## CR $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gabriel Roeder Smith } \& \text { Company } \\ & \text { Consultants \& Actuaries }\end{aligned}$

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF MINNESOTA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN

December 3, 2014

Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota
Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan
St. Paul, Minnesota

## Dear Trustees of the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Plan only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Plan's funding progress and to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by PERA.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the Plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. PERA is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting purposes resulted in a recommended range of $7 \%$ to $8 \%$ for assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

## Trustees

December 3, 2014
Page 2

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.
Respectfully submitted,

## Guin BMmgs,

Brian B. Murphy, SS. EA, MAAA


Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA
BBM/BJW:bd

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## Summary of Valuation Results

## Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

|  | Actuarial Valuation as of |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Contributions | July 1, 2014 |  | July 1, 2013 |
| Statutory Contributions - Chapter 353E (\% of Payroll) |  | $14.58 \%$ |  | $14.58 \%$ |
| Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (\% of Payroll) |  | $13.49 \%$ |  | $14.32 \%$ |
| Sufficiency / (Deficiency) |  | $1.09 \%$ |  | $0.26 \%$ |

The contribution sufficiency increased from $0.26 \%$ of payroll to $1.09 \%$ of payroll. The primary reason for the increased contribution sufficiency is the better than expected investment return during the past fiscal year.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the Plan Assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately $18.4 \%$ for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately $13.0 \%$ for the plan year ending June 30,2014 as compared to the assumed rate of $8.0 \%$. The assumed rate is mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

|  | Actuarial Valuation as of |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | July 1, 2014 |  | July 1, 2013 |
| Contributions (\% of Payroll) |  |  |  |
| Statutory - Chapter 353E | $14.58 \%$ | $14.58 \%$ |  |
| Required - Chapter 356 | $13.49 \%$ | $14.32 \%$ |  |
| Sufficiency / (Deficiency) | $1.09 \%$ | $0.26 \%$ |  |

Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)
Assets

- Current assets (AVA)
\$ 410,489 \$ 346,778
- Current assets (MVA)

453,232
366,750
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio

- Current benefit obligations
\$ 386,664 \$ 344,438
- Funding ratio (AVA)
- Funding ratio (MVA)

Accrued Liability Funding Ratio

- Actuarial accrued liability
- Funding ratio (AVA)
- Funding ratio (MVA)

Projected Benefit Funding Ratio

- Current and expected future assets
\$ 620,398 \$ 551,071
- Current and expected future benefit obligations
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)

597,012 545,494
$103.92 \% \quad 101.02 \%$

## Participant Data

Active members

| - Number | 3,603 | 3,493 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| - Projected annual earnings (000s) | 182,353 | 174,707 |
| - Average projected annual earnings | 50,611 | 50,016 |
| - Average age | 40.3 | 40.6 |
| - Average service | 7.7 | 7.6 |
| Service retirements | 571 | 503 |
| Survivors | 36 | 31 |
| Disability retirements | 162 | 156 |
| Deferred retirements | 2,380 | 2,232 |
| Terminated other non-vested | 1,936 | 1,816 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 , 6 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 2 3 1}$ |

## Summary of Valuation Results

## Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- The interest rate assumption used to determine optional form conversion factors was changed from $6.00 \%$ to $6.50 \%$ (with a future effective date).
- The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in statutes.
- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the postretirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.
The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by $\$ 6.2$ million and increase the required contribution by $0.4 \%$ of pay, as follows:

|  | Before <br> Changes | Reflecting <br> Assumption <br> Changes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Normal Cost Rate, \% of Pay | $12.5 \%$ | $12.6 \%$ |
| Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability, |  |  |
| \% of pay | $0.5 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Expenses (\% of Pay) | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| Total Required Contribution, \% of Pay | $13.1 \%$ | $13.5 \%$ |
|  | $97.7 \%$ | $96.2 \%$ |
| Accrued Liability Funding Ratio | $105.3 \%$ | $103.9 \%$ |
| Projected Benefit Funding Ratio | $\$ 9.8$ | $\$ 16.0$ |

## Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients received a post-retirement benefit increase of $1.0 \%$ on January 1, 2013 and January 1, 2014. Because the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio (on a market value of assets basis) was at least $90 \%$ as of July 1, 2013 and July 1, 2014, the benefit increase will revert to $2.5 \%$ on January 1, 2015.

If, after reverting to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $80 \%$ for one year or less than $85 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.0 \%$.

In this valuation, we assumed all future postretirement benefit increases would equal $2.5 \%$.

## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- Plan assets presents information about the Plan's assets as reported by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- Membership data presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- Development of costs shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- Actuarial basis describes the Plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the Plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the Plan is ongoing.
- Additional schedules shows the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions.
- Glossary defines the terms used in this report.


## Plan Assets

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

| Assets in Trust | June 30, 2014 |  | June 30, 2013 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash, equivalents, short term securities | \$ | 12,591 | \$ | 10,314 |
| Fixed income |  | 105,666 |  | 84,021 |
| Equity |  | 277,713 |  | 219,130 |
| SBI Alternative |  | 57,118 |  | 53,048 |
| Other |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Total Assets in Trust | \$ | 453,088 | \$ | 366,513 |
| Assets Receivable |  | 400 |  | 461 |
| Amounts Payable |  | (256) |  | (224) |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits | \$ | 453,232 | \$ | 366,750 |

## Plan Assets

## Reconciliation of Plan Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Public Employees Retirement Association for the Plan's prior two fiscal years.

| Change in Assets |
| :--- |
| Year Ending |

1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year
2. Contributions
a. Member
b. Employer
c. Other sources
d. Total contributions

| Market Value |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | June 30, 2014 |  | June 30, 2013 |
|  | $\$ 366,750$ |  | $\$$ |
|  |  | 305,408 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 10,030 |  | 9,609 |  |
| 15,054 |  | 14,498 |  |
| 0 |  | 0 |  |
|  | 25,084 |  | 24,107 |

3. Investment income
a. Investment income/(loss)

| 70,079 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $(628)$ |  |
|  | 44,879 <br> $(501)$ |
| 44,378 |  |

4. Other
5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c. $)+(4$. $)$

|  | 0 |  | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{9 4 , 5 3 5}$ |  | $\mathbf{6 8 , 4 8 5}$ |

6. Benefits Paid
a. Annuity benefits
$(6,711)$
$(1,105)$

$(7,816)$$\quad$| $(5,757)$ |
| :--- |
|  |

7. Expenses
a. Other

|  | $(1)$ |  | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $(236)$ |  | $(209)$ |
|  | $(237)$ |  | $(209)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{( 8 , 0 5 3 )}$ |  | $\mathbf{( 7 , 1 4 3 )}$ |
| $\$$ | $\mathbf{4 5 3 , 2 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 6 , 7 5 0}$ |
|  | $18.4 \%$ |  | $14.0 \%$ |

## Plan Assets

## Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)



## Membership Data

## Distribution of Active Members

Years of Service as of June 30, 2014

| Age | <3* | 3-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<25$ | 214 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 215 |
| Avg. Earnings | 23,725 | 10,024 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,662 |
| 25-29 | 370 | 88 | 77 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 537 |
| Avg. Earnings | 30,997 | 43,232 | 47,584 | 44,269 |  |  |  |  |  | 35,430 |
| 30-34 | 197 | 64 | 289 | 46 |  |  |  |  |  | 596 |
| Avg. Earnings | 30,197 | 43,488 | 50,422 | 54,795 |  |  |  |  |  | 43,330 |
| 35-39 | 107 | 39 | 141 | 146 | 19 |  |  |  |  | 452 |
| Avg. Earnings | 31,658 | 40,862 | 51,637 | 57,642 | 60,154 |  |  |  |  | 48,275 |
| 40-44 | 72 | 34 | 128 | 173 | 70 |  |  |  |  | 477 |
| Avg. Earnings | 34,960 | 40,850 | 52,231 | 62,266 | 60,985 |  |  |  |  | 53,658 |
| 45-49 | 44 | 22 | 91 | 168 | 109 |  |  |  |  | 434 |
| Avg. Earnings | 30,028 | 43,910 | 54,831 | 60,155 | 68,115 |  |  |  |  | 57,160 |
| 50-54 | 33 | 21 | 75 | 150 | 141 |  |  |  |  | 420 |
| Avg. Earnings | 33,717 | 40,835 | 53,118 | 58,826 | 65,074 |  |  |  |  | 57,032 |
| 55-59 | 17 | 8 | 46 | 108 | 109 |  |  |  |  | 288 |
| Avg. Earnings | 25,212 | 39,717 | 49,736 | 60,092 | 66,287 |  |  |  |  | 58,157 |
| 60-64 | 3 | 4 | 33 | 47 | 61 |  |  |  |  | 148 |
| Avg. Earnings | 15,213 | 35,062 | 47,386 | 52,193 | 62,851 |  |  |  |  | 54,301 |
| 65-69 | 1 |  | 7 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| Avg. Earnings | 8,342 |  | 28,330 | 54,549 | 60,027 |  |  |  |  | 48,899 |
| 70+ | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Avg. Earnings | 5,029 |  | 38,253 | 56,611 | 62,119 |  |  |  |  | 28,678 |
| Total | 1,061 | 281 | 888 | 852 | 521 |  |  |  |  | 3,603 |
| Avg. Earnings | 29,530 | 42,212 | 50,973 | 59,069 | 64,863 |  |  |  |  | 47,898 |

[^0]In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Service Retirements

Years Retired as of June 30, 2014

| Age | Years Retired as of June 30, 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 | 10 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |
| Avg. Benefit | 9,615 | 7,687 |  |  |  |  |  | 8,702 |
| 55-59 | 18 | 55 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 81 |
| Avg. Benefit | 6,346 | 9,740 | 6,226 |  |  |  |  | 8,639 |
| 60-64 | 27 | 102 | 46 | 2 |  |  |  | 177 |
| Avg. Benefit | 11,843 | 10,416 | 6,644 | 3,822 |  |  |  | 9,579 |
| 65-69 | 13 | 73 | 67 | 24 |  |  |  | 177 |
| Avg. Benefit | 11,797 | 8,564 | 5,944 | 2,745 |  |  |  | 7,021 |
| 70-74 |  | 17 | 37 | 29 |  |  |  | 83 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 5,429 | 6,123 | 2,392 |  |  |  | 4,677 |
| 75-79 |  | 3 | 10 | 17 |  |  |  | 30 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 4,851 | 4,389 | 1,673 |  |  |  | 2,896 |
| 80-84 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  | 940 |  |  |  | 940 |

85-89
Avg. Benefit

90+
Avg. Benefit

| Total | 68 | 259 | 168 | 76 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 10,052 | $\mathbf{9 , 2 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 0 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 4}$ |

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Survivors

Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014

| Age | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <45 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 8 |
| Avg. Benefit | 7,158 | 6,110 | 5,205 | 213 |  |  |  | 5,165 |
| 45-49 | 1 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Avg. Benefit | 5,366 | 12,557 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,119 |
| 50-54 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Avg. Benefit | 16,182 | 6,821 | 2,286 |  |  |  |  | 8,430 |
| 55-59 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 3 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 22,840 | 6,760 | 1,014 |  |  |  | 10,205 |
| 60-64 |  | 4 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 8 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 6,544 | 6,641 | 1,217 |  |  |  | 5,915 |
| 65-69 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 5 |
| Avg. Benefit | 950 | 7,343 |  | 14,632 |  |  |  | 8,980 |
| 70-74 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 2,143 | 3,802 |  |  |  |  | 3,249 |
| 75-79 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Avg. Benefit | 976 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 976 |
| 80-84 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

85-89
Avg. Benefit

90+
Avg. Benefit

| Total | 5 | 16 | 10 | 5 | 36 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | $\mathbf{6 , 1 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 2 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 3 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 1 0 4}$ |

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Disability Retirements

| Age | Years Disabled as of June 30, 2014 * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<45$ |  | 13 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 17 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 12,795 | 13,046 |  |  |  |  | 12,854 |
| 45-49 |  | 6 | 7 | 1 |  |  |  | 14 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 17,442 | 21,142 | 25,134 |  |  |  | 19,841 |
| 50-54 |  | 12 | 7 | 3 |  |  |  | 22 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 11,077 | 15,739 | 24,081 |  |  |  | 14,334 |
| 55-59 |  | 9 | 16 | 8 |  |  |  | 33 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 16,096 | 17,891 | 21,886 |  |  |  | 18,370 |
| 60-64 |  | 10 | 15 | 7 |  |  |  | 32 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 13,048 | 16,941 | 13,637 |  |  |  | 15,002 |
| 65-69 | 11 | 14 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | 31 |
| Avg. Benefit | 20,082 | 16,866 | 10,732 | 13,600 |  |  |  | 17,097 |
| 70-74 |  | 4 | 7 |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 12,561 | 12,035 |  |  |  |  | 12,226 |
| 75+ |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  | 13,137 | 516 |  |  |  | 6,826 |
| Total | 11 | 68 | 60 | 23 |  |  |  | 162 |
| Avg. Benefit | 20,082 | 14,200 | 16,338 | 17,793 |  |  |  | 15,902 |

[^1]In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Reconciliation of Members

|  |  | Terminated |  | Recipients |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actives | Deferred Retirement | Other NonVested | Service Retirement | Disability Retirement | Survivor |  |
| Members on 7/1/2013 | 3,493 | 2,232 | 1,816 | 503 | 156 | 31 | 8,231 |
| New members | 497 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 497 |
| Return to active | 28 | (13) | (15) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated non-vested | (140) | 0 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Service retirements | (47) | (23) | 0 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated deferred | (174) | 174 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated refund/transfer | (47) | (43) | (28) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (118) |
| Deaths | (2) | (1) | (1) | (4) | (1) | 0 | (9) |
| New beneficiary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| Disabled | (5) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Data correction | 0 | 54 | 24 | 2 | 2 | (1) | 81 |
| Net change | 110 | 148 | 120 | 68 | 6 | 5 | 457 |
| Members on 6/30/2014 | 3,603 | 2,380 | 1,936 | 571 | 162 | 36 | 8,688 |


|  | Deferred <br> Tetirement |  | Other Non- <br> Vested |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total |  |  |  |
| Number | 2,380 | 1,936 | 4,316 |
| Average age | 40.8 | 38.2 | 39.6 |
| Average service | 3.3 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Retirement Date and 30\% CSA load | $\$ 5,062$ | N/A | $\$ 5,062$ |
| Average refund value, with 30\% CSA load | $\$ 9,296$ | $\$ 1,241$ | $\$ 5,683$ |

## Development of Costs

## Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (Dollars in Thousands)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the Plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B. 2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B. 1 is the present value of the total $14.58 \%$ statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated Plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.


* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).
** Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).


## Development of Costs

## Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits | Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs | Actuarial Accrued Liability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) |  |  |  |
| 1. Active members |  |  |  |
| a. Retirement annuities | \$ 351,383 | \$ 108,336 | \$ 243,047 |
| b. Disability benefits | 44,452 | 24,921 | 19,531 |
| c. Survivor's benefits | 6,423 | 2,361 | 4,062 |
| d. Deferred retirements | 38,764 | 28,750 | 10,014 |
| e. Refunds* | 1,717 | 6,136 | $(4,419)$ |
| f. Total | \$ 442,739 | \$ 170,504 | \$ 272,235 |
| 2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation | 67,457 | 0 | 67,457 |
| 3. Former members without vested rights | 1,178 | 0 | 1,178 |
| 4. Annuitants | 85,638 | 0 | 85,638 |
| 5. Total | \$ 597,012 | \$ 170,504 | \$ 426,508 |
| B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) |  |  |  |
| 1. Actuarial accrued liability |  |  | \$ 426,508 |
| 2. Current assets (AVA) |  |  | 410,489 |
| 3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability |  |  | \$ 16,019 |
| C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate |  |  |  |
| 1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2031 |  |  | \$2,153,292 |
| 2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.)/(C.1.) |  |  | 0.74\% ** |

* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.
** The amortization factor as of June 30, 2014 is 11.8084.


## Development of Costs

## Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)

Year Ending June 30, 2014

| Actuarial Accrued Liability | Current Assets | Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 381,179 | 346,778 | 34,401 |

B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding

1. Normal cost, including expenses ..... \$ 22,2502. Benefit payments $(7,816)$$(7,816)$$(7,816)$3. Contributions025,084\$ 22,25028,433$(25,084)$
32,664 4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.34,231
47,098
2. Total(B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.) 45,701 ..... 1,397
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.5.) ..... \$ 35,798
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviationsfrom expected1. Age and Service Retirements\$ $(1,178)$
3. Disability Retirements
4. Death-in-Service Benefits$(1,287)$4. Withdrawals\$ 149
5. Salary increases ..... $(4,304)$
6. Investment income$(18,010)$7. Mortality of annuitants8. Other items(59)$(1,228)$
7. Total$(25,955)$
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before Plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.5.) ..... \$ 9,843
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in Plan provisions ..... \$ 0G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarialassumptions
\$ 6,176
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in decrement timingand miscellaneous methodology\$ 0
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H. $)^{*}$ ..... \$ 16,019
[^2]
## Development of Costs

## Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (Dollars in Thousands)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

|  | Percent of Payroll | Dollar <br> Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 353E |  |  |  |
| 1. Employee contributions | 5.83\% | \$ | 10,631 |
| 2. Employer contributions | 8.75\% |  | 15,956 |
| 3. Total | 14.58\% | \$ | 26,587 |
| B. Required contributions - Chapter 356 |  |  |  |
| 1. Normal cost |  |  |  |
| a. Retirement benefits | 8.22\% | \$ | 14,990 |
| b. Disability benefits | 2.00\% |  | 3,647 |
| c. Survivors | 0.17\% |  | 310 |
| d. Deferred retirement benefits | 1.79\% |  | 3,264 |
| e. Refunds* | 0.43\% |  | 784 |
| f. Total | 12.61\% | \$ | 22,995 |
| 2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2031 | 0.74\% | \$ | 1,349 |
| 3. Allowance for expenses | 0.14\% | \$ | 255 |
| 4. Total | 13.49\% ** | \$ | 24,599 |
| C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.) | 1.09\% | \$ | 1,988 |

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: $\$ 182,353$.

[^3]
## Actuarial Basis

## Actuarial Methods

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the Board of Trustees. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

## Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

## Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology was applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

1. The present value of projected benefits was calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
2. An equivalent single interest rate that produced approximately the same present value of projected benefits was determined.
3. The equivalent single interest rate was used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation was $8.43 \%$ ( $8.41 \%$ last year).

## Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

If the Plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the $2.5 \%$ benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the Plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio threshold, and the expected reversion to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## Actuarial Basis

## Actuarial Methods (Concluded)

## Funding Objective

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

## Decrement Timing

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-year.

## Asset Valuation Method

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at $20 \%$ per year, and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.


## Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2031 assuming payroll increases of $3.75 \%$ per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

## Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the Plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the Board of Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.


## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| Disability | Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences are assumed to be duty-related. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Allowance for combined service annuity | Liabilities for former members are increased by $30.00 \%$ to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity. |
| Administrative expenses | Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll. |
| Refund of contributions | Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit. |
| Commencement of deferred benefits | Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55 . |
| Percentage married | $85 \%$ of active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status. |
| Age of spouse | Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses. For members in payment status, actual spouse date of birth is used, if provided. |
| Eligible children | Retiring members are assumed to have no dependent children. |
| Form of payment | Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows: |
|  | Males: $\quad 5 \%$ elect $25 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $10 \%$ elect 50\% Joint \& Survivor option $10 \%$ elect 75\% Joint \& Survivor option $35 \%$ elect $100 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option |
|  | Females: $\quad 5 \%$ elect $25 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $5 \%$ elect $50 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $5 \%$ elect $75 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $5 \%$ elect $100 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option |
|  | Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option. |
|  | Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to elect a straight life annuity. |
| Eligibility testing | Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service on the date the decrement is assumed to occur. |
| Decrement operation | Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility. |
| Service credit accruals | It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year. |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by members the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

Data for active members:
There were 45 members reported with zero salary. We used prior year salary (39 members), if available; otherwise high five salary with a $10 \%$ load to account for salary increases (four members). If neither prior year salary or high five salary was available, we assumed a value of $\$ 35,000$ (three members).

There were also 38 members reported without a gender and one member reported without a date of birth. We assumed a date of birth of July 1, 1974 and male gender.

## Data for terminated members:

We calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary and credited service. There were no members reported without Average Salary. If credited service was not reported ( 33 members), we used elapsed time from hire date to termination date ( 19 members), otherwise we assumed nine years of service ( 14 members). If termination date was not reported ( 15 members), we assumed the termination date was equal to the hire date plus credited service, otherwise the valuation date.

There were no members reported without a date of birth. There was one member reported without a gender; male was assumed.

## Data for retired members:

There were no members reported without a date of birth, gender or benefit.

Changes in actuarial assumptions

Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| Age | Rate (\%)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Healthy <br> Post-Retirement Mortality** |  | Healthy <br> Pre-Retirement Mortality** |  | Disability Mortality |  |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 0.03\% | 0.02\% | 0.03\% | 0.02\% | 2.26\% | 0.75\% |
| 25 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 30 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 35 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 40 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 45 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 50 | 0.60 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 2.90 | 1.15 |
| 55 | 0.54 | 0.35 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 3.54 | 1.65 |
| 60 | 0.66 | 0.56 | 0.43 | 0.38 | 4.20 | 2.18 |
| 65 | 1.16 | 0.91 | 0.67 | 0.59 | 5.02 | 2.80 |
| 70 | 1.93 | 1.52 | 0.98 | 0.88 | 6.26 | 3.76 |

* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.
** These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

| Age | Withdrawal Rates |  | Disability Retirement |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 14.70\% | 14.20\% | 0.04\% | 0.04\% |
| 25 | 14.70\% | 14.20\% | 0.06\% | 0.06\% |
| 30 | 9.10\% | 11.40\% | 0.10\% | 0.08\% |
| 35 | 6.00\% | 8.60\% | 0.18\% | 0.11\% |
| 40 | 4.40\% | 6.90\% | 0.23\% | 0.18\% |
| 45 | 3.40\% | 4.30\% | 0.34\% | 0.39\% |
| 50 | 2.40\% | 3.10\% | 0.55\% | 0.70\% |
| 55 | 1.40\% | 2.20\% | 0.88\% | 1.18\% |
| 60 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 1.41\% | 2.41\% |
| 65 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 1.67\% | 2.67\% |

## Actuarial Basis

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

| Age | Retirement | Salary Scale |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Age | Increase |
| 50 | 3\% | 20 | 9.00\% |
| 51 | 2 | 25 | 7.75 |
| 52 | 2 | 30 | 6.75 |
| 53 | 2 | 35 | 6.25 |
| 54 | 5 | 40 | 5.75 |
| 55 | 20 | 45 | 5.00 |
| 56 | 8 | 50 | 5.00 |
| 57 | 8 | 55 | 4.75 |
| 58 | 8 | 60 | 4.25 |
| 59 | 8 | 65 | 4.00 |
| 60 | 15 | 70+ | 4.00 |
| 61 | 15 |  |  |
| 62 | 30 |  |  |
| 63 | 30 |  |  |
| 64 | 30 |  |  |
| 65 | 40 |  |  |
| 66 | 40 |  |  |
| 67 | 40 |  |  |
| 68 | 40 |  |  |
| 69 | 40 |  |  |
| 70+ | 100 |  |  |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. PERA is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

| Plan year | July 1 through June 30. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligibility | Local government employees in covered correctional service for a county administered jail or correctional facility or in a regional correctional facility administered by multiple counties, who are directly responsible for security, custody and control of persons confined in jail or facility, who are expected to respond to incidents within the jail or facility, and who are not members of the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. |
| Contributions | Shown as a percent of salary: |
|  | Member $5.83 \%$ |
|  | Employer 8.75\% |
|  | Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h). |
| Allowable service | Local Government Correctional Service during which member contributions were made (effective July 1, 1999). May also include certain leaves of absence, military service and periods while temporary Worker's Compensation is paid. |
| Salary | Includes amounts deducted for deferred compensation or supplemental retirement plans, net income from fees and sick leave payments funded by the employer. Excludes unused annual leaves and sick leave payments, severance payments, Workers' Compensation benefits and employer-paid flexible spending accounts, cafeteria plans, healthcare expense accounts, day-care expenses, fringe benefits and the cost of insurance coverage. |
| Average salary | Average of the five highest successive years of salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years. |
| Vesting | Hired before July 1, 2010: $\quad 100 \%$ vested after 3 years of Allowable Service. Hired after June 30, 2010: $50 \%$ vested after 5 years of Allowable Service; $60 \%$ vested after 6 years of Allowable Service; $70 \%$ vested after 7 years of Allowable Service; $80 \%$ vested after 8 years of Allowable Service; $90 \%$ vested after 9 years of Allowable Service; and $100 \%$ vested after 10 years of Allowable Service. |

## Retirement

Normal retirement benefit
Age/service requirement
Age 55 and vested. Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.

Amount $\quad 1.9 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service, pro rata for completed months.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

## Retirement (Continued)

Early Retirement
Age/service requirement Age 50 and vested.
Amount Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date with actuarial reduction to commencement age assuming $3 \%$ augmentation to age 55 ( $2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30, 2006).

Form of payment

Benefit increases
Life annuity. Actuarially equivalent options are:
$25 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ Joint and Survivor. If a Joint and Survivor benefit is elected and the beneficiary predeceases the annuitant, the annuitant's benefit increases to the Life Annuity amount. This "bounce back" is subsidized by the plan.

Benefit recipients received a post-retirement benefit increase of $1.0 \%$ on January 1,2013 and January 1, 2014. If the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio (on a market value of assets basis) reaches $90 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to $2.5 \%$. If, after reverting to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $80 \%$ for one year or less than $85 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.0 \%$.
A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.

## Disability

## Duty Disability

Age/service requirement
Member who cannot perform his duties as a direct result of a disability relating to an act of duty specific to protecting the property and personal safety of others.

Amount $\quad 47.50 \%$ of Average Salary plus $1.90 \%$ of Average Salary for each year in excess of 25 years of Allowable Service (pro rata for completed months).

Payment begins at disability and ends at age 65 or earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability.

Regular Disability
Age/service requirement
At least one year of Allowable Service and a disability preventing member from performing normal duties that arise out of activities not related to covered employment or while at work, activities related to duties that do not present inherent dangers specific to occupation.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

| Disability (Continued) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount | Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service (minimum of 10 years) and Average Salary at disability. |
|  | Payment begins at disability and ends at age 65 or earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability. |
| Retirement benefit |  |
| Age/service requirement | Age 65 with continued disability. |
| Amount | Any optional annuity continues. Otherwise, the larger of the disability benefit paid before age 65 or the normal retirement benefit available at age 65 , or an actuarially equivalent optional annuity. |
| Form of payment | Same as for retirement. |
| Benefit increases | Same as for retirement. |
| Death |  |
| Surviving spouse benefit |  |
| Age/service requirement | Vested active member at any age or vested former member age 50 or older who dies before retirement or disability benefit commences. If an active member dies, benefits may commence immediately, regardless of age. |
| Amount | Surviving spouse receives the $100 \%$ joint and survivor benefit using the Normal Retirement formula above. If commencement is prior to age 55 , the appropriate early retirement formula described above applies except that one-half the monthly reduction factor is used from age 50 to the commencement age. In lieu of this benefit, the surviving spouse may elect a refund of contributions with interest or an actuarially equivalent term certain annuity (lump sum payable to estate at death). |
| Benefit increases | Same as for retirement. |

Surviving dependent children's benefit
Age/service requirement
If no surviving spouse, all dependent children (biological or adopted) below age 20 who are dependent for more than half of their support on deceased member.

Amount Actuarially equivalent to surviving spouse $100 \%$ joint and survivor annuity payable to the later of age 20 or five years. The amount is to be proportionally divided among surviving children.

## Refund of contributions

Age/service requirement Active employee dies and survivor benefits paid are less than member's contributions or a former employee dies before annuity begins.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

## Death (Continued) <br> Amount

If no survivor benefits are paid, the member's contributions with $6.00 \%$ interest until June 30, 2011; $4.00 \%$ interest thereafter. If survivor benefits are paid and accumulated contributions exceed total payments to the surviving spouse and children, then the remaining contributions are paid out.

## Termination

Refund of contributions
Age/service requirement Termination of local government service.
Amount If member terminated before July 1, 2011, member's contributions with $6.00 \%$ interest compounded annually until June 30, 2011; $4.00 \%$ interest thereafter. If member terminated after June 30, 2011, member's contributions credited with $4 \%$ interest compounded annually.

Deferred benefit
Age/service requirement
A deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund if vested.
Partially or fully vested.
Amount Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following percentage (augmentation), compounded annually, if termination of employment is prior to January 1, 2012:
(a.) $3.00 \%$ ( $2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30, 2006) until the earlier of January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 and January 1, 2012;
(b.) $5.00 \%(2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30,2006$)$ thereafter until the earlier of the date the annuity begins and January 1, 2012; and
(c.) $1.00 \%$ from January 1, 2012 thereafter.

If a member terminates employment after 2011, they are not eligible for augmentation.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.
Optional form conversion Actuarially equivalent factors based on the RP-2000 mortality table for healthy factors annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2026 using scale AA, no setbacks, blended $65 \%$ males and $6.0 \%$ interest. The interest rate assumption will change to $6.5 \%$ on the earlier of the effective date of the next mortality adjustment or July 1, 2017.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\hline \text { Combined service annuity } & \text { Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they: } \\
& \text { (a.) } \begin{array}{l}\text { Meet minimum retirement age for each plan participated in and total } \\
\text { public service meets the vesting requirements of each plan; } \\
\text { or }\end{array} \\
& \text { (b.) } \begin{array}{l}\text { Have three or more years of service under PERA and the covered fund(s) } \\
\text { (if hired prior to July 1, 2010). }\end{array}
$$ <br>
\& Other requirements for combined service include: <br>
(a.) Member must have at least six months of allowable service credit in each <br>

plan worked under; and\end{array}\right\}\)| (b.) Member may not be in receipt of a benefit from another plan. |
| :--- |
| Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the |
| following: |
| (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine |
| eligibility for early retirement. |

## Additional Schedules

## Schedule of Funding Progress ${ }^{1}$ (Dollars in Thousands)

| Actuarial <br> Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets <br> (a) | Actuarial <br> Accrued <br> Liability (AAL) <br> (b) | Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) <br> (b) - (a) | Funded Ratio (a)/(b) | Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c) | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll $[(\mathbf{b})-(\mathbf{a})] /(\mathbf{c})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7-1-2001 | \$ 25,014 | \$ 25,453 | \$ 439 | 98.28 \% | \$ 91,025 | 0.48 \% |
| 7-1-2002 | 40,105 | 42,144 | 2,039 | 95.16 | 101,309 | 2.01 |
| 7-1-2003 | 56,487 | 62,542 | 6,055 | 90.32 | 110,296 | 5.49 |
| 7-1-2004 | 75,515 | 85,693 | 10,178 | 88.12 | 109,600 | 9.29 |
| 7-1-2005 | 98,156 | 108,926 | 10,770 | 90.11 | 116,849 | 9.22 |
| 7-1-2006 | 125,776 | 133,306 | 7,530 | 94.35 | 125,189 | 6.01 |
| 7-1-2007 | 159,548 | 162,169 | 2,621 | 98.38 | 134,117 | 1.95 |
| 7-1-2008 | 192,937 | 192,572 | (365) | 100.19 | 154,202 | (0.24) |
| 7-1-2009 | 217,577 | 229,383 | 11,806 | 94.85 | 154,650 | 7.63 |
| 7-1-2010 | 242,019 | 248,867 | 6,848 | 97.25 | 154,777 | 4.42 |
| 7-1-2011 | 274,704 | 284,593 | 9,889 | 96.53 | 165,077 | 5.99 |
| 7-1-2012 | 306,454 | 343,199 | 36,745 | 89.29 | 164,340 | 22.36 |
| 7-1-2013 | 346,778 | 381,179 | 34,401 | 90.98 | 164,820 ${ }^{2}$ | 20.87 |
| 7-1-2014 | 410,489 | 426,508 | 16,019 | 96.24 | 172,041 | 9.31 |

[^4]
## Additional Schedules

## Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities ${ }^{1}$ (Dollars in Thousands)


${ }_{2}^{1}$ Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).
${ }^{3}$ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 5.83\%.

## Glossary of Terms

Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio<br>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio<br>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

Actuarial Assumptions

## Actuarial Cost Method

## Actuarial Equivalent

## Actuarial Present Value (APV)

## Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits

## Actuarial Valuation

Actuarial Value of Assets

The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.

The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB No. 25, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

Amortization Method<br>Amortization Payment<br>Amortization Period<br>Annual Required<br>Contribution (ARC)<br>Augmentation Closed Amortization Period

Current Benefit Obligations

Employer Normal Cost

Expected Assets

Experience Gain/Loss

A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.

That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB No. 25. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

Annual increases to deferred benefits.

A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.

The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.

The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

GASB
GASB No. 25 and
GASB No. 27

GASB No. 50

GASB No. 67 and
GASB No. 68

Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions.

Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25 and No. 27, respectively. Statement No. 68 , effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.

The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.

The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.

The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.


[^0]:    * This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA plans or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

[^1]:    * Based on effective date as provided by PERA, "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

[^2]:    * The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is $\$(26,724)$.

[^3]:    * Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.
    ** The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is $11.86 \%$ of payroll.

[^4]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.
    ${ }^{2}$ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 5.83\%.

