# Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota

Public Employees Police & Fire Plan Actuarial Valuation Report as of July 1, 2018





November 28, 2018

Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota Trustees of the Public Employees Police & Fire Plan St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Trustees of the Public Employees Police & Fire Plan:

The results of the July 1, 2018 annual actuarial valuation of the Public Employees Police & Fire Plan are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Plan only in its entirety and only with permission of the Board. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Plan's funding progress and to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018 according to the prescribed assumptions. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. PERA is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

In a 2018 analysis of long-term rate of investment return and inflation assumptions, GRS suggested that an investment return assumption in the range of 6.64% to 7.56% would be reasonable. Please see our letter dated October 3, 2018 for additional information. The current assumed rate, which is mandated by Minnesota Statutes, is 7.50% and is at the upper end of the reasonable range. This report also concluded that the probability of exceeding the current 7.50% assumption over 20 years is only 39%. If capital market assumptions decline further from present levels, the 7.5% return assumption might not comply with actuarial standards for the July 1, 2019 valuation. For informational purposes, results based on a 6.5% assumption are shown on page four.

The contribution rate in this report is determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in the Actuarial Basis of this report. This report includes risk metrics on pages 5-8, but does not include a more robust assessment of the risks of future experience differing materially from the actuarial assumptions. Additional assessment of risks was outside the scope of this assignment.

The valuation assumed the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

The findings in this report are based on data and other information through June 30, 2018. The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by PERA.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Public Employees Police & Fire Plan as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Bonita J. Wurst

BBM/BJW:ah





### **Other Observations**

## General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if there are no changes in benefits or contributions and all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 7.50%), it is expected that:

- (1) The normal cost of the plan is expected to remain approximately level as a percent of pay,
- (2) The funded status of the plan is expected to gradually improve and is expected to be 100% funded within the next 30 years, and
- (3) The unfunded liability will grow initially as a dollar amount before beginning to decline.

#### **Limitations of Funded Status Measurements**

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regard to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

- (1) The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations, in other words, of transferring the obligations to an unrelated third party in an arm's length market value type transaction.
- (2) The measurement is dependent upon the actuarial cost method which, in combination with the plan's amortization policy, affects the timing and amounts of future contributions. The amounts of future contributions will most certainly differ from those assumed in this report due to future actual experience differing from assumed experience based upon the actuarial assumptions. A funded status measurement in this report of 100% is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were 100%, the plan would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit).
- (3) The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets.

### **Limitations of Project Scope**

Actuarial standards do not require the actuary to evaluate the ability of the plan sponsor or other contributing entity to make required contributions to the plan when due. Such an evaluation was not within the scope of this project and is not within the actuary's domain of expertise. Consequently, the actuary performed no such evaluation.



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#### **Contributions**

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

	Actuarial Va	luation as of
Contributions	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 353 (% of Payroll)	30.51%	29.36%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	28.20%	30.58%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	2.31%	(1.22)%

The statutory contribution sufficiency/(deficiency) improved from a deficiency of (1.22)% of payroll to a sufficiency of 2.31% of payroll. The improvement is primarily due to the changes in plan provisions, assumptions, and contributions described on page three.

The contribution sufficiency referenced above is based on current snapshot of statutory contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Additional member and employer contribution increases will be phased in over the next two years, and state contributions will increase from \$4.5 million to \$9.0 million beginning July 1, 2020. Ultimately, the statutory contribution rate (and the contribution sufficiency) is projected to increase by an additional 2.30% of payroll.

Based on the actuarial value of assets, scheduled contribution rates, and actuarial assumptions described in this report, statutory contributions are expected to bring the plan to full funding within the 30-year amortization period.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA). The Market Value of Assets (MVA) earned approximately 10.4% for the plan year ending June 30, 2018. The AVA earned approximately 9.4% for the plan year ending June 30, 2018 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.00%. The assumed rate is mandated by Minnesota Statutes, and was recently lowered to 7.50%.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting information prepared according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.



A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	Actuarial Valuation as of						
	J	uly 1, 2018	J	July 1, 2017			
Contributions (% of Payroll)							
Statutory - Chapter 353		30.51%		29.36%			
Required - Chapter 356		28.20%		30.58%			
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)		2.31%		(1.22)%			
Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)							
Assets							
- Current assets (AVA)	\$	8,320,094	\$	7,840,549			
- Current assets (MVA)	\$	8,486,907	\$	7,918,879			
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio							
- Current benefit obligations	\$	9,264,585	\$	8,869,242			
- Funding ratio (AVA)		89.81%		88.40%			
- Funding ratio (MVA)		91.61%		89.28%			
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio							
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$	9,552,804	\$	9,199,208			
- Funding ratio (AVA)		87.10%		85.23%			
- Funding ratio (MVA)		88.84%		86.08%			
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio							
- Current and expected future assets	\$	11,843,018	\$	10,871,452			
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	\$	11,449,145	\$	11,051,212			
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)		103.44%		98.37%			
Participant Data							
Active members							
- Number		11,673		11,522			
- Annual valuation earnings (000s) *	\$	953,124	\$	912,722			
- Projected annual earnings (000s) *	\$ \$	1,000,474	\$	960,210			
<ul> <li>Average projected annual earnings *</li> </ul>	\$	85,738	\$	83,373			
- Average age		40.5		40.4			
- Average service		12.5		12.4			
Service retirements		7,534		7,408			
Survivors		1,875		1,861			
Disability retirements		1,347		1,310			
Deferred retirements		1,580		1,506			
Terminated other non-vested		1,188		1,134			
Total		25,197		24,741			

<sup>\*</sup> These values exclude 4 members (5 in 2017) who were merged into PERA P&F in 2012 from the Minneapolis Police and Minneapolis Fire Retirement Funds whose benefits are not pay related.



### **Effects of Changes**

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2018:

- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed to 1.0% for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2018 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.
- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member and employer contributions were increased.
- Interest credited on member contributions was changed from 4.0% to 3.0%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.0% effective January 1, 2019.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions
- The assumed investment return was lowered from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- The assumed payroll growth rate was decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary increase rates were reduced by 0.25% at each year of service.
- The mortality projection scale was updated.
- The amortization date was changed from June 30, 2043 to June 30, 2048.

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes. The combined impact of the above change was to decrease the accrued liability by \$58 million and decrease the required contribution by 1.7% of pay, as follows:

	Before Changes	Reflecting Plan Provision Changes	Reflecting Plan Provision and Assumption Changes	Provision, Assumption, and Amortization Changes
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	21.3%	19.2%	20.9%	20.9%
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability,				
% of pay	8.5%	5.1%	8.0%	7.2%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	29.9%	24.4%	29.0%	28.2%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	86.6%	91.5%	87.1%	87.1%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	100.7%	108.6%	102.1%	103.4%
Unfunded Accrued Liability (in billions)	\$1.3	\$0.8	\$1.2	\$1.2



### **Sensitivity Tests**

During the 2017 legislative session, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR) enacted a new sensitivity disclosure requirement for PERA's valuations. Per the LCPR's requirement, we have calculated the liabilities associated with the following scenarios:

- 1) 6.5% interest rate assumption
- 2) 8.5% interest rate assumption

In each case, all other assumptions were unchanged from those used to develop the final valuation results in this report. Note that we believe the 8.5% interest rate assumption would not comply with Actuarial Standards of Practice.

	Final Valuation	Final Valuation Assumptions with 6.5%	Final Valuation Assumptions with 8.5%
\$ in billions	Assumptions	Interest	Interest
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	20.9%	26.4%	16.6%
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability,			
% of Pay	7.2%	12.8%	1.5%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	28.2%	39.3%	18.2%
Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency), % of Pay	2.3 %	(8.8)%	12.3 %
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	87.1%	77.2%	97.4%
Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$11.4	\$13.4	\$10.0
Present Value of Future Normal Costs	<u>\$1.8</u>	<u>\$2.6</u>	<u>\$1.5</u>
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$9.6	\$10.8	\$8.5
Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$1.2	\$2.5	\$0.2



# Risks Associated with the Measuring the Accrued Liability and Actuarially Determined Contribution

The determination of the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution requires the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition include:

- Investment risk actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
- 2. Asset/Liability mismatch changes in asset values may not match changes in liabilities, thereby altering the gap between the accrued liability and assets and consequently altering the funded status and contribution requirements;
- 3. Contribution risk actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the plan's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
- 4. Salary and Payroll risk actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected;
- 5. Longevity risk members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed;
- 6. Other demographic risks members may terminate, retire or become disabled at times or with benefits other than assumed resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.



The Required Contribution rate shown on page 1 may be considered as a minimum contribution rate that complies with Minnesota Statutes and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work published by the LCPR. The timely receipt of the actuarially determined contributions is critical to support the financial health of the plan. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at the actuarially determined rate do not necessarily guarantee benefit security.

#### PLAN MATURITY MEASURES

Risks facing a pension plan evolve over time. A young plan with virtually no investments and paying few benefits may experience little investment risk. An older plan with a large number of members in pay status and a significant trust may be much more exposed to investment risk. Generally accepted plan maturity measures include the following. Additional maturity measures are shown on the following page.

	2018	2017
Ratio of market value of assets to total payroll	8.69	8.39
Ratio of actuarial accrued liability to total payroll	9.78	9.74
Ratio of actives to retirees and beneficiaries	1.09	1.09
Ratio of net cash flow to market value of assets	-2.9%	-3.0%
Approximate modified duration* of:		
<ul> <li>Total projected benefits:</li> </ul>	14.96	15.52
<ul> <li>Actuarial accrued liability:</li> </ul>	11.66	12.10

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate modified duration of total projected benefits based on 7.5% interest for 2018 and 8.0% interest for 2017

#### RATIO OF MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS TO PAYROLL

The relationship between assets and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions. For example, if the market value of assets is 5.0 times the payroll, a return on assets 5% different than assumed would equal 25% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in plan sponsor contributions as a percentage of payroll.

#### RATIO OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY TO PAYROLL

The relationship between actuarial accrued liability and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions for a fully funded plan. A funding policy that targets a funded ratio of 100% is expected to result in the ratio of assets to payroll and the ratio of liability to payroll converging over time.

The ratio of liability to payroll may also be used as a measure of sensitivity of contribution rates to liability gains and losses. For example, if the actuarial accrued liability is 5.0 times the payroll, a change in liability 2% other than assumed would equal 10% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in liability (and also plan sponsor contributions) as a percentage of payroll.



#### RATIO OF ACTIVES TO RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES

A young plan with many active members and few retirees will have a high ratio of active to retirees. A mature open plan may have close to the same number of actives to retirees resulting in a ratio near 1.0. A super-mature or closed plan may have significantly more retirees than actives resulting in a ratio below 1.0.

#### RATIO OF NET CASH FLOW TO MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

A positive net cash flow means contributions exceed benefits and expenses. A negative cash flow means existing funds are being used to make payments. A certain amount of negative net cash flow is generally expected to occur when benefits are prefunded through a qualified trust. Large negative net cash flows as a percent of assets may indicate a super-mature plan or a need for additional contributions.

#### **DURATION OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY**

The modified duration (as opposed to the McCaulay duration) may be used to approximate the sensitivity of the accrued liability to a small change in the assumed rate of return. For example, a modified duration of 10 indicates that the liability would change by approximately 10% if the assumed rate of return were changed by 1% (i.e. from 7.5% to 6.5%).

#### ADDITIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT

Additional risk assessment is outside the scope of the annual actuarial valuation. Additional assessment may include scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of the present value of accrued benefits at low-risk discount rates with the actuarial accrued liability.



#### Risk Measures Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

	(1)		(2)	(3)	(3)		(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
				Market	larket		Market						
Valuation	Accrued			Value			Value			AAL/	Assets/		
Date	Liabilities	ſ	Market Value	Unfunded	١v	aluation	Funded	Retiree	RetLiab/	Payroll	Payroll		
(6/30)	(AAL)		of Assets	AAL	Payroll		AAL Payroll		Ratio (2)/(1)	Liabilities	AAL (6)/(1)	(1)/(4)	(2)/(4)
2010	\$ 5,963,672	\$	4,453,757	\$ 1,509,915	\$	740,101	74.7%	\$ 3,299,576	55.3%	805.8%	601.8%		
2011	\$ 6,363,546	\$	5,317,032	\$ 1,046,514	\$	775,806	83.6%	\$ 3,529,604	55.5%	820.2%	685.4%		
2012	\$ 7,403,295	\$	5,772,047	\$ 1,631,248	\$	794,417	78.0%	\$ 4,366,115	59.0%	931.9%	726.6%		
2013	\$ 7,304,032	\$	6,346,741	\$ 957,291	\$	796,188	86.9%	\$ 4,333,475	59.3%	917.4%	797.1%		
2014	\$ 8,151,328	\$	7,273,100	\$ 878,228	\$	820,333	89.2%	\$ 4,888,411	60.0%	993.7%	886.6%		
2015	\$ 8,460,477	\$	7,348,704	\$ 1,111,773	\$	845,076	86.9%	\$ 5,000,871	59.1%	1001.1%	869.6%		
2016	\$ 8,417,621	\$	7,098,090	\$ 1,319,531	\$	881,222	84.3%	\$ 5,066,605	60.2%	955.2%	805.5%		
2017	\$ 9,199,208	\$	7,918,879	\$ 1,280,329	\$	944,296	86.1%	\$ 5,532,560	60.1%	974.2%	838.6%		
2018	\$ 9,552,804	\$	8,486,907	\$ 1,065,897	\$	976,657	88.8%	\$ 5,780,590	60.5%	978.1%	869.0%		

	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
				Non-				
Valuation				Investment	NICF/		5-Year	10-Year
Date	Portfolio	Std Dev	Unfunded /	Cash Flow	Assets	Market Rate	Trailing	Trailing
(6/30)	StdDev	% of Pay (9) x (10)	Payroll	(NICF)	(13)/(2)	of Return	Average	Average
2010			204.0%	\$ (149,485)	-3.4%	15.7%	N/A	N/A
2011			134.9%	\$ (161,687)	-3.0%	23.0%	N/A	N/A
2012			205.3%	\$ (190,432)	-3.3%	2.3%	2.3%	N/A
2013			120.2%	\$ (230,072)	-3.6%	14.2%	6.2%	N/A
2014			107.1%	\$ (232,048)	-3.2%	18.5%	14.5%	N/A
2015	14.1%	122.6%	131.6%	\$ (242,036)	-3.3%	4.4%	12.2%	N/A
2016	14.1%	113.6%	149.7%	\$ (241,668)	-3.4%	-0.1%	7.6%	N/A
2017	14.1%	118.2%	135.6%	\$ (238,177)	-3.0%	15.2%	10.2%	6.2%
2018	14.1%	122.5%	109.1%	\$ (245,996)	-2.9%	10.4%	9.5%	7.8%

- (5) The Funded ratio is the most widely known measure of a plan's financial strength, but the trend in the funded ratio is much more important than the absolute ratio. The funded ratio should trend to 100%. As it approaches 100%, it is important to re-evaluate the level of investment risk in the portfolio and potentially to re-evaluate the assumed rate of return.
- (6) and (7) The ratio of Retiree liabilities to total accrued liabilities gives an indication of the maturity of the system. As the ratio increases, cash flow needs increase, and the liquidity needs of the portfolio change. A ratio on the order of 50% indicates a maturing system.
- (8) and (9) The ratios of liabilities and assets to payroll gives an indication of both maturity and volatility. Many systems have ratios between 500% and 700%. Ratios significantly above that range may indicate difficulty in supporting the benefit level as a level % of payroll.
- (10) and (11) The portfolio standard deviation measures the volatility of investment return. When multiplied by the ratio of assets to payroll it gives the effect of a one standard deviation asset move as a percent of payroll. This figure helps users understand the difficulty of dealing with investment volatility and the challenges volatility brings to sustainability.
- (12) The ratio of unfunded liability to payroll gives an indication of the plan sponsor's ability to actually pay off the unfunded liability. A ratio above approximately 300% or 400% may indicate difficulty in discharging the unfunded liability within a reasonable time frame.
- (13) and (14) The ratio of Non-Investment Cash Flow to assets is an important measure of sustainability. Negative ratios are common and expected for a maturing system. In the longer term, this ratio should be on the order of approximately -4%. A ratio that is significantly more negative than that for an extended period could be a leading indicator of potential exhaustion of assets.
- (15), (16) and (17) Investment return is probably the largest single risk that most systems face. The year by year return and the 5-year and 10-year geometric average give an indicator of the realism of the systems assumed return. Of course, past performance is not a guarantee of future results.



### **Supplemental Information**

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- Plan assets presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Public Employees
  Retirement Association of Minnesota. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has
  been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- Development of costs shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- Actuarial basis describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- Additional schedules shows the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions.
- Glossary defines the terms used in this report.



### **Plan Assets**

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

	Market Value								
Assets in Trust	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017					
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$	90,015	\$	190,809					
Fixed income	\$	2,060,635	\$	1,535,288					
Equity	\$	5,150,491	\$	5,141,012					
SBI alternative	\$	1,172,591	\$	1,038,994					
Other	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<del>-</del>					
Total Assets in Trust	\$	8,473,732	\$	7,906,103					
Assets receivable	\$	18,731 *	\$	18,348	*				
Amounts payable	\$	(5,556)	\$	(5,572)					
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	8,486,907	\$	7,918,879					

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$13.648 million contribution receivable from Minneapolis to be paid by July 15.



### **Plan Assets**

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Public Employees Retirement Association for the prior two fiscal years.

Cha	nge in Assets	Market Value							
Yea	Ending	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017				
1.	Fund balance at market value at beginning of year	\$	7,918,879	\$	7,098,090				
2.	Contributions								
	a. Member	\$	105,479	\$	101,984				
	b. Employer	\$	170,781 *	\$	166,329 *				
	c. Other sources (State contribution)	<u>\$</u> \$	9,000	\$	9,000				
	d. Total contributions	\$	285,260	\$	277,313				
3.	Investment income								
	a. Investment income/(loss)	\$	822,887	\$	1,067,162				
	b. Investment expenses	\$	(8,921)	\$	(8,220)				
	c. Net subtotal	\$	813,966	\$	1,058,942				
4.	Other	\$	58	\$	24				
5.	Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)	\$ <b>\$</b>	1,099,284	\$ <b>\$</b>	1,336,279				
6.	Benefits Paid								
	a. Annuity benefits	\$	(528,468)	\$	(512,379)				
	b. Refunds	\$ \$	(1,902)	\$	(2,119)				
	c. Total benefits paid	\$	(530,370)	\$	(514,498)				
7.	Expenses								
	a. Other	\$	-	\$	-				
	b. Administrative	\$	(886)	\$	(992)				
	c. Total expenses	\$	(886)	\$	(992)				
8.	Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)	\$	(531,256)	\$	(515,490)				
9.	Fund balance at market value at end of year	\$	8,486,907	\$	7,918,879				
10.	Approximate return on market value of assets		10.4%		15.2%				

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$13.648 million contribution receivable from Minneapolis to be paid by July 15.



### **Plan Assets**

### Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)

			Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	
<ol> <li>Market value of assets available for benefits</li> <li>Determination of average balance</li> </ol>		\$	8,486,907	\$	7,918,879		
a. Total assets available at beginning of yea	r		\$	7,918,879	\$	7,098,090	
b. Total assets available at end of year			\$	8,486,907	\$	7,918,879	
c. Net investment income for fiscal year			\$	813,966	\$	1,058,942	
d. Average balance [a. + b c.] / 2			\$	7,795,910	\$	6,979,014	
3. Expected return [8.0% * 2.d.]			\$	623,673	\$	558,321	
4. Actual return			\$	813,966	\$	1,058,942	
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) [4 3.]			\$	190,293	\$	500,621	
6. Unrecognized asset returns							
		Original					
		Amount	Unrecognized Amount				
a. Year ended June 30, 2018	\$	190,293	\$	152,235	N/A		
b. Year ended June 30, 2017	\$	500,621	\$	300,372	\$	400,497	
c. Year ended June 30, 2016	\$	(587,179)	\$	(234,871)	\$	(352,307)	
d. Year ended June 30, 2015	\$	(254,614)	\$	(50,923)	\$	(101,846)	
e. Year ended June 30, 2014	\$	659,930		N/A	\$	131,986	
f. Unrecognized return adjustment			\$	166,813	\$	78,330	
7. Actuarial value at end of year (1 6.f.)			\$	8,320,094	\$	7,840,549	
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of asse	ets di	uring fiscal year		9.4%		9.5%	
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market v	0.98 0.99						



#### **Distribution of Active Members\*\***

Years of Service as of June 30, 2018

Age		<3*		3 - 4		5-9		10 - 14		15 - 19	20 - 24	<b>25 - 29</b>	30 - 34	35+		Total
< 25		320		14												334
Avg. Earnings	\$	46,426	\$	67,210											\$	47,297
25 - 29		785		401		145										1,331
Avg. Earnings	\$	55,926	\$	_	\$	_									\$	62,436
30 - 34		438		361		705		281								1,785
Avg. Earnings	\$	54,965	\$		\$		\$	81,977							\$	71,673
35 - 39 Avg. Earnings	\$	227 54 293	\$	223 70.862	\$	449 79,502	\$	949 85 531	\$	190 87 210					Ġ	2,038 79,275
Avg. Larrings	Ţ	34,233	Ţ	70,002	Ţ	73,302	Ţ	03,331	Ţ	07,210					Ţ	13,213
40 - 44		88		91		189		528		803	164					1,863
Avg. Earnings	\$	53,093	\$	71,189	\$	77,131	\$	85,102	\$	91,232	\$ 94,918				\$	85,608
45 - 49		46		63		130		293		617	850	104				2,103
Avg. Earnings	\$	58,392	\$	68,307	\$	73,145	\$	84,030	\$	91,713	\$ 97,497	\$ 100,558			\$	90,840
50 - 54		26		22		47		124		286	495	448	111			1,559
Avg. Earnings	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$				\$	97,567
55 - 59		14		10		20		44		97	143	107	74	8		517
Avg. Earnings	\$	38,972	Ş	61,319	Ş	/5,650	\$	90,848	\$	90,809	\$ 95,989	\$ 105,583	\$ 107,244	\$ 104,909	Ş	95,313
60 - 64		3		3		7		12		21	26	23	14	8		117
Avg. Earnings	\$	43,220	\$	65,443	\$	62,057	\$	70,067	\$	90,648	\$ 91,749	\$ 106,884	\$ 121,052	\$ 122,251	\$	94,200
65 - 69		1				4		2		6	2	1	2	3		21
Avg. Earnings	\$				\$		\$		\$		\$	\$ 97,857			\$	
70+		1														1
Avg. Earnings	\$														\$	4,523
Total		1,949		1,188		1,696		2,233		2,020	1,680	683	201	19		11,669
Avg. Earnings	\$	•	\$		\$		\$		\$	•	\$	\$ 103,367		\$ 113,888	\$	81,680

<sup>\*</sup> This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.



<sup>\*\*</sup> This exhibit excludes four members who were merged into PERA P&F in 2012 from the Minneapolis Fire Retirement Fund whose benefits are not pay related.

### **Distribution of Service Retirements**

Years	Retired	as of June	30. 2018
-------	---------	------------	----------

Age		<1		1-4		5-9		10 - 14		15 - 19		20 - 24		25+		Total
<50																
Avg. Benefit																
Avg. beliefft																
50 - 54		76		263												339
Avg. Benefit	\$	48,155	\$	45,389											\$	46,009
55 - 59		166		681		389		1								1,237
Avg. Benefit	\$		\$	58,586	\$	50,291	\$	61,615							\$	56,911
50 54		20		240		504		202								4.055
60 - 64		39		340		594		392								1,365
Avg. Benefit	\$	56,611	\$	60,555	\$	59,730	\$	48,871							\$	56,728
65 - 69		15		119		277		576		453		2		2		1,444
Avg. Benefit	\$	42,829	\$	49,357	\$	54,506	\$	54,495	\$	50,526	\$	54,583	\$	65,939	\$	52,724
70 - 74				17		107		188		771		202		2		1,287
Avg. Benefit			\$	37,652	\$		\$		\$	55,442	\$		\$	65,939	\$	-
75 - 79				2		14		39		314		428		41		838
Avg. Benefit			\$	2,622	\$		\$		۲	55,294	\$		\$	48,955	\$	57,030
Avg. Benefit			Ş	2,022	Þ	26,491	Ş	33,343	Ş	55,294	Ş	02,488	Þ	48,955	Þ	57,030
80 - 84						4		5		133		231		169		542
Avg. Benefit					\$	33,835	\$	54,280	\$	53,465	\$	62,203	\$	54,181	\$	57,275
85 - 89						3				37		98		180		318
Avg. Benefit					\$	31,669			\$	55,958	\$	57,916	\$		\$	56,347
G. = 33					7	, <b>-</b>			τ'	/ 0	7	<b>,</b>	т	<b>,</b>	т	>- <b>,</b>
90+						2				20		39		103		164
Avg. Benefit					\$	26,890			\$	63,976	\$	55,027	\$	57,182	\$	57,129
				4 400		4		4		4 ====		4				
Total	,	296	,	1,422	,	1,390	,	1,201		1,728	,	1,000	,	497	,	7,534
Avg. Benefit	\$	58,739	\$	55,515	\$	54,658	\$	51,066	\$	54,084	\$	59,056	\$	55,119	\$	54,890

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.



#### **Distribution of Survivors**

Years Since Death as of June 30, 2018

Age		<1		1-4		5-9		10 - 14		15 - 19	, _ ;	20 - 24	25+	Total
<45	¢	8	¢	36	<u> </u>	59	¢	25	ć	3	ć	1		132
Avg. Benefit	\$	15,332	\$	17,023	\$	15,651	\$	14,124	\$	25,945	\$	6,359		\$ 15,880
45 - 49		2		5		6		8				2		23
Avg. Benefit	\$	38,147	\$	36,926	\$	26,162	\$	37,709			\$	31,812		\$ 34,052
50 - 54		2		7		7		6		4		1	2	29
Avg. Benefit	\$	30,108	\$	44,350	\$	33,879	\$	39,313	\$	41,572	\$	48,105	\$ 25,148	\$ 38,220
55 - 59		3		12		19		14		2		4	5	59
Avg. Benefit	\$	38,791	\$	36,785	\$	43,421	\$	33,882	\$	20,646	\$	44,871	\$ 37,704	\$ 38,414
60 - 64		9		28		25		24		13		10	6	115
Avg. Benefit	\$	31,863	\$	31,758	\$	31,824	\$	32,629	\$	33,191	\$	43,892	\$ 40,292	\$ 33,625
65 - 69		17		49		39		26		20		7	22	180
Avg. Benefit	\$	31,709	\$	32,178	\$	35,037	\$	33,007	\$	32,815	\$	52,231	\$ 36,628	\$ 34,267
70 - 74		13		57		53		47		50		25	26	271
Avg. Benefit	\$	32,233	\$	32,498	\$	35,782	\$	31,075	\$	34,500	\$	39,667	\$ 31,741	\$ 33,839
75 - 79		13		63		49		32		54		24	27	262
Avg. Benefit	\$	30,815	\$	34,876	\$	31,225	\$	31,596	\$	36,993	\$	31,977	\$ 35,745	\$ 33,851
80 - 84		25		53		60		36		44		29	28	275
Avg. Benefit	\$	34,181	\$	33,430	\$	32,047	\$	34,449	\$	33,347	\$	31,500	\$ 32,638	\$ 33,033
85 - 89		13		37		49		41		62		43	33	278
Avg. Benefit	\$	41,535	\$	33,935	\$	30,133	\$	33,352	\$	30,518	\$	31,849	\$ 29,942	\$ 31,975
90+		7		21		32		35		55		51	50	251
Avg. Benefit	\$	34,864	\$	30,502	\$	33,690	\$	25,196	\$	34,410	\$	27,232	\$ 27,581	\$ 29,900
Total		112		368		398		294		307		197	199	1 075
Avg. Benefit	\$		\$		\$		\$	30,501	\$		\$		\$ 31,949	\$ 1,875 31,897

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.



### **Distribution of Disability Retirements**

Years Disabled\* as of June 30, 2018

Age         <1	Total 12 \$ 37,76	
Avg. Benefit       \$ 43,327       \$ 39,008       \$ 33,641       \$ 31,573       \$ 28,208         45 - 49       16       61       21       20       3       1		
45 - 49 16 61 21 20 3 1		26 63
		22
Aug Damafit C 43 E47 C 4E4CO C 30 CO7 C 33 4EC C 33 447 C 34 7E4		
Avg. Benefit \$ 42,547 \$ 45,168 \$ 38,687 \$ 33,456 \$ 22,447 \$ 34,751	\$ 41,14	45
50 - 54 6 58 45 30 14 7	1 <b>16</b>	61
Avg. Benefit \$ 54,698 \$ 52,142 \$ 41,424 \$ 40,244 \$ 35,259 \$ 33,634 \$ 41,69	90 <b>\$ 44,68</b>	87
55 - 59 21 54 6 35 39 11 3	1 <b>16</b>	67
Avg. Benefit \$ 54,275 \$ 43,997 \$ 42,382 \$ 41,491 \$ 37,749 \$ 40,507 \$ 27,36	67 <b>\$ 42,9</b> 1	18
60 - 64 6 28 16 68 58 15	19	91
Avg. Benefit \$ 46,545 \$ 50,966 \$ 40,432 \$ 48,656 \$ 41,636 \$ 45,055	\$ 45,82	25
65 - 69 5 10 6 79 107 29	23	36
Avg. Benefit \$ 34,831 \$ 41,195 \$ 42,935 \$ 48,941 \$ 51,363 \$ 48,665	\$ 49,22	25
70 - 74 6 4 21 115 59 5	5 <b>2</b> 1	10
Avg. Benefit \$ 57,567 \$ 57,637 \$ 46,930 \$ 52,819 \$ 56,705 \$ 49,35	59 <b>\$ 53,46</b>	67
75+ 2 4 25 62 4	41 <b>1</b> 3	34
Avg. Benefit \$ 51,078 \$ 63,238 \$ 46,556 \$ 56,228 \$ 51,08	84 <b>\$ 52,9</b> 8	82
Total 68 293 126 266 362 184 4	48 1.34	47
Avg. Benefit \$ 47,187 \$ 45,407 \$ 40,021 \$ 45,211 \$ 47,542 \$ 52,362 \$ 50,22	- ,-	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on effective date as provided by PERA; "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.



### **Reconciliation of Members**

		Termi	nated		Recipients		
		Deferred	Other Non-	Service	Disability		
	Actives	Retirement	Vested	Retirement	Retirement	Survivor	Total
Members on 7/1/2017	11,522	1,506	1,134	7,408	1,310	1,861	24,741
New members	641						641
Return to active	57	(22)	(35)	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	(93)	0	93	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(206)	(71)	0	277	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(163)	163	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	(31)	(19)	(27)	0	0	0	(77)
Deaths	(7)	(3)	(2)	(155)	(21)	(93)	(281)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	114	114
Disabled	(48)	0	0	0	48	0	0
Data adjustments	1	26	25	4	10	(7)	59
Net change	151	74	54	126	37	14	456
Members on 6/30/2018	11,673	1,580	1,188	7,534	1,347	1,875	25,197

	Deferred	Other Non-	
Terminated Member Statistics	Retirement	Vested	Total
Number	1,580	1,188	2,768
Average age	45.0	44.6	44.8
Average service	7.2	0.8	4.4
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to December 31,			
2018 and 33% Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load	\$20,137	N/A	\$20,137
Average refund value, with 33% CSA load			
(2% CSA load for Non-Vested)	\$40,779	\$2,722	\$24,446



#### **Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (Dollars in Thousands)**

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. A Projected Benefit Funding Ratio less than 100% indicates that contributions are insufficient. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current Fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 30.51% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

				Ju	ne 30, 2018
A. Actuarial Value of Assets				\$	8,320,094
B. Expected Future Assets					
Present value of expected future statutory supplemental or	ontribution	s*		\$	1,626,583
Present value of future normal cost contributions				\$	1,896,341
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)				\$	3,522,924
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets (A.+B.3)				\$	11,843,018
D. Current Benefit Obligations**					
1. Benefit recipients	No	n-Vested	Vested		Total
a. Service retirements	\$	-	\$ 4,533,465	\$	4,533,465
b. Disability retirements	\$	-	\$ 765,374	\$	765,374
c. Survivors	\$	-	\$ 481,751	\$	481,751
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	\$	-	\$ 239,465	\$	239,465
3. Former members without vested rights	\$	1,622	\$ -	\$	1,622
4. Active members	\$	139,358	\$ 3,103,550	\$	3,242,908
5. Total current benefit obligations	\$	140,980	\$ 9,123,605	\$	9,264,585
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations				\$	2,184,560
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations***				\$	11,449,145
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)				\$	944,491
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)				\$	(393,873)
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)					89.81%
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)					103.44%

- \* Per the LCPR Standards for Actuarial Work, calculated assuming the current contribution toward the unfunded liability continues for the entire amortization period.
- \*\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).
- \*\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).



# Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (Dollars in Thousands)

			Val	Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs		Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Demonto		51 mai 65565		
1. Active members						
a. Retirement annuities	\$	4,623,218	\$	1,372,609	\$	3,250,609
b. Disability benefits	\$	516,924	\$	310,798	\$	206,126
c. Survivor's benefits	\$	100,051	\$	58,608	\$	41,443
d. Deferred retirements	\$	180,744	\$	143,265	\$	37,479
e. Refunds*		6,531	\$	11,061	\$	(4,530)
f. Total	<u>\$</u> \$	5,427,468	\$	1,896,341	\$	3,531,127
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	\$	239,465	\$	-	\$	239,465
3. Former members without vested rights	\$	1,622	\$	-	\$	1,622
4. Annuitants	<u>\$</u>	5,780,590	\$	<u> </u>	\$	5,780,590
5. Total	\$	11,449,145	\$	1,896,341	\$	9,552,804
3. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilit	y (UAAL	)				
1. Actuarial accrued liability	, ,	,			\$	9,552,804
2. Current assets (AVA)					\$	8,320,094
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability					\$	1,232,710
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**						
Present value of future payrolls through the						
amortization date of June 30, 2048					\$	17,085,951
2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.) / (C.1.)						7.21% *

Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.



<sup>\*\*</sup> The amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The amortization factor as of July 1, 2018 is 17.077856.

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)

Year Ending June 30, 2018 **Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Actuarial** Accrued Liability Liability **Current Assets** \$ \$ \$ A. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year 9,199,208 1,358,659 7,840,549 B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding 1. Normal cost, including expenses \$ 205,218 \$ \$ 205,218 2. Benefit payments \$ \$ \$ (530,370)(530,370)\$ \$ \$ 3. Contributions 285,260 (285, 260)4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.3. \$ 722,931 \$ 617,440 \$ 105,491 \$ 5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.) 397,779 372,330 \$ 25,449 C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.5.)\$ 1,384,108 D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected 1. Age and service retirements (1,089)\$ 2. Disability retirements (1,253)\$ 3. Death-in-service benefits (978)\$ 4. Withdrawals (317)\$ 5. Salary increases (3,344)\$ 6. Investment income (107, 215)\$ 7. Mortality of annuitants 9,281 8. Other items \$ 11,092 9. Total \$ (93,823)E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.) \$ 1,290,285 F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions \$ (514,295)G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions \$ 456,720 H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in methodology \$ I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)\* \$ 1,232,710



<sup>\*</sup> The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$1,065,897.

### **Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency)** (Dollars in Thousands)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses. The dollar amounts shown are for illustration purposes and equal percent of pay multiplied by projected annual payroll.

	Percent of Payroll	Dollar Amount
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 353		
1. Employee contributions	11.05%	\$ 110,552
2. Employer contributions	16.58%	\$ 165,829
3. Minneapolis Police contributions***	0.99%	\$ 9,892
<ol> <li>Minneapolis Fire contributions***</li> </ol>	0.54%	\$ 5,416
5. Virginia Fire contributions	0.00%	\$ 30
6. State contributions****	1.35%	\$ 13,500
7. Total	30.51%	\$ 305,219
<ul><li>B. Required contributions - Chapter 356</li><li>1. Normal cost</li></ul>		
a. Retirement benefits	15.17%	\$ 151,771
b. Disability benefits	3.45%	\$ 34,516
c. Survivors	0.67%	\$ 6,703
d. Deferred retirement benefits	1.50%	\$ 15,007
e. Refunds*	0.11%	\$ 1,101
f. Total	20.90%	\$ 209,098
Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded     Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2048	7.21%	\$ 72,134
3. Allowance for expenses	0.09%	\$ 900
4. Total	28.20% **	\$ 282,132
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.7 B.4.)	2.31%	\$ 23,087

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$1,000,474 (determined according to requirements of the LCPR Standards for Actuarial Work).

- \* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.
- \*\* The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 27.23% of payroll.
- \*\*\* Contributions (estimated, assumes recalculation) due July 15, 2019; 2018 contributions are included in assets as receivable contributions.
- \*\*\*\* \$9.0 million contributions paid until both PERA P&F and MSRS State Patrol reach 90% funding (on a Market Value of Assets basis), or July 1, 2048, if earlier. In addition, \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, paid until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.



### Special Groups - Minneapolis Police Relief Association (000s)

The Minneapolis Police Relief Association was consolidated with the P&F Plan on December 30, 2011, per 2011 legislation. The annual employer contribution after consolidation is defined as the amount necessary to amortize on a level dollar basis the estimated unfunded present value of benefits at consolidation by December 31, 2031. Contributions are payable annually on July 15<sup>th</sup>.

The employer contribution made annually on July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning in 2013 and ending in 2015 was \$7,612,423 (previously calculated). Due to the change in P&F's statutory discount rate from 8.5% to 8.0%, the contribution amount was recalculated. The employer contribution to be made annually on July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning in 2016 and ending in 2031 is \$8,890,272 (previously calculated). This contribution may be recalculated to reflect the change in discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%. An estimated amount is shown on page 21.

Group	Number	Annual ber Benefits		Average Age	Present Value of Projected Benefits		
Active Members	0		N/A	N/A	\$	-	
Service Retirements	410	\$	26,014	76.2	\$	243,568	
Disability Retirements	16	\$	911	73.6	\$	9,299	
Survivors	203	\$	7,196	80.4	\$	51,337	
Total	629	\$	34,121	77.5	\$	304,204	



#### Special Groups – Minneapolis Firefighters' Relief Association (000s)

The Minneapolis Firefighters' Relief Association was consolidated with the P&F Plan on December 30, 2011, per 2011 legislation. The annual employer contribution after consolidation is defined as the amount necessary to amortize on a level dollar basis the estimated unfunded present value of benefits at consolidation by December 31, 2031. Contributions are payable annually on July 15th.

The employer contribution made annually on July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning in 2013 and ending in 2015 was \$3,921,787 (previously calculated). Due to the change in P&F's statutory discount rate from 8.5% to 8.0%, the contribution amount was recalculated. The employer contribution to be made annually on July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning in 2016 and ending in 2031 is \$4,757,457 (previously calculated). This contribution may be recalculated to reflect the change in discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%. An estimated amount is shown on page 21.

Group	Number		Annual Benefits	Average Age	 Present Value of Projected Benefits	
Active Members	4		N/A	62.0	\$ 2,659	
Service Retirements	246	\$	16,008	76.4	\$ 144,752	
Disability Retirements	36	\$	2,263	75.1	\$ 21,571	
Survivors	161	\$	5,785	80.9	\$ 39,895	
Total	447	\$	24,056	77.8	\$ 208,877	



#### Special Groups – Virginia Fire Department Relief Association (000s)

The Virginia Fire Department Relief Association was consolidated with the P&F Plan on June 29, 2012. The annual employer contribution after consolidation is defined as the amount necessary to amortize on a level dollar basis the estimated unfunded present value of benefits at consolidation by December 31, 2020.

The employer contribution to be made annually beginning in 2012 and ending in 2014 was \$25,431 (previously calculated). Due to the change in P&F's statutory discount rate from 8.5% to 8.0%, the contribution amount was recalculated. The employer contribution to be made annually beginning in 2015 and ending in 2020 is \$29,611 (previously calculated). This contribution may be recalculated to reflect the change in discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%.

		Annual		Average	<b>Present Value of</b>		
Group	Number	Benefits*		Age	Projected Benefits		
Service Retirements	5	\$	141	84.7	\$	882	
Survivors	3	\$	46	89.2	\$	209	
Total	8	\$	187	86.4	\$	1,091	

<sup>\*</sup> Benefit amounts were provided by PERA for all members. Surviving spouses will receive a benefit equal to 50% of the annuitant benefit amount.



#### Special Groups – Fairmont Police Department Relief Association (000s)

The Fairmont Police Department Relief Association was consolidated with the P&F Plan on June 29, 2012. The assets exceeded the present value of future benefits at consolidation by \$462,639 (previously calculated). PERA credited these assets to an interest bearing suspense account within the P&F Fund and the account will be used to offset any increase in liability for this group of members due to any changes in P&F's statutory discount rate until June 30, 2015. It is our understanding that this account has been paid to the City of Fairmont.

		A	Annual	Average	Pres	ent Value of
Group	Number	Benefits*		Age	Projected Benefits	
Service Retirements	7	\$	460	73.9	\$	4,502
Survivors	3	\$	119	80.1	\$	855
Total	10	\$	579	75.8	\$	5,357

<sup>\*</sup> Benefit amounts were provided by PERA for all members. Surviving spouses will receive an annual benefit equal to 35 times the unit value. See Summary of Plan Provisions for a description of unit values.



#### **Actuarial Methods**

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the Board of Trustees. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would produce different results.

#### **Actuarial Cost Method**

An actuarial cost method is a set of techniques used by the actuary to develop contribution levels under a retirement plan. The actuarial cost method used in this valuation for all purposes is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent-of-payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

#### **Funding Objective**

The fundamental financing objective of the Plan is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.



### **Actuarial Methods (Concluded)**

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2048 assuming payroll increases of 3.25% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date may be extended.

As required by the Standards for Actuarial Work, projected payroll is 1) determined by increasing reported payroll for each member by one full year's assumed pay increase according to the actuarial salary scale and 2) multiplied by 0.962 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences.

### **Changes in Methods Since Prior Valuation**

The amortization period was reset to 30 years, ending in 2048.



### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions**

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the Board of Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. Unless noted otherwise, the assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated August 30, 2016. The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity assumptions are based on an analysis completed by the LCPR actuary and documented in a report dated October 2016.

Investment return	7.50% per annum.			
Salary increases	Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to currer fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized for members with less than one year of service earned during the year.			
Inflation	2.50% per year.			
Payroll growth	3.25% per year.			
Mortality rates Healthy pre-retirement	RP-2014 employee generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2017 from a base year of 2006.			
Healthy post-retirement	RP-2014 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2017 from a base year of 2006. Male rates are adjusted by a factor of 0.96.			
Disabled	RP-2014 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2017 from a base year of 2006. Male rates are adjusted by a factor of 0.96.			
Notes	The RP-2014 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 18 to 80 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 120. We have extended the annuitant mortality table as needed for members younger than age 50 who are receiving a benefit by deriving rates based on the employee table and the juvenile table. Similarly, we have extended the employee table as needed for members older than age 80 by deriving rates based on the annuitant table.			
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year. Note that plan changes reflected in this report may ultimately result in behavior changes that are not anticipated in the current retirement rates.			
Withdrawal	Select and Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are:			
	Year         Select Withdrawal Rates           1         3.00%           2         3.00%           3         3.00%			



### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Disability	Age-related	I rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences		
2.5d.S.m.c,	-	d to be duty-related.		
Allowance for combined	Liabilities for former members are increased by 33.0% for vested members and			
service annuity	2.0% for non-vested members to account for the effect of some participants			
,	having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.			
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year			
. tamilotrative experioes	projected payroll.			
Refund of contributions	Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are			
	discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming			
	eligible for a deferred benefit are assumed to take the larger of contributions			
	accumulated with interest or the value of the deferred benefit.			
Commencement of deferred	Members re	eceiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred		
benefits	members) a	are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55.		
Percentage married	85% of male	e and 60% of female active members are assumed to be married.		
<u> </u>	Actual mari	tal status is used for members in payment status.		
Age of spouse	Males are a	ssumed to be two years older than females. For members in		
	payment st	atus, actual spouse date of birth is used, if provided.		
Eligible children	Retiring members are assumed to have no dependent children.			
Form of payment	Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized			
romi oi payment	joint and survivor form of annuity as follows:			
	Males:	10% elect 25% Joint & Survivor option		
		20% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option		
		20% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option		
		35% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option		
	Females:	20% elect 25% Joint & Survivor option		
		20% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option		
		10% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option		
		20% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option		
	Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the			
	Straight Life option.			
	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred			
	members) are assumed to elect a straight life annuity.			
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and			
. , ,	service on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.			
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility. Decrements			
	are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.			
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.			



#### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Pay Increases	Pay increases are assumed to happen at the beginning of the fiscal year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported earnings are pensionable earnings for the year ending on the valuation date.
Unknown data for certain members	To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.
	In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following

assumptions, based on average results for applicable members at the time of the last experience study, were applied:

#### Data for active members:

There were 41 members reported with a salary less than \$100. We used prior year salary (26 members), if available; otherwise high five salary with a 10% load to account for salary increases (15 members). If neither prior year salary nor high five salary was available, we assumed a value of \$35,000. Note former members of Minneapolis Fire are excluded from these salary counts as salary is not used to calculate the benefit.

There were also 133 members reported without a gender. We assumed male gender. There were 9 members reported without a date of birth. We assumed a date of birth of July 1, 1985.

#### Data for terminated members:

We calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary and credited service. If Average Salary was not reported (1 member), we assumed a value of \$24,000. If credited service was not reported (13 members), we used elapsed time from hire date to termination date (6 members); if elapsed time was not available, we assumed nine years of service. If termination date was invalid or not reported (7 members), we assumed the termination date was equal to the hire date plus credited service, otherwise the valuation date. If the reported termination date occurs prior to the reported hire date, the two dates were swapped.

There were 8 members reported without a gender; male was assumed.

There were no members reported without a date of birth.

#### Data for retired members:

There were no members with missing or invalid dates of birth. There were 21 members reported without a gender. We assumed retirees are male and beneficiaries are female.

There were 13 members that were active last year and retirement eligible and none on the retiree data file this year. At the direction of PERA, we included these members in the 2018 valuation as retirees with an estimated life only monthly benefit.



### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Unknown data for certain members (Continued)	Data for retired members (Continued):  Because PERA reclassifies disabled members as retirees once the member reaches Normal Retirement Age, we compare the members that PERA reports as retirees to our disabled group from the last valuation. If a member was disabled in the valuation, we reclassify that member as a disabled retiree in this year's valuation. We reclassified 205 retirees as disabled retirees in this valuation.	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	The assumed investment return was lowered from 8.0% to 7.5%.  The assumed rate of inflation decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%.  The assumed payroll growth rate decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.  Salary increase rates were reduced by 0.25% at each year of service.  The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.	



## **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Percentage of Members Dying Each Year\*

Health	y Post-	Health	ıy Pre-	Disability Mortality			
Retiremen	t Mortality	Retiremen	t Mortality				
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
0.04%	0.02%	0.04%	0.02%	0.04%	0.02%		
0.06	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.06	0.03		
0.09	0.07	0.05	0.02	0.09	0.07		
0.13	0.12	0.06	0.03	0.13	0.12		
0.19	0.17	0.07	0.05	0.19	0.17		
0.27	0.22	0.10	0.07	0.27	0.22		
0.39	0.27	0.17	0.11	0.39	0.27		
0.56	0.38	0.28	0.18	0.56	0.38		
0.78	0.58	0.49	0.27	0.78	0.58		
1.12	0.85	0.88	0.39	1.12	0.85		
1.67	1.31	1.43	0.64	1.67	1.31		
2.66	2.16	2.39	1.11	2.66	2.16		
4.49	3.69	4.06	1.95	4.49	3.69		
7.87	6.60	7.99	5.15	7.87	6.60		
13.83	11.75	14.57	11.33	13.83	11.75		
	Retirement Males  0.04%  0.06  0.09  0.13  0.19  0.27  0.39  0.56  0.78  1.12  1.67  2.66  4.49  7.87	0.04%       0.02%         0.06       0.03         0.09       0.07         0.13       0.12         0.19       0.17         0.27       0.22         0.39       0.27         0.56       0.38         0.78       0.58         1.12       0.85         1.67       1.31         2.66       2.16         4.49       3.69         7.87       6.60	Retirement Mortality         Retirement           Males         Females         Males           0.04%         0.02%         0.04%           0.06         0.03         0.05           0.09         0.07         0.05           0.13         0.12         0.06           0.19         0.17         0.07           0.27         0.22         0.10           0.39         0.27         0.17           0.56         0.38         0.28           0.78         0.58         0.49           1.12         0.85         0.88           1.67         1.31         1.43           2.66         2.16         2.39           4.49         3.69         4.06           7.87         6.60         7.99	Retirement Mortality           Males         Females         Males         Females           0.04%         0.02%         0.04%         0.02%           0.06         0.03         0.05         0.02           0.09         0.07         0.05         0.02           0.13         0.12         0.06         0.03           0.19         0.17         0.07         0.05           0.27         0.22         0.10         0.07           0.39         0.27         0.17         0.11           0.56         0.38         0.28         0.18           0.78         0.58         0.49         0.27           1.12         0.85         0.88         0.39           1.67         1.31         1.43         0.64           2.66         2.16         2.39         1.11           4.49         3.69         4.06         1.95           7.87         6.60         7.99         5.15	Retirement Mortality         Retirement Mortality         Mortality           Males         Females         Males         Females           0.04%         0.02%         0.04%         0.02%         0.04%           0.06         0.03         0.05         0.02         0.06           0.09         0.07         0.05         0.02         0.09           0.13         0.12         0.06         0.03         0.13           0.19         0.17         0.07         0.05         0.19           0.27         0.22         0.10         0.07         0.27           0.39         0.27         0.17         0.11         0.39           0.56         0.38         0.28         0.18         0.56           0.78         0.58         0.49         0.27         0.78           1.12         0.85         0.88         0.39         1.12           1.67         1.31         1.43         0.64         1.67           2.66         2.16         2.39         1.11         2.66           4.49         3.69         4.06         1.95         4.49           7.87         6.60         7.99         5.15         7.87 </td		

<sup>\*</sup> Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. These standard mortality rates have been adjusted slightly to prevent decreasing mortality rates. If the rates were not adjusted as described, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

	Withdra	wal Rates	Rates of D	Disability
	After Th	nird Year	Retire	ment
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females
20	3.00%	3.00%	0.11%	0.11%
25	2.60	2.60	0.13	0.13
30	2.10	2.10	0.16	0.16
35	1.60	1.60	0.19	0.19
40	1.25	1.25	0.29	0.29
45	1.25	1.25	0.54	0.54
50	0.00	0.00	1.04	1.04
55	0.00	0.00	2.03	2.03
60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



# **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)**

	Rates of Service	Sala	ary Scale
Age	Retirement	Year	Increase
50	10.00%	1	12.25%
51	7.00	2	10.50%
52	7.00	3	8.75%
53	10.00	4	7.75%
54	10.00	5	6.25%
55	25.00	6	5.75%
56	22.50	7	5.25%
57	22.50	8	5.00%
58	22.50	9	4.75%
59	20.00	10	4.50%
60	22.50	11	4.25%
61	25.00	12	4.15%
62	30.00	13	4.05%
63	30.00	14	3.95%
64	30.00	15	3.85%
65	50.00	16	3.75%
66	50.00	17	3.75%
67	50.00	18	3.75%
68	50.00	19	3.75%
69	50.00	20	3.75%
70+	100.00	21	3.65%
		22	3.55%
		23	3.45%
		24	3.35%
		25+	3.25%



### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police & Fire Plan

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. PERA is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30.								
Eligibility	All full-time and certain part-time police officers and fire fighters, and certain paramedics, who are not contributing to any other local retirement fund.								
Contributions	Effective as of Member Employer Total								
	Prior to January 1, 2019 10.80% 16.20% 27.00%								
	January 1, 2019 11.30% 16.95% 28.25%								
	January 1, 2020 and later 11.80% 17.70% 29.50%								
	Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).								
State contributions	\$9 million paid annually on October 1 until both PERA P&F and MSRS State Patrol become 90% funded (on a Market Value of Assets basis), or July 1, 2048, if earlier.								
	In addition, \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafte until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.								
Allowable service	Police and Fire service during which member contributions were made. May also include certain leaves of absence and military service.								
Salary	Includes amounts deducted for deferred compensation or supplemental retirement plans, net income from fees and sick leave payments funded by the employer. Excludes unused annual leaves and sick leave payments, severance payments, Workers' Compensation benefits and employer-paid flexible spending accounts, cafeteria plans, healthcare expense accounts, day-care expenses, fringe benefits and the cost of insurance coverage.								
Average salary	Average of the five highest successive years of salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years.								



# **Summary of Plan Provisions – Police & Fire Plan (Continued)**

Vesting			Vesting Percent if First Hir	ed
	Years of Service	Before 7/1/2010	After 6/30/2010 & before 7/1/2014	After 6/30/2014
	<3	0%	0%	0%
	3 – 4	100	0	0
	5	100	50	0
	6	100	60	0
	7	100	70	0
	8	100	80	0
	9	100	90	0
	10	100	100	50
	11	100	100	55
	12	100	100	60
	13	100	100	65
	14	100	100	70
	15	100	100	75
	16	100	100	80
	17	100	100	85
	18	100	100	90
	19	100	100	95
	20+	100	100	100



#### Summary of Plan Provisions – Police & Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Retirement

Normal retirement benefit

Age/service requirement Age 55 and at least partially vested. Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available

at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.

**Amount** 3.00% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service (up to 33 years if hired

after June 30, 2014), pro-rata for completed months, adjusted for partial vesting if

applicable. A pro-rata share of member contributions will be refunded at

retirement for excess service.

Early retirement

Age/service requirement Age 50 and at least partially vested.

**Amount** Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at

> retirement date and 0.10% (0.20% for members enrolled in the plan after June 30, 2007) reduction for each month the member is under age 55. If the effective date of retirement is after June 30, 2019, the reduction is 5/12% for each month that the member is under age 55 at the time of retirement. The change in early retirement factors will be phased in over a five-year period for retirements

occurring between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2019.

Form of payment Life annuity with return on death of any balance of contributions over aggregate

monthly payments. Actuarially equivalent options are:

25%, 50%, 75% or 100% Joint and Survivor with bounce back feature. The Joint and Survivor options are determined on an actuarially equivalent basis, but with

no actuarial reduction for the bounce back feature.

Benefit Increases Benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.00% post-retirement benefit

increase.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. For retirements after May 31, 2014, the first increase will be delayed

two years.

Members retired under laws in effect before July 1, 1973 receive an additional lump sum payment each year. In 1989, this lump sum payment is the greater of \$25 times each full year of Allowable Service or the difference between \$400 times each full year of Allowable Service and the sum of benefits paid from any Minnesota public pension plan plus cash payments from the Social Security Administration for the preceding fiscal year July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989. In each following year, the lump sum payment will increase by the same percentage increase that is applied to regular annuities paid from the Fund. Effective January 1, 2002, annual lump sum payment is divided by 12 and paid as

a monthly life annuity in the annuity form elected.



#### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police & Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Disability

Duty disability benefit

Age/service requirement Physically or mentally unable to perform normal duties as a police officer or fire

fighter as a direct result of an act of duty specific to protecting property and personal safety of others. Members age 55 or older with 20 or more years of

Allowable Service are not eligible to apply for duty disability benefits.

Amount 60.0%, plus an additional 3.00% for each year of service in excess of 20 years, of

Average Salary paid until Normal Retirement Age, or for 60 months, whichever is later. The retirement benefit is then recalculated but is never lower than the

disability benefit.

If a member became disabled prior to July 1, 1997 but did not commence their benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit is calculated under the laws in effect before

July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in post-

retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Regular disability benefit

**Amount** 

Age/service requirement Physically or mentally unable to perform normal duties as a police officer or fire

fighter with one year of Allowable Service. Members age 55 or older with 15 or more

years of Allowable Service are not eligible to apply for regular disability benefits.

45.00% of Average Salary, paid until Normal Retirement Age, or for 60 months,

whichever is later. The retirement benefit is then recalculated but is never lower than the disability benefit. Benefits for total and permanent regular disability are calculated as 3.00% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service, with a

minimum of 45.00% of Average Salary.

If a member became disabled prior to July 1, 1997 but did not commence his or her benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in post-

retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

Retirement benefit

Age/service requirement Upon cessation of disability benefits.

Amount Any optional annuity continues. Otherwise, the larger of the disability benefit paid

before age 55 or the normal retirement benefit available at age 55, or an actuarially

equivalent optional annuity.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.



#### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police & Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Death

Surviving spouse benefit

Age/service Death of active member or regular disabled member with surviving spouse requirement whose disability benefit accrued before July 1, 2007, who is vested at death

(service requirement is waived if death occurs in the line of duty).

Amount 50.00% of salary (60.00% if death occurs in the line of duty after June 30, 2007)

averaged over last six months. Benefit paid until spouse's death but no

payments while spouse is remarried prior to July 1, 1991.

If a member becomes deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefits before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement

interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/service Non-duty related death of active member or regular disabled member with

requirement eligible dependent child.

Amount 10.00% of salary averaged over last six months for each child. Family benefit

minimum (including spouse's benefit) of 50.00% of salary and maximum of 70.00% of salary. Benefits paid until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age

23 if full-time student).

Duty disability surviving spouse benefit

requirement

Age/service Member who is totally and permanently disabled who dies before age 55 or

within five years of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is

later.

Amount 60.00% of salary averaged over last six months. Benefits paid until spouse's

death but no payments while spouse is remarried prior to July 1, 1991.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.



#### Summary of Plan Provisions – Police & Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Death (Concluded)

Duty disability surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/service Death of a member with an eligible dependent child who was disabled in the

requirement line of duty and died as a direct result of the disability.

Amount 10.00% of salary averaged over last six months for each child. Family benefit

minimum (including spouse's benefit) of 60.00% of salary and maximum of 80.00% of salary. Benefits paid until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age

23 if full-time student).

If a member became deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefits before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest

rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Surviving spouse optional annuity

Age/service Active member dies before age 55. Benefits commence when member would requirement

have been age 55 or as early as age 50 if qualified for early retirement, benefits

commence immediately if member had 30 years of service.

**Amount** Survivor's payment of the 100% joint and survivor benefit the member could

> have elected if terminated. Alternatively, spouse may elect refund of deceased's contributions with interest if there are no dependent children.

If a member became deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefits before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest

rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.



#### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police & Fire Plan (Continued)

#### **Termination**

#### Refund of contributions

Age/service requirement

Termination of public service.

Amount

Member's contributions with 6.00% interest through June 30, 2011, compounded daily. Beginning July 1, 2011, a member's contributions increase at 4.00% interest compounded daily. Beginning July 1, 2018, a member's contributions increase at 3.00% interest compounded daily. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement

Partially or fully vested.

**Amount** 

Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following percentage (augmentation) compounded annually for terminations prior to 2012:

- (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1971;
- (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981;
- (c.) 3.00% (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) thereafter until the earlier of January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 and January 1, 2012;
- (d.) 5.00% (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) thereafter until the earlier of the date the annuity begins and January 1, 2012;
- (e.) 1.00% from January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018; and
- (f.) 0.00% from January 1, 2019, thereafter.

Members who terminate after 2011 will receive no future augmentation.

If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997 and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Form of payment

Same as for retirement.

#### **Actuarial equivalent factors**

Effective July 1, 2019, actuarially equivalent factors based on the RP-2014 mortality table for healthy annuitants for a member turning age 55 in 2021, reflecting projected mortality improvements using Scale MP-2017, male rates multiplied by 0.96, blended 90% males, and 6.50% interest.



#### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police & Fire Plan (Concluded)

#### **Combined service annuity**

Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:

- (a.) Meet minimum retirement age for each plan participated in and total public service meets the vesting requirements of each plan; or
- (b.) Have three or more years of service under PERA and the covered fund(s) (if hired prior to July 1, 2010).

Other requirements for combined service include:

- (a.) Member must have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and
- (b.) Member may not be in receipt of a benefit from another plan.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefits based on the following:

- (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans is combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
- (b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

#### Changes in plan provisions

Post-retirement benefit increases were changed to 1.0% for all years, with no trigger.

An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.

New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.

Member contributions were changed from 10.8% to 11.3% of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.8% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.

Employer contributions were changed from 16.20% to 16.95% of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.

Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.0% to 3.0%, beginning July 1, 2018.

Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.

Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.



### **Summary of Plan Provisions – Minneapolis Police Relief Association**

Normal retirement benefit	efit Monthly benefits are equal to the number of units multiplied by the unit valuescribed herein. Units are based on service, as follows:								
	<u>Service</u>	<u>Units</u>							
	20	35.0 units							
	21	36.6 units							
	22	38.2 units							
	23	39.8 units							
	24	41.4 units							
	25 or more	43.0 units							
	Members must be at least age 50 with 5 years of service to receive this benefit.								
Unit values									
	<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Unit Value</u>							
	2012	\$ 104.651							
	2013	109.011							
	2014	114.825							
	2015	124.031							
	Unit values after 2015 are assumed to in post-retirement benefit increase.	crease the same percentage as the							
Surviving spouse's benefit	Annual benefit based on 23 units for the	surviving spouse of an active or retired							
our arrang operate a merrent	member. Upon retirement, members ma	y choose an alternative form of							
	payment that provides 50%, 75%, or 100	% of their benefit to their spouse after							
	their death. The units are adjusted if one	of these alternate forms is selected.							
Surviving children's benefit	Annual benefit based on 8 units for each	surviving child of an active or retired							
<b>3</b>	member. Benefits continue to age 18 or	if the child is a full-time student, to age							
	22. The total benefit for surviving children	·							
	units.	·							
Contributions	Member and employer contributions equ	ual to 8.00% of the monthly unit value							

multiplied by 80 are required for each member. After 25 years of service, member contributions are paid to a separate health insurance account. Benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.00% post-retirement benefit



**Benefit increases** 

increase.

### **Summary of Plan Provisions – Minneapolis Firefighters' Relief Association (Concluded)**

Normal	retirement benefit	М
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Monthly benefits are equal to the number of units multiplied by the unit values described herein. Units are based on service, as follows:

<u>Service</u>	<u>Units</u>
15	25.0 units
16	26.6 units
17	28.2 units
18	29.8 units
19	31.4 units
20	35.0 units
21	36.6 units
22	38.2 units
23	39.8 units
24	41.4 units
25 or more	43.0 units

Members must be at least age 50 with 5 years of service to receive this benefit.

Members may choose among alternative survivor payment forms which modify the number of units payable to the member and their spouse. A member who is single at the time of retirement and who has at least 25 years of service may choose to receive 43.3 units on the condition of a reduced survivor payment to any future spouse.

Unit values	<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Unit Value</u>
	2013	100.775
	2014	104.264
	2015	124.031
	Unit values after 2015 are assumed to i post-retirement benefit increase.	
Disability benefit	Annual benefit based on 41 units for the	disabled member.
Surviving spouse's benefit	Annual benefit based on 23 units for the member and 22 units for the surviving spretirement, members may choose an alt 50%, 75% or 100% of their benefit to the adjusted if one of these alternate forms	pouse of a disabled member. Upon ernative form of payment that provides eir spouse after their death. The units are
Surviving children's benefit	Annual benefit based on 8 units for each member. Benefits continue to age 18 or 22. The total benefit for surviving childre units.	if the child is a full-time student, to age
Contributions	Member and employer contributions eq multiplied by 80 are required for each m member contributions are paid to a sepa	ember. After 25 years of service,
Benefit increases	Benefit recipients receive a future annua increase.	al 1.00% post-retirement benefit



## **Additional Schedules**

# Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

										UAAL as a
						Unfunded		Act	tual Covered	Percentage
Actuarial	1	Actuarial	Act	ctuarial Accrued (Overfunded)		Funded	Payroll		of Covered	
Valuation	Val	ue of Assets	Li	ability (AAL)		AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	(Previous FY)		Payroll
Date		(a)		(b)		(b) - (a)	(a)/(b)		(c)	[(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1996	\$	1,633,010	\$	1,334,202	\$	(298,808)	122.40 %	\$	316,189	(94.50) %
7-1-1997	\$	1,974,635	\$	1,556,483	\$	(418,152)	126.87	\$	346,319	(120.74)
7-1-1998	\$	2,337,313	\$	1,741,344	\$	(595,969)	134.22	\$	375,131	(158.87)
7-1-1999	\$	3,679,551	\$	3,004,637	\$	(674,914)	122.46	\$	352,066	(191.70)
7-1-2000	\$	4,145,351	\$	3,383,187	\$	(762,164)	122.53	\$	392,796	(194.04)
7-1-2001	\$	4,472,041	\$	3,712,360	\$	(759,681)	120.46	\$	500,839	(151.68)
7-1-2002	\$	4,672,679	\$	3,886,311	\$	(786,368)	120.23	\$	522,153	(150.60)
7-1-2003	\$	4,683,115	\$	4,390,953	\$	(292,162)	106.65	\$	560,503	(52.12)
7-1-2004	\$	4,746,834	\$	4,692,190	\$	(54,644)	101.16	\$	551,266	(9.91)
7-1-2005	\$	4,814,961	\$	4,956,340	\$	141,379	97.15	\$	580,723	24.35
7-1-2006	\$	5,017,951	\$	5,260,564	\$	242,613	95.39	\$	618,435	39.23
7-1-2007	\$	5,198,922	\$	5,669,347	\$	470,425	91.70	\$	648,342	72.56
7-1-2008	\$	5,233,015	\$	5,918,061	\$	685,046	88.42	\$	703,701	97.35
7-1-2009	\$	5,239,855	\$	6,296,274	\$	1,056,419	83.22	\$	733,164	144.09
7-1-2010	\$	5,188,339	\$	5,963,672	\$	775,333	87.00	\$	740,101	104.76
7-1-2011	\$	5,274,602	\$	6,363,546	\$	1,088,944	82.89	\$	775,806	140.36
7-1-2012	\$	5,797,868	\$	7,403,295	\$	1,605,427	78.31	\$	794,417 <sup>2</sup>	202.09
7-1-2013	\$	5,932,945	\$	7,304,032	\$	1,371,087	81.23	\$	796,188 <sup>2</sup>	172.21
7-1-2014	\$	6,525,019	\$	8,151,328	\$	1,626,309	80.05	\$	820,333 <sup>3</sup>	198.25
7-1-2015	\$	7,076,271	\$	8,460,477	\$	1,384,206	83.64	\$	845,076 <sup>4</sup>	163.80
7-1-2016	\$	7,385,777	\$	8,417,621	\$	1,031,844	87.74	\$	881,222 <sup>5</sup>	117.09
7-1-2017	\$	7,840,549	\$	9,199,208	\$	1,358,659	85.23	\$	944,296 <sup>5</sup>	143.88
7-1-2018	\$	8,320,094	\$	9,552,804	\$	1,232,710	87.10	\$	976,657 <sup>5</sup>	126.22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.60%.

Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.90%.

Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.50%.

Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.80%.



## **Additional Schedules**

# Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

	Actuarially				Actual					
Plan Year	Required	Act	ual Covered	١	Member	Αı	nnual Required	Actu	ıal Employer	Percentage
Ended	<b>Contribution Rate</b>		Payroll		Contributions		Contributions		ntributions⁵	Contributed
June 30	(a)		(b)		(c)	[(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)		(e)		(e)/(d)
1996	16.49%	\$	316,189	\$	24,065	\$	28,075	\$	36,066	128.46%
1997	15.11	\$	346,319	\$	26,354	\$	25,975	\$	39,508	152.10
1998	15.69	\$	375,131	\$	28,552	\$	30,306	\$	42,786	141.18
1999	12.32	\$	352,066	\$	30,897	\$	12,478	\$	46,280	370.89
2000	12.87	\$	392,796	\$	31,214	\$	19,339	\$	53,178	274.98
2001	12.21	\$	500,839	\$	31,341	\$	29,811	\$	52,960	177.65
2002	12.61	\$	522,153	\$	33,801	\$	32,042	\$	90,664	282.95
2003	15.52	\$	560,503	\$	34,751	\$	35,424	\$	50,917	143.74
2004	19.47	\$	551,266	\$	36,313	\$	71,019	\$	52,770	74.30
2005	21.99	\$	580,723	\$	37,873	\$	89,828	\$	55,802	62.12
2006	24.36	\$	618,435	\$	42,970	\$	107,681	\$	63,603	59.07
2007	25.76	\$	648,342	\$	50,688	\$	116,325	\$	74,707	64.22
2008	28.82	\$	703,701	\$	58,259	\$	144,548	\$	87,023	60.20
2009	28.41	\$	733,164	\$	67,701	\$	140,591	\$	101,548	72.23
2010	29.99	\$	740,101	\$	71,736	\$	150,220	\$	107,066	71.27
2011	25.52	\$	775,806	\$	73,702	\$	124,284	\$	109,604	88.19
2012	28.78	\$	794,417 <sup>2</sup>	\$	76,264	\$	152,369	\$	121,891	80.00
2013	33.37	\$	796,188 <sup>2</sup>	\$	76,434	\$	189,254	\$	125,995	66.57
2014	29.89	\$	820,333 <sup>3</sup>	\$	81,213	\$	163,985	\$	141,632	86.37
2015	33.85	\$	845,076 4	\$	88,733	\$	197,325	\$	153,317	77.70
2016	32.29	\$	881,222 <sup>6</sup>	\$	95,172	\$	189,375	\$	165,065	87.16
2017	28.30	\$	944,296 <sup>6</sup>	\$	101,984	\$	165,252	\$	175,329	106.10
2018	30.58	\$	976,657 <sup>6</sup>	\$	105,479	\$	193,183	\$	179,781	93.06
2019	28.20									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.60%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.90%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.50%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.80%

## **Glossary of Terms**

Accrued Benefit Funding

Ratio

The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.

Accrued Liability Funding

Ratio

The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Accrued Liability
(AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

**Actuarial Assumptions** 

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

**Actuarial Cost Method** 

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**Actuarial Equivalent** 

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value (APV)

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

**Actuarial Valuation** 

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB No. 25, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).

**Actuarial Value of Assets** 

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).



## **Glossary of Terms (Continued)**

**Amortization Method** A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level

Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll

of all active members is assumed to increase.

**Amortization Payment** That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay

interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**Amortization Period** The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.

Annual Required
Contribution (ARC)

The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB No. 25. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and

Amortization Payment.

**Augmentation** Annual increases to deferred benefits.

**Closed Amortization Period** A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines

to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the

end of two years, etc.

**Current Benefit Obligations** The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on

current service and including future salary increases to retirement

(comparable to a Projected Unit Credit measurement).

**Employer Normal Cost** The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal

to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

**Expected Assets** The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund

benefits for current members.

Experience Gain/Loss A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected

based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.



# **Glossary of Terms (Concluded)**

**GASB** Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

**GASB No. 25 and**These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or

rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while

Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

**GASB No. 50** The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental

employer's accounting for pensions.

GASB No. 67 and Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the

requirements of Statements No. 25 and No. 27, respectively. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting information prepared according to

Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.

**Normal Cost** The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current

plan year.

**Projected Benefit Funding** 

Ratio

GASB No. 68

The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the

Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits. A Ratio less than 100%

indicates that contributions are insufficient.

**Unfunded Actuarial Accrued** 

Liability

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial

Value of Assets.

Valuation Date The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are

determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted

to this date.

