# Minnesota State Retirement System 

State Patrol Retirement Fund GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68
Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions June 30, 2017

Retirement
Consulting

December 1, 2017

Minnesota State Retirement System
State Patrol Retirement Fund
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

This report provides accounting and financial reporting information that is intended to comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 67 and No. 68 for the State Patrol Retirement Fund ("SPRF"), as amended by Statement No. 82. These calculations have been made on a basis that is consistent with our understanding of these accounting standards.

GASB Statement No. 67 is the accounting standard that applies to the financial reports issued by retirement systems. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes accounting and financial reporting for state and local government employers who provide their employees (including former employees) pension benefits through a trust. GASB Statement No. 82 is an amendment to Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, intended to improve consistency in the application of the accounting statements.

Our calculation of the liability associated with the benefits described in this report was performed for the purpose of providing financial reporting and disclosure information that satisfies the requirements of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The Net Pension Liability is not an appropriate measure for measuring the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the employer's benefit obligation. The Net Pension Liability is not an appropriate measure for assessing the need for or amount of future employer contributions. The calculation of the plan's liability for this report may not be applicable for purposes of funding the plan. A calculation of the plan's liability for purposes other than satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 and No. 68 may produce significantly different results. The information in this report is calculated on a total plan basis. MSRS is responsible for preparing the Schedule of Employer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, as applicable. This report may be provided to parties other than the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) only in its entirety and only with the permission of MSRS. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

This report is based upon information, furnished to us by MSRS, concerning retirement and ancillary benefits, active members, deferred vested members, retirees and beneficiaries, and financial data. If your understanding of this information is different, please let us know. This information was checked for internal consistency, but it was not audited.

Minnesota State Retirement System
State Patrol Retirement Fund
December 1, 2017
Page 2

This report complements the actuarial valuation report for funding purposes that was or will be provided to the System and should be considered in conjunction with that report. Please see the actuarial valuation report as of June 30, 2017 for additional discussion of the nature of actuarial calculations and more information related to participant data, economic and demographic assumptions, and benefit provisions.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained within this report is accurate and fairly represents the actuarial position of the State Patrol Retirement Fund as of the measurement date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices as well as with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,


Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA


Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA
BBM/BJW:ah

## Table of Contents

Page
Section A Executive Summary
Executive Summary ..... 1
Discussion ..... 2-5
Section B Financial Statements
Statement of Pension Expense Under GASB Statement No. 68 ..... 6
Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current Reporting Period ..... 7
Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current and Prior Reporting Periods ..... 8
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. ..... 9
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position ..... 10
Section C Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Current Period ..... 11
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Multiyear ..... 12
Schedule of Net Pension Liability Multiyear ..... 13
Schedule of Contributions Multiyear ..... 14
Notes to Schedule of Contributions ..... 14
Schedule of Investment Returns Multiyear ..... 15
Section D Additional Financial Statement Disclosures
16
Asset Allocation
17
Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption
18
GASB Statement No. 68 Reconciliation ..... 18
Summary of Population Statistics ..... 19
Section E Summary of Benefits
Summary of Plan Provisions20-25
Section F Actuarial Cost Method and Actuarial Assumptions
Actuarial Methods ..... 26
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions ..... 27-32
Section G Calculation of the Single Discount Rate
Calculation of the Single Discount Rate ..... 33
Projection of Contributions ..... 34-35
Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position ..... 36-37
Present Values of Projected Benefits ..... 38-39
Section H Glossary of Terms ..... 40-43

## Section A

## Executive Summary

## Executive Summary

as of June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands)

|  |  |  | 2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuarial Valuation Date |  |  | 30, 2017 |
| Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability |  |  | 30, 2017 |
| Membership |  |  |  |
| Number of |  |  |  |
| - Service Retirements |  |  | 847 |
| - Survivors |  |  | 148 |
| - Disability Retirements |  |  | 57 |
| - Deferred Retirements |  |  | 59 |
| - Terminated other non-vested |  |  | 28 |
| - Active Members |  |  | 902 |
| - Total |  |  | 2,041 |
| Covered-employee Payroll ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | \$ | 73,056 |
| Net Pension Liability |  |  |  |
| Total Pension Liability |  | \$ | 1,037,916 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  |  | 691,599 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | \$ | 346,317 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage |  |  |  |
| of Total Pension Liability |  |  | 66.63\% |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage |  |  |  |
| of Covered-employee Payroll |  |  | 474.04\% |
| Development of the Single Discount Rate |  |  |  |
| Single Discount Rate |  |  | 6.38\% |
| Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return |  |  | 7.50\% |
| Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | 3.56\% |
| Last year ending June 30 in the 2018 to 2117 projection period |  |  |  |
| for which projected benefit payments are fully funded |  |  | 2062 |
| Total Pension Expense / (Income) |  | \$ | 51,695 |
| Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source Arising from Current and Prior Periods to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses |  |  |  |
|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | ed Inflows esources |
| Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of Total Pension Liability | \$ |  | 25,178 |
| Changes in assumptions | 199,074 |  | 93,912 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings |  |  |  |
| Totals | \$ 239,261 | \$ | 169,022 |
| ${ }^{(1)}$ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by <br> (2) Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20-years to maturity municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year N See Section G for additional detail. | employee contribu hat include only fed unicipal GO AA Index |  | te. <br> tax-exempt <br> of June 30, |

## Discussion

## Accounting Standard

For pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, establishes standards of financial reporting for separately issued financial reports and specifies the required approach for measuring the pension liability. Similarly, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, establishes standards for state and local government employers (as well as non-employer contributing entities) to account for and disclose the net pension liability, pension expense, and other information associated with providing retirement benefits to their employees (and former employees) on their basic financial statements. GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, is an amendment to Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, intended to improve consistency in the application of the accounting standards.

The following discussion provides a summary of the information that is required to be disclosed under these accounting standards. A number of these disclosure items are provided in this report. However, certain information, such as notes regarding accounting policies and investments, is not included in this report and the retirement system and/or plan sponsor will be responsible for preparing and disclosing that information to comply with these accounting standards.

## Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires state and local governmental employers to recognize the net pension liability and the pension expense on their financial statements. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. In traditional actuarial terms, this is analogous to the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

Paragraph 57 of GASB Statement No. 68 states, "Contributions to the pension plan from the employer subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period should be reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions." The information contained in this report does not incorporate any contributions made to SPRF subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

The pension expense or income recognized each fiscal year is equal to the change in the net pension liability from the beginning of the year to the end of the year, adjusted for deferred recognition of the difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, assumption changes, and investment experience.

Pension plans that prepare their own, stand-alone financial statements are required to present two financial statements - a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position presents the assets and liabilities of the pension plan at the end of the pension plan's reporting period. The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the additions, such as contributions and investment income, and deductions, such as benefit payments and expenses, and net increase or decrease in the fiduciary net position.

## Notes to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the notes of the employer's financial statements to disclose the total pension expense, the pension plan's liabilities and assets, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions.

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 require the notes of the financial statements for the employers and pension plans to include certain descriptive information about the pension plans through which the pension benefits are provided. The list of disclosure items should include:

- a description of benefits provided by the plan;
- the classes of employees and number of members covered by the pension plan;
- a description of the plan's funding policy, which includes member and employer contribution requirements;
- the pension plan's investment policies;
- the pension plan's fiduciary net position, net pension liability, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability;
- the net pension liability using a discount rate that is $1 \%$ higher and $1 \%$ lower than the current discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability and net pension liability for financial reporting purposes;
- significant assumptions and methods used to calculate the total pension liability;
- inputs to the discount rates; and
- certain information about mortality assumptions and the dates of experience studies.

Retirement systems that issue stand-alone financial statements are required to disclose additional information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. This information includes:

- the composition of the pension plan's Board and the authority under which benefit terms may be amended;
- a description of how fair value is determined;
- information regarding certain reserves and investments, which include concentrations of investments greater than or equal to $5 \%$, receivables, and insurance contracts excluded from plan assets; and
- annual money-weighted rate of return.

MSRS' comprehensive annual financial report, which contains the basic financial statements and related note disclosures for the State Patrol Retirement Fund can be found online at www.msrs.state.mn.us/financial-information or obtained from MSRS at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 300, St. Paul, MN, 55103 or requested via email at info@msrs.us or telephone at 1-800-657-5757.

## Required Supplementary Information

GASB Statement No. 67 requires a 10-year fiscal history of:

- sources of changes in the net pension liability;
- information about the components of the net pension liability and related ratios, including the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability, and the net pension liability as a percent of covered-employee payroll; and
- a comparison of the actual employer contributions to the actuarially determined contributions based on the plan's funding policy.


## Measurement of the Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

## General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning $7.50 \%$ on the actuarial value of assets), then the following outcomes are expected:

1. The employer normal cost as a percentage of pay is expected to remain approximately level as a percentage of payroll.
2. The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities will increase and not be eliminated.
3. The funded status of the plan will decrease.
4. The plan may eventually become insolvent and unable to pay benefits.

The projections in this report are strictly for the purpose of determining the GASB single discount rate and are different from a funding projection for the ongoing plan.

## Limitations of Funded Status Measurements

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regard to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

1. The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations, in other words of transferring the obligations to an unrelated third party in an arm's length market value type transaction.
2. The measurement is dependent upon the actuarial cost method which, in combination with the plan's amortization policy, affects the timing and amounts of future contributions. The amounts of future contributions will most certainly differ from those assumed in this report due to future actual experience differing from assumed experience based upon the actuarial assumptions. A funded status measurement in this report of $100 \%$ is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were $100 \%$, the plan would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit).
3. The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets, unless the market value of assets is used in the measurement.

## Limitation of Project Scope

Actuarial standards do not require the actuary to evaluate the ability of the plan sponsor or other contributing entity to make required contributions to the plan when due. Such an evaluation was not within the scope of this project and is not within the actuary's domain of expertise. Consequently, the actuary performed no such evaluation.

## Timing of the Valuation

GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68 require that an actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability be performed at least every two years. The net pension liability and pension expense should be measured as of the pension plan's fiscal year end (measurement date) on a date that is within the employer's prior fiscal year. If the actuarial valuation used to determine the total pension liability is not calculated as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The total pension liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 and a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

## Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) taxexempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is $7.50 \%$; the municipal bond rate is $3.56 \%$ (based on Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30, 2017); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is $6.38 \%$. The long-term expected rate of return is based on reviews of inflation and investment assumptions, dated September 11, 2014 and September 11, 2017, and a recent asset liability study obtained by the Minnesota State Board of Investment.

## Section B

Financial Statements

## Statement of Pension Expense Under GASB Statement No. 68 Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands)

## A. Expense

1. Service Cost
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability
3. Current-Period Benefit Changes
4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here)
5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here)
6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense
7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position
8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the Total Pension Liability

Arising from Current Reporting Period
9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to assumption changes

Arising from Current Reporting Period
10. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to the difference between projected (7.50\%) and actual earnings on Pension Plan Investments

Arising from Current Reporting Period
11. Increases/(Decreases) from Experience in the Current Reporting Period
12. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the Total Pension Liability

Arising from Prior Reporting Periods
13. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to assumption changes

Arising from Prior Reporting Periods
14. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to the difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan Investments

Arising from Prior Reporting Periods
15. Total Pension Expense / (Income)
\$
29,758
58,865
$(10,520)$
$(46,069)$
208
-
(403)
$(18,782)$
$\$$
$(6,809)$

52,274

|  | 2,575 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$$ | 51,695 |

# Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current Reporting Period Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands) 

| A. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources due to Liabilities |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability (gains) or losses | \$ | $(2,418)$ |
| 2. Assumption Changes (gains) or losses |  | $(112,694)$ |
| 3. Recognition period for Liabilities: Average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees \{in years, rounded to the nearest whole number\} |  | 6 |
| 4. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for the difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability |  | (403) |
| 5. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for Assumption Changes |  | $(18,782)$ |
| 6. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Liabilities | \$ | $(19,185)$ |
| 7. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for the difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability | \$ | $(2,015)$ |
| 8. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for Assumption Changes |  | $(93,912)$ |
| 9. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses due to Liabilities | \$ | $(95,927)$ |
| B. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources due to Assets |  |  |
| 1. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments (gains) or losses | \$ | $(47,008)$ |
| 2. Recognition period for Assets \{in years\} |  | 5 |
| 3. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Assets |  | $(9,402)$ |
| 4. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses due to Assets | \$ | $(37,606)$ |

# Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current and Prior Reporting Periods Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands) 

A. Outflows and Inflows of Resources due to Liabilities and Assets to be Recognized in Current Pension Expense

```
1. Due to Liabilities
2. Due to Assets
3. Total
```

| Outflows of Resources |  | Inflows of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 52,274 | \$ | 25,994 |
|  | 14,901 |  | 21,728 |
| \$ | 67,175 | \$ | 47,722 |


| Net Outflows/(Inflows) <br> of Resources |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$$ | 26,280 |
|  | $(6,827)$ |
| $\$$ | 19,453 |

## B. Outflows and Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Current Pension Expense

|  | Outflows of Resources |  | Inflows of Resources |  | Net Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ |  | \$ | 7,212 | \$ | $(7,212)$ |
| 2. Assumption Changes |  | 52,274 |  | 18,782 |  | 33,492 |
| 3. Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments |  | 14,901 |  | 21,728 |  | $(6,827)$ |
| 4. Total | \$ | 67,175 | \$ | 47,722 | \$ | 19,453 |

C. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | Net Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ |  | \$ | 25,178 | \$ | $(25,178)$ |
| 2. Assumption Changes |  | 199,074 |  | 93,912 |  | 105,162 |
| 3. Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments* |  | 40,187 |  | 49,932 |  | $(9,745)$ |
| 4. Total | \$ | 239,261 | \$ | 169,022 | \$ | 70,239 |

D. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Year to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

| Year Ending June 30 | Net Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | \$ | 19,453 |
| 2019 |  | 31,777 |
| 2020 |  | 23,221 |
| 2021 |  | 14,973 |
| 2022 |  | $(19,185)$ |
| Thereafter |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 70,239 |

[^0]
# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands) 

| Assets | June 30, 2017 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash \& Short-term Investments | $\mathbf{\$}$ | 18,849 |
| Receivables | 1,391 |  |
| Investment Pools (at fair value) | 671,734 |  |
| Securities Lending Collateral |  | 71,169 |
| Capital Assets | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{7 6 3 , 1 4 3}$ |
| Total Assets |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | $\mathbf{\$}$ | - |
| Total Liabilities | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{( 7 1 , 5 4 4 )}$ |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | $\mathbf{\$}$ | - |
| Net Position Restricted for Pensions | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 1 , 5 9 9}$ |

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands)

1. Net Position at market value at beginning of year Additions
2. Contributions
a. Employee
b. Employer
c. Other sources - Supplemental State Aid
d. Total contributions
3. Investment income
a. Investment income/(loss)
b. Investment expenses
c. Net investment income/(loss)
4. Other Additions
5. Total Additions (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)

Deductions
6. Benefits Paid
a. Annuity benefits
b. Refunds
c. Total benefits paid
7. Expenses
a. Other deductions
b. Administrative
c. Total expenses
8. Total Deductions (6.c.) + (7.c.)
9. Net increase/(decrease) in fiduciary net position (5.) + (8.)
10. Net position at market value at end of year (1.) + (9.)
11. State Board of Investment calculated annual investment return for the State Patrol Retirement Fund*

* The fiscal year 2017 investment return for the Combined Funds is 15.1\%.


## Section C

## Required Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Current Period Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Dollars in Thousands) 

| A. Total pension liability |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Service Cost | \$ | 29,758 |
| 2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability |  | 58,865 |
| 3. Changes of benefit terms |  | - |
| 4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $(2,418)$ |
| 5. Changes of assumptions |  | $(112,694)$ |
| 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(58,565)$ |
| 7. Net change in total pension liability | \$ | $(85,054)$ |
| 8. Total pension liability - beginning |  | 1,122,970 |
| 9. Total pension liability - ending | \$ | 1,037,916 |
| B. Plan fiduciary net position |  |  |
| 1. Contributions - employer ${ }^{(2)}$ | \$ | 16,783 |
| 2. Contributions - employee |  | 10,520 |
| 3. Net investment income |  | 93,077 |
| 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(58,565)$ |
| 5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense |  | (208) |
| 6. Other changes |  | - |
| 7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position | \$ | 61,607 |
| 8. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning |  | 629,992 |
| 9. Plan fiduciary net position - ending | \$ | 691,599 |
| C. Net pension liability, A.9.-B.9. | \$ | 346,317 |
| D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage |  |  |
| of the total pension liability, B.9. / A.9. |  | 66.63\% |
| E. Covered-employee payroll ${ }^{(3)}$ | \$ | 73,056 |
| F. Net pension liability as a percentage |  |  |
| of covered-employee payroll, C. / E. |  | 474.04\% |

(1) Includes impact of changes in expected timing of future post-retirement benefit increases.
(2) Includes \$1 million supplemental state aid.
(3) Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by employee contribution rate.

## Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Multiyear (Dollars in Thousands)

## Last 10 Fiscal Years (which will be built prospectively)

Fiscal year ending June 30
Total Pension Liability
Service Cost
Interest on the Total Pension Liability
Benefit Changes
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience
Assumption Changes
Benefit Payments
Refunds
Net Change in Total Pension Liability
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position
Employer Contributions ${ }^{(1)}$
mployee Contributions
ension Plan Net Investment Income
Benefit Payments
efunds
Pension Plan Administrative Expense
Other
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentag
of Total Pension Liability
Covered-Employee Payroll ${ }^{(2)}$
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage
of Covered-Employee Payroll

| 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



Notes to Schedule

1) Includes $\$ 1$ million supplemental state aid
(2) Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by employee contribution rate.

## Schedule of Net Pension Liability Multiyear (Dollars in Thousands)

## Last 10 Fiscal Years (which will be built prospectively)

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  | Total Pension Liability | Plan Net <br> Position |  | Net Pension Liability |  | Plan Net Position as a \% of Total Pension Liability |  | Covered- <br> Employee Payroll | Net Pension Liability as a \% of CoveredEmployee Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ( a ) |  | ( b ) |  | b ) = ( c ) | ( b ) / ( c ) |  | ( d ) | ( c ) / ( d ) |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014 | \$ | 826,673 | \$ | 667,340 | \$ | 159,333 | 80.73\% | \$ | 63,952 | 249.14\% |
| 2015 |  | 838,235 |  | 664,530 |  | 173,705 | 79.28 |  | 68,463 | 253.72 |
| 2016 |  | 1,122,970 |  | 629,992 |  | 492,978 | 56.10 |  | 69,343 | 710.93 |
| 2017 |  | 1,037,916 |  | 691,599 |  | 346,317 | 66.63 |  | 73,056 | 474.04 |

## Schedule of Contributions Multiyear (Dollars in Thousands)

## Last 10 Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | Actuarially Determined Contribution ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Actual <br> Contributions |  | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) |  |  | Covered- <br> Employee <br> Payroll |  |  | Actual Contribution as a \% of CoveredEmployee Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ( ) |  |  | ) $=(\mathrm{c}$ ) |  | ( d ) |  | ( b ) / d ) |
| 2008 | \$ | 12,355 | \$ | 8,279 |  | \$ | 4,076 | \$ | 60,029 |  | 13.79\% |
| 2009 |  | 14,999 |  | 9,178 |  |  | 5,821 |  | 61,511 |  | 14.92 |
| 2010 |  | 17,410 |  | 10,104 |  |  | 7,306 |  | 63,250 |  | 15.97 |
| 2011 |  | 14,826 |  | 9,873 |  |  | 4,953 |  | 63,250 |  | 15.61 |
| 2012 |  | 14,912 |  | 11,620 |  |  | 3,292 |  | 62,524 | (2) | 18.58 |
| 2013 |  | 18,711 |  | 11,482 |  |  | 7,229 |  | 62,121 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 18.48 |
| 2014 |  | 18,444 |  | 12,894 | (3) |  | 5,550 |  | 63,952 | (2) | 20.16 |
| 2015 |  | 20,648 |  | 14,763 | (3) |  | 5,885 |  | 68,463 | (2) | 21.56 |
| 2016 |  | 20,463 |  | 14,938 | (3) |  | 5,525 |  | 69,343 | (2) | 21.54 |
| 2017 |  | 19,031 |  | 16,783 | (3) |  | 2,248 |  | 73,056 | (2) | 22.97 |

## Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017 Contribution Rates Reported in this Schedule:


## Other Information:

Benefit Increases After Retirement The post-retirement benefit increase is assumed to be 1.00\% through 2044, $1.50 \%$ from 2045 through 2061 and 2.50\% thereafter.
See separate funding actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2016 for additional detail. To obtain this report, contact MSRS as noted on page 3. The report is also available online at www.msrs.state.mn.us/actuarialreports.

# Schedule of Investment Returns Multiyear 

## Last 10 Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | Annual <br> Return ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 |  |
| 2009 |  |
| 2010 |  |
| 2011 |  |
| 2012 |  |
| 2013 |  |
| 2014 | 18.69 \% |
| 2015 | 4.46 |
| 2016 | (0.12) |
| 2017 | 15.24 |

The Minnesota State Board of Investment (SBI) compiled this data and the related investment notes and provided it to MSRS for GASB-compliance purposes. MSRS furnished this information to us for inclusion within this report. We did not audit this information. We are not responsible for its accuracy or completeness.

## Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return for the State Patrol Retirement Fund was $15.24 \%$. The money-weighted rate of return is a method of calculating period-byperiod returns on pension plan investments that adjusts for the changing amounts actually invested. For purposes of this schedule, the money-weighted rate of return is calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense.

## 10-Year Schedule of Money-Weighted Investment Return

Ten-year data is not available. Additional years will be provided when they become available.

To request additional information about the computation of the annual money-weighted rate of return and the investments for the Minnesota Retirement Systems (including the investments for MSRS' defined benefit retirement funds), contact SBI at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 355, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103, via email at minn.sbi@state.mn.us or telephone at (651) 296-3328.

## Section D

## Additional Financial Statement Disclosures

## Asset Allocation

## Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method. Best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using both long-term historical returns and long-term capital market expectation from a number of investment management and consulting organizations. The asset class estimates and the target allocations were then combined to produce a geometric, long-term expected rate of return for the portfolio. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio. For each major asset class that is included in the pension fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class |  | Long-Term Expected <br> Target Allocation | Real Rate of Return (Geometric) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $5.10 \%$ |
| Domestic Stocks | $39.00 \%$ |  | 5.30 |
| International Stocks | 19.00 | 0.75 |  |
| Bonds | 20.00 | 5.90 |  |
| Alternative Assets | 20.00 | 0.00 |  |
| Unallocated Cash | 2.00 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

The Minnesota State Board of Investment (SBI) compiled this data and the related investment notes and provided it to MSRS for GASB-compliance purposes. MSRS furnished this information to us for inclusion within this report. We did not audit this information. We are not responsible for its accuracy or completeness.

For purposes of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return assumption is $7.50 \%$. This assumption is based on reviews of inflation and investment return assumptions dated September 11, 2014 and September 11, 2017, and a recent asset liability study obtained by the SBI.

## Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of $6.38 \%$ was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of $7.50 \%$ and a municipal bond rate of $3.56 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year ending June 30, 2062. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year ending June 30, 2062, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after the point of asset depletion.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of $6.38 \%$, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower (5.38\%) or one percent higher (7.38\%):

## Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

(Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Current Single Discount |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1\% Decrease | Rate Assumption | 1\% Increase |
| Total Pension Liability | $\mathbf{5 . 3 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 3 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 3 8 \%}$ |
| Net Position Restricted for Pensions | $\$ 1,175,469$ | $\$ 1,037,916$ | $\$ 925,291$ |
| Net Pension Liability | 691,599 | 691,599 | 691,599 |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 4 8 3 , 8 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 4 6 , 3 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{~ \$ 2 3 3 , 6 9 2}$ |

For more information on the calculation of the single discount rate, refer to Section $G$ of this report.

## GASB Statement No. 68 Reconciliation (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Total Pension Liability (a) |  | Plan Fiduciary Net Position <br> (b) |  | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |  | Deferred Outflows |  | Deferred Inflows |  | Total <br> Pension Expense |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance Beginning of Year | \$ | 1,122,970 | \$ | 629,992 | \$ | 492,978 | \$ | 306,436 | \$ | 54,624 |  |  |
| Changes for the Year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Cost | \$ | 29,758 |  |  | \$ | 29,758 |  |  |  |  | \$ | 29,758 |
| Interest on Total Pension Liability |  | 58,865 |  |  |  | 58,865 |  |  |  |  |  | 58,865 |
| Interest on Fiduciary Net Position ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | \$ | 46,069 |  | $(46,069)$ |  |  |  |  |  | $(46,069)$ |
| Changes in Benefit Terms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability Experience Gains and Losses |  | $(2,418)$ |  |  |  | $(2,418)$ | \$ | - | \$ | 2,015 |  | (403) |
| Changes in Assumptions |  | $(112,694)$ |  |  |  | $(112,694)$ |  | - |  | 93,912 |  | $(18,782)$ |
| Recognition of Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources Arising from Prior Reporting Periods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability Experience Gains/(Losses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | $(6,809)$ |  | $(6,809)$ |
| Assumption Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(52,274)$ |  | - |  | 52,274 |
| Investment Gains/(Losses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(14,901)$ |  | $(12,326)$ |  | 2,575 |
| Contributions - Employer ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  | 16,783 |  | $(16,783)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - Employees |  |  |  | 10,520 |  | $(10,520)$ |  |  |  |  |  | $(10,520)$ |
| Asset Gain/(Loss) ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  | 47,008 |  | $(47,008)$ |  | - |  | 37,606 |  | $(9,402)$ |
| Benefit Payments and Refunds |  | $(58,565)$ |  | $(58,565)$ |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administrative Expenses |  |  |  | (208) |  | 208 |  |  |  |  |  | 208 |
| Other changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Changes | \$ | $(85,054)$ | \$ | 61,607 | \$ | $(146,661)$ | \$ | (67,175) | \$ | 114,398 | \$ | 51,695 |
| Balance End of Year | \$ | 1,037,916 | \$ | 691,599 | \$ | 346,317 | \$ | 239,261 | \$ | 169,022 |  |  |

${ }^{(1)}$ The sum of these items in column (b) equals the net investment income of $\$ 93,077$.
${ }^{(2)}$ Includes supplemental state aid of $\$ 1,000$.

## Summary of Population Statistics

|  | Actives | Terminated |  | Recipients |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Deferred <br> Retirement | Other NonVested | Service Retirement | Disability Retirement | Survivor |  |
| Members on 7/1/2016 | 892 | 55 | 20 | 844 | 53 | 151 | 2,015 |
| New Members | 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 |
| Return to active | 1 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated non-vested | (8) | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Service retirements | (24) | (1) | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated deferred | (6) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated refund/transfer | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2) |
| Deaths | 0 | 0 | 0 | (23) | (2) | (14) | (39) |
| New beneficiary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 |
| Disabled | (6) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Unexpected status change | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | (1) | 1 |
| Net change | 10 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 4 | (3) | 26 |
| Members on 6/30/2017 | 902 | 59 | 28 | 847 | 57 | 148 | 2,041 |

## Section E

## Summary of Benefits

## Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

| Plan year | July 1 through June 30 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligibility | State troopers, conservation officers, certain crime bureau and gambling enforcement officers, and certain other persons listed in Minnesota Statutes 352B. 011 subdivision 10. |
| Contributions | Percent of Salary |
|  | Effective Date Member Employer |
|  | July 1, 2016 and later 14.40\% 21.60\% |
|  | Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h). |
| State Contributions | \$1 million paid annually on October 1 until both the Public Employees Retirement Association Police and Fire Plan and the State Patrol Retirement Fund become $90 \%$ funded (on a Market Value of Assets basis). |
| Allowable service | Service during which member contributions were deducted. Includes period receiving temporary Worker's Compensation and reduced salary from employer. See Normal Retirement benefit definition below for information about service limits. |
| Salary | Salaries excluding lump sum payments at separation. |
| Average salary | Average of the five highest years of Salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years. Average Salary is based on all years without regard to any service limits. |
| Retirement |  |
| Normal retirement benefit |  |
| Age/Service requirement | Age 55 and three years (ten years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service. |
| Amount | $3.00 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service up to 33 years. Members with at least 28 years of service as of July 1, 2013, are not subject to this service limit. Member contributions made after the service cap will be refunded at retirement. |

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

Retirement (Continued)

Early retirement benefit $\quad$| Age/Service requirement |
| :--- |
| Amount |
| Age 50 and three years (ten years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of |
| Allowable Service. |

## Disability

Occupational disability benefit

Age/Service requirement
Member who cannot perform his duties as a direct result of a disability relating to an act of duty.

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

## Disability (continued) <br> Occupational disability benefit (Continued)

## Amount

60\% of Average Salary plus 3.00\% of Average Salary for each year in excess of 20 years of Allowable Service (pro rata for completed months).

Payments cease at age 65 (age 55 if disabled after June 30, 2015) or the 5-year anniversary of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is later. Payments stop earlier if disability ceases or death occurs.

Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability.

## Non-duty disability

## benefit

Age/Service
requirement
Amount
At least one year of Allowable Service and disability not related to covered employment.

Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service (minimum of 15 years) and Average Salary at disability without reduction for commencement before age 55.

Payments cease at age 65 (age 55 if disabled after June 30, 2015) or earlier if disability ceases or death occurs.

Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability.

## Retirement after

 disabilityAge/Service
requirement
Amount

Form of payment
Benefit increases

Age 65 (age 55 if disabled after June 30, 2015) with continued disability.

Optional annuity continues. Otherwise, normal retirement benefit equal to the disability benefit paid, or an actuarially equivalent option.

Same as for retirement.
Same as for retirement.

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

## Death

## Surviving spouse benefit

Age/Service requirement Amount

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

## Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/Service requirement Member who is active or receiving a disability benefit. Child must be unmarried, under age 18 (or 23 if full-time student) and dependent upon the member.
Amount $\quad 10 \%$ of Average Salary for each child and $\$ 20$ per month prorated among all dependent children. Benefit must not be less than $50 \%$ nor exceed $70 \%$ of Average Salary.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

## Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement Member dies before receiving any retirement benefits and survivor benefits are not payable.

Amount Member contributions with 6.00\% interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011, and $4.00 \%$ thereafter.

## Termination

Refund of contributions
Age/service requirement Termination of state service.

Amount Member contributions with 6.00\% interest compounded daily to June 30, 2011, and $4.00 \%$ thereafter.

If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

## Termination (Continued)

## Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement
Three years (ten years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service.

Amount Benefit is computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage:
(a.) $0.00 \%$ before July 1,1971 ;
(b.) $5.00 \%$ from July 1, 1971, to January 1, 1981;
(c.) $3.00 \%$ thereafter ( $2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30, 2006) until January 1, 2012; and
(d.) $2.00 \%$ after December 31, 2011, until the annuity begins.

Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.
If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997, but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Optional form conversion factors

Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2027 using scale AA, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females, blended $95 \%$ males, and $6.50 \%$ postretirement interest.

Combined service annuity
Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:
(a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement; and
(b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and
(c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:
(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

## Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

## Contribution stabilizer

The following is a summary of the contribution stabilizer provisions in Minnesota Statute 352.045:

- If a contribution sufficiency of at least $2.00 \%$ exists, member and employer contributions may be adjusted by the MSRS Board of Directors to a level necessary to maintain a $2.00 \%$ sufficiency. Member and employer contributions may not be less than the sum of normal cost and administrative expenses. Employer contributions must be equal to $60 \%$ of the sum of member and employer contributions.
- If a contribution deficiency of at least $0.50 \%$ exists, member and employer contribution rates may be increased by the MSRS Board of Directors to eliminate the deficiency. Employer contributions must be equal to $60 \%$ of the sum of member and employer contributions.
- Any adjustment to the contribution rates must be reported to the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR) by January 15 following the most recent valuation report. If the LCPR does not recommend against or alter the change in rates, the adjustment becomes effective on the first day of the first full payroll period of the next fiscal year.


## Section F

## Actuarial Cost Method and Actuarial Assumptions

# Actuarial Methods Used for the Determination of Total Pension Liability and Related Values 

## Actuarial Cost Method

Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date were determined using an Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method having the following characteristics:
(i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement; and
(ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains/(losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Total Pension Liability.

## Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients receive a future annual $1.00 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio (based on the market value of assets) reaches $85 \%$ (based on a $1.50 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will increase to $1.50 \%$; if the funding ratio reaches $90 \%$ (based on a $2.50 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase revert to $2.50 \%$. If, after reverting to a $1.50 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $75 \%$ for one year or less than $80 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.00 \%$.

To determine an assumption regarding a future change in the post-retirement benefit increase, we performed a projection of liabilities and assets based on the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns of $7.50 \%$
- Liabilities and normal cost based on statutory funding assumptions
o Discount rate of 8.00\%
o Statutory salary increases (rate of $15.50 \%$ at year 1 declining to $3.50 \%$ at years 25 and later)
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years).
- The postretirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be $1.00 \%$ per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $1.50 \%$ postretirement benefit increase is reached and is then assumed to be $1.50 \%$ until the threshold required to pay a $2.50 \%$ post-retirement increase is reached.
- Current statutory contributions (i.e., not including potential contribution increases under the contribution stabilizer statutes) as directed by MSRS.

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that this plan expected to attain the funding ratio threshold required to pay $1.50 \%$ postretirement benefit increases in the year 2064 and is not expected to attain the funding ratio threshold required to pay $2.50 \%$ postretirement benefit increases. The assumption that the plan will begin paying $1.50 \%$ benefit increases on January 1, 2065 is reflected in our calculations.

## Asset Valuation Method

Fair value of assets.

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Determination of Total Pension Liability and Related Values

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. The assumptions are based on the last experience study, dated July 26, 2016, reviews of inflation and investment return assumptions, dated September 11, 2014 and September 11, 2017, and a recent asset liability study obtained by the SBI.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was based on an analysis completed by the LCPR actuary and documented in a report dated October 2016.

| Investment return | 7.50\% per annum. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Single discount rate | $6.38 \%$ per annum. |
| Benefit increases after <br> retirement | $1.00 \%$ per annum through 2064, 1.50\% per annum thereafter. |
| Salary increases | Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to current <br> fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized for <br> members with less than one year of service. |
| Inflation | $2.50 \%$ per year. |
| Payroll growth | $3.25 \%$ per year. |
| Mortality rates | RP-2014 employee generational mortality table projected with mortality <br> improvement Scale MP-2015 from a base year of 2006, white collar adjustment. |
| Healthy post-retirement | RP-2014 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality <br> improvement Scale MP-2015 from a base year of 2006, white collar adjustment. |
| Risabled | RP-2014 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality <br> improvement Scale MP-2015 from a base year of 2006, white collar adjustment. |
| Retirement | The RP-2014 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) <br> contains mortality rates for ages 18 to 80 and the annuitant mortality table contains <br> mortality rates for ages 50 to 120. We have extended the annuitant mortality table <br> as needed for members younger than age 50 who are receiving a benefit by deriving <br> rates based on the employee table and the juvenile table. Similarly, we have <br> extended the employee table as needed for members older than age 80 by deriving <br> rates based on the annuitant table. |
| Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age <br> related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest <br> assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year. |  |

# Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued) 

| Withdrawal | Select and Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Year Select Withdrawal Rates |
|  | 2.50\% |
|  | 2.00\% |
|  | 3 1.50\% |
| Disability | Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences are assumed to be duty-related. |
| Allowance for combined service annuity | Liabilities for former, vested members are increased by $13.00 \%$ to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity. |
| Administrative expenses | In the valuation year, equal to prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll. In each subsequent year, equal to the initial administrative expense percentage applied to payroll for the closed group. |
| Refund of contributions | All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit. Account balances for deferred members accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date. |
| Commencement of deferred benefits | Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55 . |
| Percentage married | $85 \%$ of active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status. |
| Age of spouse | Females are assumed to be two years younger than their spouses, and males are assumed to be two years older than their spouses. |
| Eligible children | Each member may have two dependent children depending on member's age. Assumed first child is born at member's age 28 and second child at member's age 31. |
| Form of payment | Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows: |
|  | $20 \%$ elect $50 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $10 \%$ elect $75 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $55 \%$ elect $100 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option |
|  | Remaining married and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option. |
| Eligibility testing | Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur. |
| Decrement operation | Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility. Decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year. |
| Service credit accruals | It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year. |
| Pay increases | Pay increases are assumed to happen at the beginning of the fiscal year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported earnings are pensionable earnings for the year ending on the valuation date. |
|  | State Patrol Retirement Fund June 30, 2017 GASB Report |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

## Unknown data for certain members

To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

There are no members reported with missing gender or birth dates. In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

## Data for active members:

There was 1 member reported with missing salary and no members reported with missing service. Prior year salary was not reported, so high five salary with a $10 \%$ load to account for salary increases was used.

## Data for terminated members:

There was 1 member reported without a benefit. We calculated benefits for this member using the reported Credited Service and Termination Date. Average Salary was not reported, so we assumed a value of $\$ 35,000$.

## Data for members receiving benefits:

There were no members reported without a benefit.
There were no survivors reported with an expired benefit.
There were no retirees reported with a bounce back annuity and an unreasonable reduction factor.

There were no retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death.

For retirees who elected a survivor benefit option, we used the valuation assumptions if the survivor date of birth was missing or invalid (199 members) and/or the survivor gender was missing or invalid ( 215 members).

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes in actuarial assumptions

Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the July 26, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average $0.26 \%$ greater than the previous rates.

Assumed rates of retirement were changed; new rates result in slightly more unreduced (normal) retirements, and fewer early reduced retirements.

Assumed rates of termination were changed. The new rates were decreased for the first three years of employment.

Disability rates for ages 35 to 51 were increased.
The base mortality table for healthy and disabled annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), white collar adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2015.

The assumed percentage of members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The form of payment assumptions are the same for males and females.

The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30\% for vested and non-vested deferred member liability. The CSA has been changed to $13 \%$ for vested deferred member liability and $0.00 \%$ for non-vested deferred member liability.

The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00\% per year for all years to $1.00 \%$ per year through 2064, and $1.50 \%$ per year thereafter. For accounting purposes, this change was treated as a difference between expected and actual experience.

The Single Discount Rate changed from $5.31 \%$ per annum to $6.38 \%$ per annum.

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Age in } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percentage of Members Dying each Year* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Healthy Post- <br> Retirement Mortality** |  | Healthy Pre- <br> Retirement Mortality** |  | Disability Mortality** |  |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 0.02\% | 0.01\% | 0.02\% | 0.01\% | 0.02\% | 0.01\% |
| 25 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 30 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 35 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| 40 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.12 |
| 45 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.15 |
| 50 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.25 | 0.20 |
| 55 | 0.38 | 0.27 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.38 | 0.27 |
| 60 | 0.51 | 0.39 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 0.51 | 0.39 |
| 65 | 0.74 | 0.64 | 0.56 | 0.31 | 0.74 | 0.64 |
| 70 | 1.21 | 1.03 | 1.00 | 0.53 | 1.21 | 1.03 |

* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. These standard mortality rates have been adjusted slightly to prevent decreasing mortality rates. If the rates were not adjusted as described, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.
** Rates are adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015 from a base year of 2006.
Percent of Members Decrementing Each Year

| Age | Termination (Withdrawal) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 1.47\% | 1.47\% | 0.03\% | 0.03\% |
| 25 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 30 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| 35 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.11 | 0.11 |
| 40 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.18 | 0.18 |
| 45 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| 50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.48 | 0.48 |
| 55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 65 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

# Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded) 

| Age | Percent Retiring | Salary Scale |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year | Increase |
| 50 | 5 \% | 1 | 15.25\% |
| 51 | 5 | 2 | 9.25 |
| 52 | 5 | 3 | 7.75 |
| 53 | 5 | 4 | 7.25 |
| 54 | 5 | 5 | 6.75 |
| 55 | 65 | 6 | 6.25 |
| 56 | 50 | 7 | 6.00 |
| 57 | 30 | 8 | 5.75 |
| 58 | 20 | 9 | 5.50 |
| 59 | 30 | 10 | 5.25 |
| 60+ | 100 | 11 | 5.00 |
|  |  | 12 | 4.75 |
|  |  | 13 | 4.50 |
|  |  | 14 | 4.25 |
|  |  | 15 | 4.25 |
|  |  | 16 | 4.25 |
|  |  | 17 | 4.00 |
|  |  | 18 | 4.00 |
|  |  | 19 | 3.75 |
|  |  | 20 | 3.75 |
|  |  | 21 | 3.65 |
|  |  | 22 | 3.55 |
|  |  | 23 | 3.45 |
|  |  | 24 | 3.35 |
|  |  | 25+ | 3.25 |

## Section G

## Calculation of the Single Discount Rate

## Calculation of the Single Discount Rate

GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Fiduciary Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the long-term expected rate of return is used as the discount rate. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" municipal rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the plan fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is $7.50 \%$; the municipal bond rate is $3.56 \%$ (based on Fidelity Index's $20-$ Year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30,2017 ). The resulting single discount rate as of June $\mathbf{3 0}, 2017$ is $6.38 \%$. In describing their index, Fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.

Benefit payments projected to occur up through June 30, 2062 were fully funded and benefit payments projected to occur in the year ended June 30, 2063 were partially funded. Assets were projected to be fully depleted by the fiscal year ending June 30, 2063. Benefit payments were discounted using $7.50 \%$, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, as long as assets were sufficient to fund the benefit payments. Beginning in the July 1, 2062 to June 30, 2063 fiscal year, when benefit payments exceed the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position, benefit payments were discounted at $3.56 \%$, the municipal bond rate. An equivalent single discount rate was determined that produced approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using $7.50 \%$ through the point of asset depletion and $3.56 \%$ after. For more information on the calculation of the equivalent present value of projected benefits, see pages 38 through 39 of this report.

The tables in this section provide background for the development of the single discount rate.
The Projection of Contributions table shows the development of expected contributions in future years. Normal Cost contributions for future hires are not included (nor are their liabilities).

The Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position table shows the development of expected asset levels in future years.

The Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments table shows the development of the Single Discount Rate. It breaks down the benefit payments into present values for funded and unfunded portions and shows the equivalent total at the SDR.

# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Contributions (Dollars in Thousands) 

|  | Projected Covered-Employee Payroll |  |  | Projected Contributions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Fiscal } \\ \text { Year } \\ \text { Ending } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Payroll for Current Employees | Payroll for New Employees | Total Employee Payroll | Contributions from Current Employees | Employer Contributions for Current Employees | Contributions on Future Payroll toward Current UAL* | Additional State Contributions | Total Contributions |
|  | (a) | (b) | (c) $=(\mathrm{a})+(\mathrm{b})$ | (d) | (e) | (f) | (g) | (h) $=(\mathrm{d})+(\mathrm{e})+(\mathrm{f})+(\mathrm{g})$ |
| 2017 | \$ 73,056 |  | \$ 73,056 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018 | 76,351 |  | 76,351 | \$ 10,995 | \$ 16,492 |  | \$ 1,000 | \$ 28,487 |
| 2019 | 76,456 | \$ 2,376 | 78,832 | 11,010 | 16,515 | \$ 254 | 1,000 | 28,779 |
| 2020 | 76,509 | 4,885 | 81,394 | 11,017 | 16,526 | 523 | 1,000 | 29,066 |
| 2021 | 76,558 | 7,482 | 84,040 | 11,024 | 16,537 | 801 | 1,000 | 29,362 |
| 2022 | 76,663 | 10,108 | 86,771 | 11,040 | 16,559 | 1,083 | 1,000 | 29,682 |
| 2023 | 76,465 | 13,126 | 89,591 | 11,011 | 16,516 | 1,406 | 1,000 | 29,933 |
| 2024 | 75,640 | 16,863 | 92,503 | 10,892 | 16,338 | 1,806 | 1,000 | 30,036 |
| 2025 | 74,203 | 21,306 | 95,509 | 10,685 | 16,028 | 2,282 | 1,000 | 29,995 |
| 2026 | 72,479 | 26,134 | 98,613 | 10,437 | 15,656 | 2,799 | 1,000 | 29,892 |
| 2027 | 70,648 | 31,170 | 101,818 | 10,173 | 15,260 | 3,338 | 1,000 | 29,771 |
| 2028 | 68,430 | 36,697 | 105,127 | 9,854 | 14,781 | 3,930 | 1,000 | 29,565 |
| 2029 | 65,863 | 42,681 | 108,544 | 9,484 | 14,226 | 4,571 | 1,000 | 29,281 |
| 2030 | 63,051 | 49,020 | 112,071 | 9,079 | 13,619 | 5,250 | 1,000 | 28,948 |
| 2031 | 60,130 | 55,584 | 115,714 | 8,659 | 12,988 | 5,953 | 1,000 | 28,600 |
| 2032 | 57,072 | 62,402 | 119,474 | 8,218 | 12,328 | 6,683 | 1,000 | 28,229 |
| 2033 | 53,900 | 69,457 | 123,357 | 7,762 | 11,642 | 7,439 | 1,000 | 27,843 |
| 2034 | 50,888 | 76,478 | 127,366 | 7,328 | 10,992 | 8,191 | 1,000 | 27,511 |
| 2035 | 47,822 | 83,684 | 131,506 | 6,886 | 10,330 | 8,962 | 1,000 | 27,178 |
| 2036 | 44,628 | 91,152 | 135,780 | 6,426 | 9,640 | 9,762 | 1,000 | 26,828 |
| 2037 | 41,286 | 98,907 | 140,193 | 5,945 | 8,918 | 10,593 | 1,000 | 26,456 |
| 2038 | 38,099 | 106,650 | 144,749 | 5,486 | 8,229 | 11,422 | 1,000 | 26,137 |
| 2039 | 34,979 | 114,474 | 149,453 | 5,037 | 7,556 | 12,260 | 1,000 | 25,853 |
| 2040 | 31,474 | 122,836 | 154,310 | 4,532 | 6,798 | 13,156 | 1,000 | 25,486 |
| 2041 | 28,090 | 131,235 | 159,325 | 4,045 | 6,067 | 14,055 | 1,000 | 25,167 |
| 2042 | 24,480 | 140,024 | 164,504 | 3,525 | 5,288 | 14,996 | 1,000 | 24,809 |
| 2043 | 20,684 | 149,166 | 169,850 | 2,978 | 4,468 | 15,976 | 1,000 | 24,422 |
| 2044 | 17,388 | 157,982 | 175,370 | 2,504 | 3,756 | 16,920 | 1,000 | 24,180 |
| 2045 | 14,159 | 166,911 | 181,070 | 2,039 | 3,058 | 17,876 | 1,000 | 23,973 |
| 2046 | 10,899 | 176,055 | 186,954 | 1,569 | 2,354 | 18,856 | 1,000 | 23,779 |
| 2047 | 7,855 | 185,175 | 193,030 | 1,131 | 1,697 | 19,832 | 1,000 | 23,660 |
| 2048 | 5,115 | 194,189 | 199,304 | 737 | 1,105 | 20,798 | 1,000 | 23,640 |
| 2049 | 3,080 | 202,701 | 205,781 | 444 | 665 | 21,709 | 1,000 | 23,818 |
| 2050 | 1,819 | 210,650 | 212,469 | 262 | 393 | 22,561 | 1,000 | 24,216 |
| 2051 | 1,003 | 218,371 | 219,374 | 144 | 217 | 23,388 | 1,000 | 24,749 |
| 2052 | 549 | 225,955 | 226,504 | 79 | 118 | 24,200 | 1,000 | 25,397 |
| 2053 | 261 | 233,604 | 233,865 | 38 | 56 | 25,019 | 1,000 | 26,113 |
| 2054 | 98 | 241,368 | 241,466 | 14 | 21 | 25,850 | 1,000 | 26,885 |
| 2055 | 31 | 249,283 | 249,314 | 5 | 7 | 26,698 | 1,000 | 27,710 |
| 2056 | 3 | 257,413 | 257,416 | - | 1 | 27,569 | 1,000 | 28,570 |
| 2057 | - | 265,782 | 265,782 | - | - | 28,465 | 1,000 | 29,465 |
| 2058 | - | 274,420 | 274,420 | - | - | 29,390 | 1,000 | 30,390 |
| 2059 | - | 283,339 | 283,339 | - | - | 30,346 | 1,000 | 31,346 |
| 2060 | - | 292,547 | 292,547 | - | - | 31,332 | 1,000 | 32,332 |
| 2061 | - | 302,055 | 302,055 | - | - | 32,350 | 1,000 | 33,350 |
| 2062 | - | 311,872 | 311,872 | - | - | 33,401 | 1,000 | 34,401 |
| 2063 | - | 322,008 | 322,008 | - | - | 34,487 | 1,000 | 35,487 |
| 2064 | - | 332,473 | 332,473 | - | - | 35,608 | 1,000 | 36,608 |
| 2065 | - | 343,278 | 343,278 | - | - | 36,765 | 1,000 | 37,765 |
| 2066 | - | 354,435 | 354,435 | - | - | 37,960 | 1,000 | 38,960 |
| 2067 | - | 365,954 | 365,954 | - | - | 39,194 | 1,000 | 40,194 |

[^1]
# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Contributions (Concluded, Dollars in Thousands) 

|  | Projected Covered-Employee Payroll |  |  | Projected Contributions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year Ending | Payroll for Current Employees | Payroll for New Employees | Total Employee Payroll | Contributions from Current Employees | Employer Contributions for Current Employees | Contributions on Future Payroll oward Current UAL* | Additional State Contributions | Total Contributions |
|  | (a) | (b) | (c) $=(\mathrm{a})+(\mathrm{b})$ | (d) | (e) | (f) | (g) | ( h ) $=(\mathrm{d}$ ) + (e) + (f) + (g) |



[^2]
# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands) 



Retirement

# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands, Concluded) 

| Fiscal Year Ending | Projected Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position | Projected Total Contributions | Projected Benefit Payments | Projected Administrative Expenses | Projected Investment <br> Earnings at 7.50\% | Projected Ending Plan Net Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) | (f)=(a)+(b)-(c)-(d)+(e) |
| 2068 | \$ - | \$ 41,467 | \$ 84,639 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2069 | - | 42,783 | 82,069 |  | - - |  |
| 2070 | - | 44,141 | 79,382 |  | - - | - |
| 2071 | - | 45,543 | 76,582 |  | - - |  |
| 2072 | - | 46,990 | 73,674 |  | - - |  |
| 2073 | - | 48,485 | 70,668 |  | - - | - |
| 2074 | - | 50,028 | 67,571 |  | - - |  |
| 2075 | - | 51,622 | 64,394 |  | - - | - |
| 2076 | - | 53,267 | 61,150 |  | - - | - |
| 2077 | - | 54,966 | 57,852 |  | - - | - |
| 2078 | - | 56,719 | 54,513 |  | - - |  |
| 2079 | - | 58,530 | 51,147 |  | - - | - |
| 2080 | - | 60,400 | 47,769 |  | - - | - |
| 2081 | - | 62,331 | 44,395 |  | - - | - |
| 2082 | - | 64,324 | 41,041 |  | - - | - |
| 2083 | - | 66,382 | 37,720 |  | - - | - |
| 2084 | - | 68,507 | 34,450 |  | - - | - |
| 2085 | - | 70,701 | 31,246 |  | - - | - |
| 2086 | - | 72,966 | 28,125 |  | - - | - |
| 2087 | - | 75,305 | 25,105 |  | - - | - |
| 2088 | - | 77,720 | 22,204 |  | - - | - |
| 2089 | - | 80,213 | 19,439 |  | - - | - |
| 2090 | - | 82,788 | 16,829 |  | - - | - |
| 2091 | - | 85,446 | 14,389 |  | - - | - |
| 2092 | - | 88,190 | 12,138 |  | - - | - |
| 2093 | - | 91,024 | 10,089 |  | - - | - |
| 2094 | - | 93,950 | 8,254 |  | - - | - |
| 2095 | - | 96,971 | 6,639 |  | - - | - |
| 2096 | - | 100,090 | 5,244 |  | - - | - |
| 2097 | - | 103,310 | 4,062 |  | - - | - |
| 2098 | - | 106,635 | 3,082 |  | - - | - |
| 2099 | - | 110,068 | 2,288 |  | - - | - |
| 2100 | - | 113,613 | 1,660 |  | - - | - |
| 2101 | - | 117,273 | 1,175 |  | - - | - |
| 2102 | - | 121,052 | 811 |  | - - | - |
| 2103 | - | 124,953 | 545 |  | - - | - |
| 2104 | - | 128,982 | 356 |  | - - | - |
| 2105 | - | 133,141 | 227 |  | - - | - |
| 2106 | - | 137,436 | 140 |  | - - | - |
| 2107 | - | 141,870 | 84 |  | - - | - |
| 2108 | - | 146,448 | 49 |  | - - | - |
| 2109 | - | 151,175 | 28 |  | - - | - |
| 2110 | - | 156,056 | 15 |  | - - | - |
| 2111 | - | 161,095 | 8 |  | - - | - |
| 2112 | - | 166,298 | 4 |  | - - | - |
| 2113 | - | 171,671 | 2 |  | - - | - |
| 2114 | - | 177,217 | 1 |  | - - | - |
| 2115 | - | 182,945 | - |  | - - | - |
| 2116 | - | 188,858 | - |  | - - | - |
| 2117 | - | 194,963 | - |  | - - | - |

# Single Discount Rate Development Present Values of Projected Benefits (Dollars in Thousands) 



# Single Discount Rate Development Present Values of Projected Benefits (Dollars in Thousands, Concluded) 

| Fiscal Year Ending | Projected Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position | Projected Benefit Payments | Funded Portion of Benefit Payments | Unfunded Portion of Benefit Payments | Present Value of Funded Benefit Payments using Expected Return Rate (v) | Present Value of Unfunded Benefit Payments using Municipal Bond Rate (vf) | Present Value of Benefit Payments using Single Discount Rate (sdr) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) | $(f)=(\mathrm{d})^{*} v^{\wedge}($ (a)-.5) | (g)=(e)*vf $\wedge(\mathrm{a})-.5)$ | (h) =( $(\mathrm{c}) /(1+s d r)^{\wedge}(\mathrm{a}-.5)$ |
| 2068 | \$ | \$ 84,639 | \$ | \$ 84,639 | \$ | \$ 14,467 | \$ 3,715 |
| 2069 |  | 82,069 | - | 82,069 | - | 13,545 | 3,386 |
| 2070 |  | 79,382 | - | 79,382 | - | 12,651 | 3,078 |
| 2071 |  | 76,582 | - | 76,582 | - | 11,786 | 2,792 |
| 2072 |  | 73,674 | - | 73,674 | - | 10,948 | 2,524 |
| 2073 |  | 70,668 | - | 70,668 | - | 10,141 | 2,276 |
| 2074 |  | 67,571 | - | 67,571 | - | 9,363 | 2,046 |
| 2075 |  | 64,394 | - | 64,394 | - | 8,616 | 1,833 |
| 2076 |  | 61,150 | - | 61,150 | - | 7,901 | 1,636 |
| 2077 |  | 57,852 | - | 57,852 | - | 7,218 | 1,455 |
| 2078 |  | 54,513 | - | 54,513 | - | 6,567 | 1,288 |
| 2079 |  | 51,147 | - | 51,147 | - | 5,950 | 1,136 |
| 2080 |  | 47,769 | - | 47,769 | - | 5,366 | 998 |
| 2081 |  | 44,395 | - | 44,395 | - | 4,816 | 871 |
| 2082 |  | 41,041 | - | 41,041 | - | 4,299 | 757 |
| 2083 |  | 37,720 | - | 37,720 | - | 3,815 | 654 |
| 2084 |  | 34,450 | - | 34,450 | - | 3,364 | 562 |
| 2085 |  | 31,246 | - | 31,246 | - | 2,947 | 479 |
| 2086 |  | 28,125 | - | 28,125 | - | 2,561 | 405 |
| 2087 |  | 25,105 | - | 25,105 | - | 2,208 | 340 |
| 2088 |  | 22,204 | - | 22,204 | - | 1,885 | 283 |
| 2089 |  | 19,439 | - | 19,439 | - | 1,594 | 233 |
| 2090 |  | 16,829 | - | 16,829 | - | 1,332 | 189 |
| 2091 |  | 14,389 | - | 14,389 | - | 1,100 | 152 |
| 2092 |  | 12,138 | - | 12,138 | - | 896 | 121 |
| 2093 |  | 10,089 | - | 10,089 | - | 719 | 94 |
| 2094 | - | 8,254 | - | 8,254 | - | 568 | 72 |
| 2095 |  | 6,639 | - | 6,639 | - | 441 | 55 |
| 2096 |  | 5,244 | - | 5,244 | - | 337 | 41 |
| 2097 | - | 4,062 | - | 4,062 | - | 252 | 30 |
| 2098 | - | 3,082 | - | 3,082 | - | 184 | 21 |
| 2099 | - | 2,288 | - | 2,288 | - | 132 | 15 |
| 2100 | - | 1,660 | - | 1,660 | - | 93 | 10 |
| 2101 | - | 1,175 | - | 1,175 | - | 63 | 7 |
| 2102 | - | 811 | - | 811 | - | 42 | 4 |
| 2103 | - | 545 | - | 545 | - | 27 | 3 |
| 2104 | - | 356 | - | 356 | - | 17 | 2 |
| 2105 | - | 227 | - | 227 | - | 11 | 1 |
| 2106 |  | 140 | - | 140 | - | 6 | 1 |
| 2107 | - | 84 | - | 84 | - | 3 | - |
| 2108 | - | 49 | - | 49 | - | 2 | - |
| 2109 | - | 28 | - | 28 | - | 1 | - |
| 2110 | - | 15 | - | 15 | - | 1 | - |
| 2111 | - | 8 | - | 8 | - | - | - |
| 2112 |  | 4 | - | 4 | - | - | - |
| 2113 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | - |
| 2114 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 2115 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2116 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2117 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  | Totals | \$ 1,066,184 | \$ 236,380 | \$ 1,302,052 |

## Section H

## Glossary of Terms

## Glossary of Terms

| Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | The AAL is the difference between the actuarial present value of all benefits and the actuarial value of future normal costs. The definition comes from the fundamental equation of funding which states that the present value of all benefits is the sum of the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the present value of future normal costs. The AAL may also be referred to as "accrued liability" or "actuarial liability." |
| :---: | :---: |
| Actuarial Assumptions | These assumptions are estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and compensation increases. Actuarial assumptions are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (compensation increases, payroll growth, inflation and investment return) consist of an underlying real rate of return plus an assumption for a longterm average rate of inflation. |
| Accrued Service | Service credited under the system which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation. |
| Actuarial Equivalent | A single amount or series of amounts of equal actuarial value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of appropriate actuarial assumptions. |
| Actuarial Cost Method | A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits between future normal cost and actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial cost method may also be referred to as the actuarial funding method. |
| Actuarial Gain (Loss) | The difference in liabilities between actual experience and expected experience during the period between two actuarial valuations is the gain (loss) on the accrued liabilities. |
| Actuarial Present Value (APV) | The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. The present value is determined by discounting future benefit payments at predetermined rates of interest to reflect the expected effects of the time value (present value) of money and the probabilities of payment. |
| Actuarial Valuation | The actuarial valuation report determines, as of the actuarial valuation date, the service cost, total pension liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments for pensions performed in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice unless otherwise specified by the GASB. |
| Actuarial Valuation Date | The date as of which an actuarial valuation is performed. |
| Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) | A calculated contribution into a defined benefit pension plan for the reporting period, most often determined based on the funding policy of the plan. Typically the Actuarially Determined Contribution has a normal cost payment and an amortization payment. |

## Glossary of Terms

## Amortization Payment

## Amortization Method

## Cost-of-Living <br> Adjustments

Cost-Sharing MultipleEmployer Defined Benefit
Pension Plan (cost-sharing pension plan)

Covered-Employee Payroll

## Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Discount Rate or Single Discount Rate

The amortization payment is the periodic payment required to pay off an interestdiscounted amount with payments of interest and principal.

The method used to determine the periodic amortization payment may be a level dollar amount, or a level percent of pay amount. The period will typically be expressed in years, and the method will either be "open" (meaning, reset each year) or "closed" (the number of years remaining will decline each year).

Postemployment benefit changes intended to adjust benefit payments for the effects of inflation.

A multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled and pension plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the pension plan.

The payroll of covered employees, which is typically only the pensionable pay (meets the statutory salary definition) and does not include pay above any pay cap.

The deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources are amounts used under GASB Statement No. 68 in developing the annual pension expense. Deferred inflows and outflows arise with differences between expected and actual experiences; changes of assumptions. The portion of these amounts not included in pension expense should be included in the deferred inflows or outflows of resources.

For GASB purposes, the discount rate is the single rate of return that results in the present value of all projected benefit payments to be equal to the sum of the funded and unfunded projected benefit payments, specifically:

1. The benefit payments to be made while the pension plans' fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in the period; and
2. The present value of the benefit payments not in (1) above, discounted using the municipal bond rate.

The EAN is a funding method for allocating the costs of the plan between the normal cost and the accrued liability. The actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis (either level dollar or level percent of pay) over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages(s). The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is the normal cost. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is the actuarial accrued liability. The sum of the accrued liability plus the present value of all future normal costs is the present value of all benefits.

## Glossary of Terms

| Fiduciary Net Position | The fiduciary net position is the value of the net assets of the trust restricted for <br> pension benefits. |
| :--- | :--- |
| GASB | The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is an organization that exists with <br> authority to promulgate accounting standards for state and local governmental <br> entities. |
| Long-Term Expected Rate <br> of Return | The long-term rate of return is the expected return to be earned over the entire <br> trust portfolio based on the asset allocation of the portfolio. |
| Money-Weighted Rate of | The money-weighted rate of return is a method of calculating the returns that <br> adjusts for the changing amounts actually invested. For purposes of GASB <br> Return |
| Statement No. 67, money-weighted rate of return is calculated as the internal rate |  |
| of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense. |  |

## Glossary of Terms

## Total Pension Expense

## Total Pension Liability (TPL)

## Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)

The total pension expense is the sum of the following items that are recognized at the end of the employer's fiscal year:

1. Service Cost
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability
3. Current-Period Changes in Benefit Terms
4. Employee Contributions
5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments
6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense
7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position
8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to the difference between expected and actual in measurement of the Total Pension Liability
9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assumption Changes
10. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments

The TPL is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of member service.

The UAAL is the difference between actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets.

The valuation assets are the plan fiduciary net position used in determining the net position liability of the plan. For purposes of the GASB Statement No. 67, the asset valuation method is equal to the market value of assets.


[^0]:    * Paragraph 71(b) of GASB Statement No. 68 requires deferred outflows and inflows arising from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments to be aggregated and shown as a net amount. For purposes of this valuation, amounts are shown separately for calculation purposes.

[^1]:    *Contributions related to future employees in excess of normal cost and expenses of $25.29 \%$ of pay.

[^2]:    *Contributions related to future employees in excess of normal cost and expenses of $25.29 \%$ of pay.

