability.

Member is reclassified from disabled to retired at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009). Optional amount continues. Otherwise, normal retirement benefit

equal to the disability benefit paid, or an actuarially equivalent option.

Regular Disability

Age/Service requirement At least one year of covered Correctional service for employees hired before July

1, 2009, or a vested Correctional employee hired after June 30, 2009, and the employee is determined to have a regular disability not related to an incident

while performing the duties of the job.

Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

Disability (Continued)

Amount

Normal retirement benefit based on covered Correctional Service (minimum of 15 years if hired prior to July 1, 2009) and Average Salary at disability.

Payment begins at disability and ends at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009) or the five-year anniversary of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is later. Payments stop earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability. Member is reclassified from disabled to retired at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009). Optional amount continues. Otherwise, normal retirement benefit equal to the disability benefit paid, or an actuarially equivalent option.

Benefit Increases

Same as for retirement.

Death

Surviving spouse benefit

Age/Service requirement

Member at any age or former member age 50 or older who dies before retirement or disability benefit commences and was vested. If a former member dies before age 55 and has less than 30 years of Allowable Service, benefits commence when the former member would have been age 55. If an active member dies, benefits may commence immediately, regardless of age.

Amount

Surviving spouse receives the 100% joint and survivor benefits using the Normal Retirement formula above. If commencement is prior to age 55, the appropriate early retirement formula described above applies except that one-half the monthly reduction factor is used from age 50 to the commencement age and the Rule of 90 does not apply. In lieu of this benefit, the surviving spouse may elect a refund of member contributions with interest or an actuarially equivalent term certain annuity (lump sum payable to estate at death).

Benefit increases

Same as for retirement.

Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/service requirement

If no surviving spouse, all dependent children (biological or adopted) below age 20 who are dependent for more than half of their support on deceased member.

Amount

Actuarially equivalent to surviving spouse 100% joint and survivor annuity payable to the later of age 20 or five years. The amount is to be proportionally

divided among surviving children.

Benefit increases

Same as for retirement.

Refund of contributions with

Age/service requirement

Active employee dies and survivor benefits are not payable or a former employee dies before annuity begins. If accumulated member contributions with interest exceed total payments to the surviving spouse and children, then the remainder is paid out.

Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

Dooth (Continued)								
Death (Continued) Amount	Member's contributions with 6.00% interest compounded daily until July 1, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.							
Termination								
Refund of contributions								
Age/Service requirement	Termination of state service.							
Amount	Member's contributions with 6.00% interest through June 30, 2011 compounded daily. Beginning July 1, 2011 a member's contributions increase at 4.00% interest compounded daily. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.							
Deferred benefit								
Age/service requirement	Partially or fully vested.							
Optional form conversion factors	Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage: (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1971; (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981; (c.) 3.00% thereafter (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) until January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 or January 1, 2012, whichever is earlier; (d.) 5.00% thereafter until the annuity begins (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006), but before January 1, 2012; and (e.) 2.00% from January 1, 2012 thereafter. Amount is payable at normal or early retirement. Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 mortality for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2027 using scale AA, set forward one year							
factors	for males and set back one year for females, blended 70% males, and 6.5% interest.							
Combined service annuity	 Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they: (a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement; (b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and (c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year. 							
	 Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following: (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement. (b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans. 							

Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

Contribution Stabilizer

The following is a summary of contribution stabilizer provisions in Minnesota Statute 352.045:

- If a contribution sufficiency of at least 1.0% has existed for two consecutive years, member contributions are decreased by at most 0.25% and employer contributions are decreased by at most 0.375% to a level that is necessary to maintain a 1.0% sufficiency. A contribution rate decrease under this section must not be made until at least two years have passed since fully implementing a previous decrease.
- If a contribution deficiency of at least 0.5% has existed for two consecutive years, the member and employer contribution rates are increased as follows:
 - o If the contribution deficiency is less than 2.0%, member contributions are increased 0.25% and employer contributions are increased by 0.375%.
 - o If the contribution deficiency is greater than 1.99% and less than 4.01%, member contributions are increased 0.50% and employer contributions are increased by 0.75%.
 - o If the contribution deficiency is greater than 4.0%, member contributions are increased by 0.75% and employer contributions are increased by 1.125%.

Changes in plan provisions

Member contribution rates increased from 8.60% to 9.10% of pay and employer contribution rates increased from 12.10% to 12.85% of pay effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.

The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.

Additional Schedules

Schedule of Funding Progress¹ (Dollars in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)	
7-1-1991	\$ 105,925	\$ 112,171	\$ 6,246	94.43%	\$	43,429	14.38 %	
7-1-1992	121,051	123,515	2,464	98.01		47,592	5.18	
7-1-1993	135,939	134,280	(1,659)	101.24		52,122	(3.18)	
7-1-1994	148,163	152,702	4,539	97.03		54,673	8.30	
7-1-1995	165,427	153,491	(11,936)	107.78		66,939	(17.83)	
7-1-1996	193,833	170,959	(22,874)	113.38		72,959	(31.35)	
7-1-1997	241,916	212,638	(29,278)	113.77		112,408	(26.05)	
7-1-1998	295,291	261,869	(33,422)	112.76		105,796	(31.59)	
7-1-1999	335,408	307,408	(28,000)	109.11		106,131	(26.38)	
7-1-2000	386,964	359,885	(27,079)	107.52		112,587	(24.05)	
7-1-2001	431,134	398,633	(32,501)	108.15		120,947	(26.87)	
7-1-2002	457,416	446,426	(10,990)	102.46		124,373	(8.84)	
7-1-2003	470,716	484,974	14,258	97.06		131,328	10.86	
7-1-2004	486,617	524,215	37,598	92.83		133,172	28.23	
7-1-2005	503,573	546,118	$42,545^{-2}$	92.21		132,335	32.15	
7-1-2006	535,357	647,480	112,123	82.68		145,879	76.86	
7-1-2007	559,852	708,292	148,440	79.04		167,727	88.50	
7-1-2008	572,719	760,363	187,644	75.32		194,391	96.53	
7-1-2009	590,399	821,250	230,851	71.89		193,445	119.34	
7-1-2010	603,863	851,086	247,223	70.95		192,450	128.46	
7-1-2011	637,027	907,012	269,985	70.23		197,702	136.56	
7-1-2012	663,713	968,166	304,453	68.55		$200,035^{-3}$	152.20	
7-1-2013	701,091	1,026,098	325,007	68.33		$204,198^{-3}$	159.16	
7-1-2014	790,304	1,122,474	332,170	70.41		$219,244^{-3}$	151.51	

¹ Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

² Provided by MSRS instead of prior actuary.

³ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 8.60%.

Additional Schedules

Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities¹ (Dollars in Thousands)

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	al Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member ontributions (c)	(Contr	Required ributions	E	Actual mployer ntributions (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	10.73%	\$ 43,429	\$ 2,128		\$	2,532	\$	2,731	107.86%
1992	10.82	47,592	2,332			2,817		2,955	104.90
1993	11.41	52,122	2,554			3,393		3,217	94.81
1994	10.97	54,673	2,679			3,319		3,355	101.08
1995	11.30	66,939	3,280			4,284		4,195	97.92
1996	11.11	72,959	3,575			4,531		4,559	100.62
1997	11.21	112,408	5,508			7,093		9,129	128.70
1998	12.49	105,796	5,954			7,260		8,146	112.20
1999	12.99	106,131	6,378			7,408		8,172	110.31
2000	13.66	112,587	6,526			8,853		8,984	101.48
2001	13.72	120,947	6,996			9,598		9,652	100.56
2002	13.81	124,373	7,207			9,969		9,925	99.56
2003	14.73	131,328	7,610			11,735		10,480	89.31
2004	15.83	133,172	7,748			13,333		10,627	79.71
2005	17.48	132,335	7,943			15,189		11,016	72.52
2006	17.71	145,879	8,964			16,871		12,152	72.03
2007	23.34	167,727	10,032			29,115		13,927	47.83
2008	24.44	194,391	12,775			34,734		18,623	53.62
2009	23.66	193,445	14,031			31,738		20,126	63.41
2010	24.85	192,450	15,267			32,557		21,988	67.54
2011	25.43	197,702	17,002			33,274		23,892	71.80
2012	26.00	200,035 2	17,203			34,806		24,188	69.49
2013	25.28	204,198 ²	17,561			34,060		24,632	72.32
2014	26.11	219,244 ²	18,855			38,390		26,468	68.95
2015	26.43	N/A	N/A			N/A		N/A	N/A

 $^{^1}$ Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail. 2 Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 8.60%.

Glossary of Terms

Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio

The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.

Accrued Liability Funding Ratio

The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Equivalent

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value (APV)

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Actuarial Valuation

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).

Actuarial Value of Assets

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

Glossary of Terms (Continued)

Amortization Method A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level

Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll

of all active members is assumed to increase.

Amortization Payment That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay

interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Amortization Period The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.

Annual Required The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists

of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

Augmentation Annual increases to deferred benefits.

Closed Amortization Period A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to

zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the

end of two years, etc.

Current Benefit Obligations The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on

current service and including future salary increases to retirement.

Employer Normal Cost The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal

to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

Expected Assets The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund

benefits for current members.

Experience Gain/Loss A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected

based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial

Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

GASB

Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27

These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.

GASB Statement No. 50

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.

GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68

Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting rules information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

Normal Cost

The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.

Projected Benefit Funding Ratio

The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.

Valuation Date

The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.