

MINNESOTA JUDGES RETIREMENT FUND ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2012



100 South Fifth Street Suite 1900 Minneapolis, MN 55402-1267

November 2012

Minnesota State Retirement System Judges Retirement Fund St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2012 annual actuarial valuation of the Judges Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Retirement Fund and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012, and to determine the actuarial information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215 the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described in the primary communication. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

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The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

The undersigned actuaries are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Judges Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,

Brie B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA

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BBM/BJW:sc

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Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

	Actuarial Va	luation as of
Contributions	July 1, 2012	July 1, 2011
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 490* (% of Payroll)	28.02% *	27.98%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	41.52%	33.15%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(13.50%)	(5.17%)

The contribution deficiency increased from (5.17%) of payroll to (13.50%) of payroll. The primary reasons for the increased contribution deficiency are the recognition of investment losses from this year and prior years in the actuarial value of assets and the impact of the assumption changes. See page 3 for additional detail about these changes. A significant contribution deficiency remains. Without further changes or favorable actuarial experience, the funded status will deteriorate in the future and assets will be depleted.

Statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 27 years. Based on the current member and employer contribution rates and other methods and assumptions described in this report, an infinite number of years would be required to eliminate the unfunded liability (the unfunded liability will never be eliminated).

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 2.3% for the plan year ending June 30, 2012. The AVA earned approximately 4.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2012 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.5%. The assumed rate is mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report. The Plan Accounting sections detail the required accounting information for the Plan under GASB No. 25 (as amended by GASB No. 50).

^{*} Statutory contributions reflect the fact that member contributions for Judges at the maximum benefit level are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. If these contributions were not directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan, the statutory contribution rate would be 28.50% instead of 28.02%.

Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

autons are described after the summary.	Actuarial Valuation as of			
	Ju	ıly 1, 2012	Ju	ıly 1, 2011
Contributions (% of Payroll)				
Statutory - Chapter 490*		28.02%		27.98%
Required - Chapter 356		41.52%		33.15%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)		(13.50%)		(5.17%)
Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)				
Assets				
- Current assets (AVA)	\$	144,898	\$	145,996
- Current assets (MVA)		144,086		148,504
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio				
- Current benefit obligations	\$	267,902	\$	240,311
- Funding ratio (AVA)		54.09%		60.75%
- Funding ratio (MVA)		53.78%		61.80%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio				
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$	281,576	\$	248,630
- Funding ratio (AVA)		51.46%		58.72%
- Funding ratio (MVA)		51.17%		59.73%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio				
- Current and expected future assets	\$	249,493	\$	260,738
- Current and expected future benefit obligations		329,128		294,248
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)		75.80%		88.61%
Participant Data				
Active members				
- Number		308		308
- Projected annual earnings (000s)		40,557		41,211
- Average projected annual earnings		131,679		133,802
- Average age		57.4		57.3
- Average service		11.1		11.1
Service retirements		190		176
Survivors		99		96
Disability retirements		25		25
Deferred retirements		17		18
Terminated other non-vested		0		0
Total		639		623

* Statutory contributions reflect the fact that member contributions for Judges at the maximum benefit level are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. If these contributions were not directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan, the statutory contribution rate would be 28.50% instead of 28.02%.

The 2011 valuation was prepared by Mercer. As part of the transition of actuarial work from Mercer to GRS, we replicated the 2011 valuation including a change from beginning of year decrement timing to mid-year decrement timing. The results of this replication are as follows:

	Valuation Results As of July 1, 2011 (000's)		
	Mercer	GRS	Ratio
Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$294,248	\$293,729	99.8%
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$248,630	\$247,029	99.4%
Required Contributions (% of pay)	33.15%	33.00%	99.5%

Differences in valuation results due to differences in actuarial software are not unexpected. The replication results indicate a high degree of consistency.

Effects of Changes

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2012:

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.5% pre-retirement and 6.5% post-retirement to a 5-year select and ultimate approach with rates of 8.0% pre-retirement and 6.0% post-retirement for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017 and 8.5% pre-retirement and 6.5% post-retirement thereafter.
- Healthy pre-retirement mortality was changed from 1983 Group Annuity Mortality set back four years for males and set back two years for females to RP-2000 employee generational mortality, white collar adjustment.
- Healthy post-retirement mortality was changed from RP-2000 Combined Mortality table, projected 8 years, with no collar adjustment to RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.
- Disabled retired mortality was changed to RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females. The previous table was the Combined Annuity Mortality table.
- The salary increase and payroll growth assumptions were changed from 4.00% to 3.00%.
- Retirement and disability rates were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The allowance for Combined Service Annuity on former member liability was changed from 30% to 0%.
- As per MN Statutes 356.215 subdivision 11(c), a new amortization period is determined by amortizing the unfunded liability before the assumption changes over the original amortization period using original assumptions, amortizing the additional unfunded liability over 30 years, and then determining the equivalent amortization period in whole years. This resulted in a new amortization period of 27 years (previously 26 years).

Effects of Changes (Concluded)

The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$25.6 million and increase the required contribution by 6.2% of pay, as follows:

	Before Amortization Period and Assumption Changes	Reflecting Assumption Changes	Reflecting Assumption and Amortization Period Changes
Normal Cost Rate, % of pay	17.5%	18.2%	18.2%
Amortization of UAAL*, % of pay	17.6%	23.6%	23.1%
Expenses (% of pay)	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Total Required Contribution, % of pay	35.3%	42.0%	41.5%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	56.6%	51.5%	51.5%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	84.8%	75.5%	75.8%
UAAL* (in millions)	\$111.1	\$136.7	\$136.7

*Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.

Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A very important assumption affecting the valuation results is the expectation of future post-retirement benefit increases. The plan's accrued liability funding ratio (on a market value of assets basis and assuming 2.0% postretirement benefit increases in all future years) is currently 51.2%. If the plan reaches a funding ratio of 90% (on a market value of assets basis) in the future, post-retirement increases will revert to the 2.5% level.

The liabilities in this report are based on the assumption that the post-retirement benefit increase will remain at the reduced level of 2.0% indefinitely. If we assumed future post-retirement benefit increases of 2.5% instead of 2.0%, the actuarial accrued liability would be \$293 million instead of \$282 million, resulting in a funded ratio of 49.3% (on a market value basis) as of July 1, 2012.

Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- Membership data presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- Actuarial basis describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- Plan accounting under GASB No. 25 (as amended by GASB No. 50) shows the disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 25 as amended by GASB Statement No. 50.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

Plan Assets

Statement of Plan Net Assets as of June 30, 2012 (Dollars in Thousands)

Assets Held in Trust		rket Value
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$	3,587
Fixed income		31,977
Equity		108,703
Other*		13,049
Total cash, investments, and other assets		157,316
Amounts Receivable		10
Total Assets	\$	157,326
Amounts Payable*		(13,240)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	144,086

* Includes \$13,049 in Securities Lending Collateral.

Plan Assets

Reconciliation of Plan Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the Plan's fiscal year July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012.

Change in Assets	Mar	ket Value
1. Fund balance at market value at July 1, 2011	\$	148,504
2. Contributions		
a. Member		2,931
b. Employer		7,922
c. Other sources		0
d. Total contributions	\$	10,853
3. Investment income		
a. Investment income/(loss)		3,537
b. Investment expenses		(196)
c. Net investment income/(loss)		3,341
4. Other		0
5. Total income: $(2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)$	\$	14,194
6. Benefits Paid		,
a. Annuity benefits		(18,539)
b. Refunds		0
c. Total benefits paid		(18,539)
7. Expenses		~ / /
a. Other		(1)
b. Administrative		(72)
c. Total expenses		(73)
8. Total disbursements: $(6.c.) + (7.c.)$		(18,612)
9. Fund balance at market value at July 1, 2012: $(1.) + (5.) + (8.)$	\$	144,086

Plan Assets

Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)

			June	e 30, 2012
1. Market value of assets available for benefits			\$	144,086
2. Determination of average balance				
a. Total assets available at July 1, 2011				148,504
b. Total assets available at June 30, 2012				144,086
c. Net investment income for fiscal year ending	June 30, 2012			3,341
d. Average balance $[a. + b c.]/2$				144,625
3. Expected return* [8.5% * 2.d.]				12,293
4. Actual return				3,341
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) [4 3.]				(8,952)
6. Unrecognized asset returns				
	Original	% Not		
	Amount	Recognized		
a. Year ended June 30, 2012	(8,952)	80%		(7,162)
b. Year ended June 30, 2011	18,186	60%		10,912
c. Year ended June 30, 2010	7,838	40%		3,135

 d. Year ended June 30, 2009
 (38,483)
 20%
 (7,697)

 e. Unrecognized return adjustment
 (812)

 7. Actuarial value at June 30, 2012 (1. - 6.e.)
 \$ 144,898

* The expected return is 8.5% prior to fiscal year 2013; beginning with fiscal year 2013 the expected return is 8.0%.

Distribution of Active Members*

				Years of	of Service a	as of June	30, 2012			
Age	<3**	3 - 4**	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	Total
< 25										
Avg. Earnings										
25 20										
25 - 29										
Avg. Earnings										
30 - 34										
Avg. Earnings										
	_									_
35 - 39	5									5
Avg. Earnings	132,495									132,495
40 - 44	7	3	1							11
Avg. Earnings		127,530	129,124							118,295
45 - 49	11	8	12	2						33
Avg. Earnings	102,363	131,037	130,529	133,338						121,434
50 - 54	11	4	23	14	5					57
Avg. Earnings		129,124		130,328	130,810					129,552
rivg. Lurinings	120,105	129,121	150,192	150,520	150,010					12,002
55 - 59	6	7	13	22	11	4				63
Avg. Earnings	102,161	129,124	129,124	131,612	127,974	131,231				127,358
60 - 64	6	6	14	20	19	14	3	2		84
Avg. Earnings	127,932	129,124	129,477	129,888	126,419	129,372	129,124	129,124		128,709
65 - 69		5	6	9	14	11	6	1		52
Avg. Earnings			131,933	129,841		129,892	131,467	129,124		131,064
		,	,	,	,		,			<i>,</i>
70+				1	1				1	3
Avg. Earnings				103,296	129,124				137,552	123,324
Total	46	33	69	68	50	29	9	3	1	308
Avg. Earnings		33 129,698		08 130,241		29 129,826	9 130,686	,3 129,124	137,552	308 127,844
rivg. Darnings	110,430	147,070	150,140	130,241	140,744	147,040	100,000	147,144	137,332	147,077

* Includes 18 judges who have reached the maximum benefit formula (employee contributions are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan).

** This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

Distribution of Service Retirements

_			Years	Retired a	s of June 3	60, 2012		
Age	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total
<50								
Avg. Benefit								
rig. Denene								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
U								
55 - 59								
Avg. Benefit								
60 - 64	5	4						9
Avg. Benefit	61,278	47,441						55,128
65 - 69	10	24	5					39
Avg. Benefit	59,461	71,780	50,321					65,870
70 - 74	5	21	21	8				55
Avg. Benefit	54,910	65,450	64,036	48,730				61,520
75 - 79		1	11	12	1			25
Avg. Benefit		53,393	61,364	70,138	32,658			64,109
				1.6				
80 - 84				16	14	2		32
Avg. Benefit				54,898	83,163	87,771		69,318
85 - 89				1	12	10	1	24
Avg. Benefit				87,039	75,478		73,322	24 73,486
Avg. Deneni				07,039	13,478	69,757	15,522	73,400
90+						1	5	6
Avg. Benefit						87,204	63,076	67,097
Denem						07,201	00,070	01,071
Total	20	50	37	37	27	13	6	190
Avg. Benefit	58,777	66,807	61,388	59,376	77,877	73,871	64,783	65,452
8		,	,	,• • • •	,		,	,

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

Distribution of Survivors

_			Years Sin	ce Death	as of June	e 30, 2012		
Age	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total
<45								
Avg. Benefit								
Try5. Denom								
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59		2	1	1				4
Avg. Benefit				28,793				
Tryg. Denem		50,141	42,010	20,775				50,775
60 - 64		6	2	1	1		2	12
Avg. Benefit		36,320	40,920	42,452	51,946		56,963	42,340
-								
65 - 69	1	4	2	2		1	1	11
Avg. Benefit	11,011	39,069	52,871	45,257		49,077	84,696	45,210
						_		0
70 - 74		3	2		2	1		8
Avg. Benefit		44,958	23,659		50,758	48,681		41,549
75 - 79	2	4		2			1	9
Avg. Benefit		51,260		54,424			45,996	52,837
TTVB. Denem	01,020	01,200		01,121			10,770	<i>e</i> _ , <i>oe :</i>
80 - 84	2	4	5	1	6	2		20
Avg. Benefit	67,096	47,928	48,726	24,927	44,250	35,563		46,554
85 - 89		1	2	7	5	2	5	22
Avg. Benefit		80,105	46,250	40,573	52,154	57,002	35,466	45,851
90+		2	3	2	3	1	2	13
90+ Avg. Benefit		2 55,966	з 50,606	2 89,060	3 37,071		2 82,276	13 59,975
Avg. Denem		55,900	50,000	09,000	57,071	02,044	02,270	57,715
Total	5	26	17	16	17	7	11	99
Avg. Benefit	52,171	45,159	44,992	47,354	46,526	49,276	53,318	47,272

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

Distribution of Disability Retirements

			Years 1	Disabled a	as of June	30, 2012		
Age	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total
< 45								
Avg. Benefit								
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59			1					1
Avg. Benefit			51,175					51,175
60 - 64			2					2
Avg. Benefit			52,737					52,737
65 - 69		2	4					6
Avg. Benefit		68,049	65,046					66,047
70 - 74		1	2	2				5
Avg. Benefit		61,602	59,958	53,690				57,780
75+				4	2	3	2	11
Avg. Benefit				77,073	107,633	91,077	85,025	87,894
Total		3	9	6	2	3	2	25
Avg. Benefit		65,900	59,639	69,279	107,633	91,077	85,025	72,347

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

Reconciliation of Members

		Term	inate d	Recipients			
		Deferred	Other Non-	Service	Disability		
	Actives*	Retirement	Vested	Retirement	Retirement	Survivor	Total
Members on 7/1/2011	308	18	0	176	25	96	623
Additions	19	0	0	0	0	0	19
Return to active	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(18)	(2)	0	20	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(1)	1	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deaths	0	0	0	(6)	0	(1)	(7)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	4	4
Disabled	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Data correction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net change	0	(1)	0	14	0	3	16
Members on 6/30/2012	308	17	0	190	25	99	639

	Deferred	Other Non-	
Terminated Member Statistics	Retirement	Vested	Total
Number	17	0	17
Average age	57.4	N/A	57.4
Average service	10.3	N/A	10.3
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Norma	1		
Retirement Date	\$ 36,537	N/A	\$ 36,537
Average refund value	\$111,354	N/A	\$111,354

* Includes active Judges who have reached the maximum benefit formula (employee contributions are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan)

Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (Dollars in Thousands)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 28.02% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

	June	30, 2012
A. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	144,898
B. Expected Future Assets		
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions		57,043
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions		47,552
3. Total expected future assets: $(1.) + (2.)$	\$	104,595
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets	\$	249,493

D. Current Benefit Obligations*

1. Benefit recipients	Non-V	Vested	V	ested	Т	otal
a. Service retirements	\$	0	\$	115,505	\$	115,505
b. Disability retirements		0		16,994		16,994
c. Survivors		0		36,763		36,763
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation		0		4,023		4,023
3. Former members without vested rights**		0		0		0
4. Active members		2,516		92,101		94,617
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$	2,516	\$	265,386	\$	267,902
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations					\$	61,226
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations***					\$	329,128
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)					\$	123,004
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)					\$	79,635
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)						54.09%
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: $(C.)/(F.)$						75.80%

* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service)

** Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date

*** Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service)

Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial P Value of Pro Benefi	ojected	 Future	Acc	Actuarial rued Liability_
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)					
1. Active members					
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 14	48,426	\$ 43,319	\$	105,107
b. Disability benefits		3,378	1,981		1,397
c. Survivor's benefits		3,816	2,163		1,653
d. Deferred retirements		0	0		0
e. Refunds*		223	89		134
f. Total	\$ 1:	55,843	\$ 47,552	\$	108,291
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation		4,023	0		4,023
3. Former members without vested rights		0	0		0
4. Benefit recipients	1	<u>69,262</u>	 0		169,262
5. Total	\$ 32	29,128	\$ 47,552	\$	281,576
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)					
1. Actuarial accrued liability				\$	281,576
2. Current assets (AVA)					144,898
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability				\$	136,678
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization					
date of June 30, 2039				\$	589,901
2. Supplemental contribution rate: $(B.3.)/(C.1.)$					23.17% ***

* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

** The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

*** The amortization factor as of July 1, 2012 is 14.5450.

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)

		ear Ending 5/30/2012
A. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year	\$	102,634
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding		
1. Normal cost and expenses	\$	7,175
2. Contributions		(10,853)
3. Interest on A., B.1. and B.2.		8,568
4. Total $(B.1. + B.2. + B.3.)$	\$	4,890
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year $(A. + B.4.)$	\$	107,524
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations	i	
from expected 1. Age and Service Retirements	\$	872
2. Disability Retirements	φ	(46)
3. Death-in-Service Benefits		(135)
4. Withdrawals		(36)
5. Salary increases		(2,837)
6. Investment income		5,495
7. Mortality of annuitants		2,222
8. Other items		(233)
9. Total	\$	5,302
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and		
changes in actuarial assumptions $(C. + D.9.)$	\$	112,826
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions	\$	0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	25,551
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in		
decrement timing and miscellaneous methodology	\$	(1,699)
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year $(E. + F. + G. + H.)^*$	\$	136,678

* The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$137,490.

Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(**Deficiency**) (Dollars in Thousands)

The required contribution is defined in statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	Percent of Payroll)ollar mount
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 490		
1. Employee contributions*	7.52%	\$ 3,050
2. Employer contributions	20.50%	8,314
3. Total	28.02%	\$ 11,364
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	16.55%	\$ 6,713
b. Disability benefits	0.74%	300
c. Survivors	0.85%	345
d. Deferred retirement benefits	0.00%	0
e. Refunds**	0.04%	16
f. Total	18.18%	\$ 7,374
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded		
Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2039	23.17%	\$ 9,397
3. Allowance for expenses	0.17%	\$ 69
4. Total	41.52% ***	\$ 16,840
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3 B.4.)	(13.50%)	\$ (5,476)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$40,557.

* For Judges who have reached the maximum benefit amount, employee contributions equal to 8% of pay are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. The employee contribution amount of \$3,050 shown above is equal to 8% of a payroll amount of \$38,131 which excludes the payroll for Judges at the maximum level.

** Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

*** The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 41.7% of payroll.

Actuarial Methods

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. An actuarial cost method is a set of techniques used by the actuary to develop contribution levels under a retirement plan. The actuarial cost method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology was applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

- 1. The present value of projected benefits was calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
- 2. An equivalent single interest rate that produced approximately the same present value of projected benefits was determined.
- 3. The equivalent single interest rate was used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation was 8.32%.

Funding Objective

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

Decrement Timing

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-year.

Actuarial Methods (Concluded)

Asset Valuation Method

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year;
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

The Minnesota Post Retirement Investment Fund (MPRIF) was dissolved on June 30, 2009. For the purpose of determining the actuarial value of assets, the MPRIF asset loss for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 is recognized incrementally over five years at 20% per year, similar to the smoothing described above. Prior to June 30, 2009, MPRIF asset gains and losses were not smoothed.

Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2039 assuming payroll increases of 3.00% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation

Decrement timing was changed from beginning of year to mid-year.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates:
	July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017
	6.00% per annum post-retirement
	8.00% per annum pre-retirement
	July 1, 2017 and later
	6.50% per annum post-retirement
	8.50% per annum pre-retirement
Benefit increases after retirement	Payment of 2.00% annual benefit increases after retirement are accounted for by using the 6.50% post-retirement assumption (6.00% during 5-year select period), as required by Minnesota Statute. Mathematically, this assumption funds a post-retirement benefit increase of 1.9% instead of 2.0%.
Salary increases	3.00% per year.
Payroll growth	3.00% per year.
Mortality rates	
Healthy Pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table, white collar adjustment.
Healthy Post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.
	The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 95. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.
Disabled	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.
Withdrawal	None.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates.
Allowance for combined	Liabilities for former members are increased by 00.00% to account for the effect
service annuity	of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.
Refund of contributions	Account balances for deferred members accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date.
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 65.
Percentage married	Marital status as indicated by data.
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses.
Form of payment	Members are assumed to elect a life annuity.
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.
Unknown data for certain members	To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.
	There are no members reported with missing gender or birth dates. In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:
	Data for active members:
	There are 18 members who have reached the 24 year service cap; 15 of these were reported as terminated members. These members are reflected as active members in this valuation. We assumed these members earned the greater of the salary reported under the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan or \$129,124 for the July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012 plan year.
	There were no members reported with missing salary or service.
	Data for terminated members:
	There were no members reported without a benefit.
	Data for members receiving benefits:
	There were no members reported without a benefit.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes in actuarial assumptions	The investment return assumption was changed from 8.5% pre-retirement and 6.5% post-retirement to a 5-year select and ultimate approach with rates of 8.0% pre-retirement and 6.0% post-retirement for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017 and 8.5% pre-retirement and 6.5% post-retirement thereafter.
	Healthy pre-retirement mortality was changed from 1983 Group Annuity Mortality set back four years for males and set back two years for females to RP-2000 employee generational mortality, white collar adjustment.
	Healthy post-retirement mortality was changed from RP-2000 Combined Mortality table, projected 8 years, with no collar adjustment to RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.
	Disabled retired mortality was changed to RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females. The previous table was the Combined Annuity Mortality table.
	The salary increase and payroll growth assumptions were changed from 4.00% to 3.00%.
	Retirement and disability rates were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
	The allowance for Combined Service Annuity on former member liability was changed from 30% to 0%.

	Healthy		Disability		
	Pre-Retireme	nt Mortality*	Mortality*		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
20	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	
30	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.02	
35	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	
40	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.06	
45	0.13	0.10	0.12	0.08	
50	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.13	
55	0.27	0.24	0.56	0.29	
60	0.43	0.38	0.61	0.47	
65	0.67	0.59	1.04	0.74	
70	0.98	0.88	1.74	1.24	

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

	Disability Retirement			
Age	Male	Female	Age	Retirement
20	0.00%	0.00%	60	0%
25	0.00	0.00	61	0
30	0.00	0.00	62	8
35	0.01	0.00	63	5
40	0.01	0.01	64	8
45	0.02	0.03	65	25
50	0.07	0.05	66	20
55	0.17	0.12	67	10
60	0.38	0.31	68	30
65	0.00	0.00	69	10
70	0.00	0.00	70	100

Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30.		
Eligibility	A judge or justice of any court. If the member was active prior to January 1, 1974, benefits may be computed according to provisions of the prior plan.		
Contributions			
Member	8.00% of salary. Contributions after maximum benefit is reached are redirected to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan.		
Employer	20.50% of salary.		
	Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).		
Allowable service	Service as a judge. Credit may also be earned for uncredited judicial service if the		
	appropriate employee contributions, with interest, are made.		
Salary	Salary set by law.		
Average salary	Average of the five highest years of salary of the last 10 years prior to termination of judicial service.		
Retirement			
Normal retirement benefit			
Age/Service requirement	(a.) Age 65 and five years of Allowable Service.(b.) Age 70 (mandatory retirement age)		
Amount	2.70% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service prior to July 1, 1980 and 3.20% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service after June 30, 1980.		
	Maximum benefit of 76.80% of Average Salary.		
Early retirement Age/Service requirement	Age 60 and five years of Allowable Service.		
Amount	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date with reduction of 0.50% for each month the member is under age 65 at time of retirement.		
Form of payment	Life annuity. Actuarially equivalent options are:		
	 (a.) 50%,75% or 100% joint and survivor with no bounce back feature (b.) 50%, 75% or 100% bounce back feature (c.) 10 or 15-year certain and life thereafter 		

Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

Retirement (Continued)	
Benefit increases	Benefit recipients receive future annual 2.0% benefit increases. If the accrued liability funding ratio reaches 90% (on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.
Disability	
Disability benefit	Democraticality to perform the function of indee
Age/Service requirement	Permanent inability to perform the function of judge.
Amount	No benefit is paid by the Fund. Instead salary is continued for one year but not beyond age 70. Employee contributions continue and Allowable Service is earned. If disability continues after the first year (or at age 70 if earlier), the larger of 25.00% of Average Salary or the Normal Retirement Benefit, without reduction.
Retirement after disability	
Age/Service requirement	Member is still disabled after salary payments cease after one year or at age 70, if earlier.
Amount	No change in disability benefit amount from pre-retirement computed benefit amount.
Form of payment Benefit increases	Same as for retirement. Same as for retirement.
Death	
Survivor's benefit	
Age/service requirement	Active or disabled member dies before retirement or a former member eligible for a deferred annuity dies.
Amount	Larger of 25% of Average Salary or 60% of Normal Retirement Benefit earned at date of death. If member dies after age 60 with five or more years of service, spouse may receive the 100% joint and survivor benefit the member had earned as of date of death.
	Benefit paid to spouse for life. If no spouse, benefit is paid to surviving dependent children until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age 22 if full-time student).
Benefit increases	Same as for retirement.
Refund of contributions	
Age/service requirement	Member dies prior to retirement or former member eligible for a deferred annuity dies and survivors' benefits are not payable.
Amount	Member contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.

Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

Termination				
Refund of contributions				
Age/Service requirement	Termination of service as a judge.			
Amount	Member contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011, 4.00% thereafter. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.			
Deferred benefit Age/service requirement	Five years of Allowable Service.			
Amount	Benefit computed under law in effect at termination. Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.			
	If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.			
Form of payment	Same as for retirement.			
Optional form conversion factors	Actuarially equivalent factors based on 1983 Group Annuity Mortality, blended 75% male and 25% female, and 6% interest.			
Combined service annuity				
	Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:			
	(a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;(b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and			
	(c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.			
	Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:			
	(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement;			
	(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.			
Changes in plan provisions	None.			

Plan Accounting Under GASB No. 25 (as amended by GASB No. 50)

Provided below is information required under GASB Statement No. 25 as amended by GASB Statement No. 50 - Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans as amended by GASB Statement No. 50.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)]	al Covered Payroll evious FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 33,559	\$ 78,429	\$ 44,870	42.79%	\$	18,410	243.73 %
7-1-1992	37,768	83,969	46,201	44.98		22,765	202.95
7-1-1993	44,156	90,509	46,353	48.79		22,084	209.89
7-1-1994	50,428	98,313	47,885	51.29		22,264	215.08
7-1-1995	56,813	102,238	45,425	55.57		22,877	198.56
7-1-1996	64,851	108,150	43,299	59.96		22,421	193.12
7-1-1997	74,681	117,714	43,033	63.44		22,909	187.84
7-1-1998	86,578	130,727	44,149	66.23		24,965	176.84
7-1-1999	97,692	139,649	41,957	69.96		32,940	127.37
7-1-2000	111,113	153,660	42,547	72.31		26,315	161.68
7-1-2001	123,589	165,244	41,655	74.79		28,246	147.47
7-1-2002	131,379	171,921	40,542	76.42		31,078	130.45
7-1-2003	134,142	176,291	42,149	76.09		33,771	124.81
7-1-2004	138,948	190,338	51,390	73.00		34,683	148.17
7-1-2005	144,465	191,414	46,949	75.47		35,941	130.63
7-1-2006	151,850	202,301	50,451	75.06		36,529	138.11
7-1-2007	153,562	214,297	60,735	71.66		36,195	167.80
7-1-2008	147,542	231,623	84,081	63.70		38,296	219.56
7-1-2009	147,120	241,815	94,695	60.84		39,444	240.07
7-1-2010	144,728	240,579	95,851	60.16		39,291	243.95
7-1-2011	145,996	248,630	102,634	58.72		40,473	253.59
7-1-2012	144,898	281,576	136,678	51.46		38,644 ²	353.69

Schedule of Funding Progress¹ (Dollars in Thousands)

¹ Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

²Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 20.50%.

Plan Accounting Under GASB No. 25 (as amended by GASB No. 50)

Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities¹ (Dollars in Thousands)

The GASB Statement No. 25 required and actual contributions are as follows:

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions ² (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	23.59%	\$ 18,410	\$ 799	\$ 3,544	\$ 0	0.00 %
1992	25.10	22,765	988	4,726	4722	99.92
1993	26.59	22,084	1,409	4,463	4845	108.56
1994	26.29	22,264	1,416	4,437	4912	110.71
1995	28.27	22,877	1,455	5,012	5162	102.99
1996	27.32	22,421	1,426	4,699	4972	105.81
1997	27.01	22,909	1,457	4,731	6632	140.18
1998	27.60	24,965	1,570	5,320	7129	134.00
1999	27.32	32,940	2,069	6,930	7051	101.75
2000	26.75	26,315	2,107	4,932	7298	147.97
2001	24.58	28,246	2,162	4,781	7793	163.00
2002	26.72	31,078	2,345	5,959	8369	140.44
2003	26.82	33,771	2,574	6,483	6923	106.79
2004	26.73	34,683	2,643	6,628	7110	107.27
2005	29.42	35,941	2,662	7,912	7225	91.32
2006	29.14	36,529	2,866	7,779	7336	94.30
2007	30.73	36,195	2,792	8,331	7572	90.88
2008	33.70	38,296	2,861	10,045	7936	79.00
2009	30.33	39,444	2,978	8,985	8219	91.47
2010	31.53	39,291	2,988	9,400	8,283 ³	88.12 ³
2011	31.66	40,473	3,010	9,804	8297	84.63
2012	33.15	38,644 4	2,931	9,879	7,922	80.19
2013	0.42	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail. Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable). Provided by MSRS instead of prior actuary. Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 20.50%. 1 2

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Glossary of Terms

Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
Actuarial Assumptions	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
Actuarial Cost Method	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
Actuarial Equivalent	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
Actuarial Present Value (APV)	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
Actuarial Valuation	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB No. 25, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
Actuarial Value of Assets	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

Glossary of Terms (Continued)

Amortization Method	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
Amortization Payment	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
Amortization Period	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB No. 25. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
Augmentation	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
Closed Amortization Period	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
Current Benefit Obligations	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
Employer Normal Cost	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
Expected Assets	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
Experience Gain/Loss	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

GASB	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
GASB No. 25 and GASB No. 27	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves.
GASB No. 50	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions.
Normal Cost	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
Valuation Date	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.